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MILLIONS IN DEPOSITS ARE FREED

Many Banks Closed During Depression Reopening or Merging With Others

FUNDS THUS TIED UP AGAIN PUT TO WORK

Banking Reorganization Is Expected to Strengthen the Credit Structure

By RICHARD L. STROUT
Staff Correspondent
Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, June 11—Many of the banks which closed their doors in the nadir of the depression in the three critical months of November and December, 1930, and January, 1931, are now reopening them or consolidating with other banks, information available at the Treasury Department shows. Many millions of dollars' worth of deposits tied up by bank failures are either being restored or covered by agreements, under which they remain in the banks for a stated interval pending complete recovery.

The statistics of the Federal Reserve Board show that, contrary to popular belief, the critical period for banks was not at the time of the original stock market crash, but approximately a year later. Bank failures had been proceeding at the rate of about 600 a year, though in 1925 the total reached 956. The figure in 1929 was 642, but in 1930 the total leaped to 1326. Almost half of this total, however, was in the last two months, when 254 and 344 banks, respectively, closed doors. In January of the present year the total was also high, with 203. Since that time, bank failures according to the figures have declined, falling to 78 in February, 68 in March and 63 in April. The figure in May will be published in a few days and is expected to follow the trend.

Under Carter Glass (D), Senator from Virginia, a thorough investigation with special reference to what is considered the disgraceful number of bank failures, and possible remedies through alterations in the Federal Reserve System, is going on, but it has been temporarily dropped in the summer.

Banks Out of Control

Experts have pointed out, however, that in the last 10 years a total of 6868 banks failed, involving deposits of $2,625,627,000, but that a total of 5786 banks, with deposits of $1,742,508,000, were non-members of the Reserve System. Over these the system is practically powerless. Many states where failures have been highest are accused of extreme laxity in banking laws, but over such local banks the Federal Government has no control.

At the present time, as financial authorities here see it, a long period of banking reorganization is taking place in which the coffers of the banking institutions must be replenished. It is frankly hoped that many of the smaller banks which have

(Continued on Page 7, Column 5)

Overseas Projects To Be Helped By British Taxpayers

By Radio from Monitor Bureau

LONDON, June 11—The British Government has decided to expand its endeavors to encourage commercial development in overseas portions of the British Empire. This appears from the official report of the Colonial Development Advisory Committee issued today.

This committee has been the channel through which the British taxpayer has contributed £1,500,000 during the past year toward such useful interempire undertakings as the Cape-to-Cairo air service in Africa and surveys for proposed railways through the Near East, from Haifa in Palestine to Bagdad in Irak, and across South Africa to link the landlocked colony of Rhodesia with Walfisch Bay on the Atlantic seaboard.

Commenting upon the fact that diminished reserves and exhausted surpluses are forcing colonial governments to defer useful schemes of development which they would normally have undertaken from their own resources, the report says that, as a temporary measure during the present period of economic and financial depression, and within the limits of the funds available, schemes of sufficient merit will not be rejected solely on the ground that they may involve British assistance toward recurrent expenditure over a limited period of years, or that they make no provision for financial participation by an impoverished colonial government.

This means that advantage is to be taken of the present period of slack trade and low construction costs to push on with projects overseas, as well as at home, that are thought likely to furnish immediate work for British unemployed, besides eventually increasing the prosperity of the British Empire as a whole.

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Britain to Use Oil Produced From Coal

Special from Monitor Bureau
London

A DEFINITE step toward making Britain self-supporting as to oil has been taken by the decision of the Admiralty to ask for tenders to transport thousands of tons of oil extracted from coal.

About a year ago 20-ton samples of such oil were supplied to the Admiralty by nine firms which had been experimenting with different processes, and it is understood that the results were satisfactory. The price, however, left much to be desired. There are not more than four or five of these processes which can be relied upon to produce oil in thousands of tons.

Northerly Air Trail to Europe To Be Surveyed

MacMillan Plans to Lead Way for Permanent Transatlantic Service

With the threefold purpose of blazing a trail for a permanent transatlantic air service by the northerly route, of conducting a photographic survey by air of the last 3000 square miles of "unknown" lands and waters of northern Labrador, and of furthering the education of Eskimo children, Lieut.-Commander Donald B. MacMillan is to leave Boston June 18 or 19 on the Bowdoin.

Commander MacMillan, an honorary member of the Propeller Club Boston, addressed the last meeting of the season of that organization at the Boston City Club last evening. He outlined his experiences in the years of exploration work he has performed in polar regions and was presented with a burgee of the Propeller Club to carry with him on the Bowdoin and on the monoplane Viking which he plans to use from Labrador to London and return.

Commander MacMillan outlined plans to map the Labrador "unknown" by aerial motion pictures, flying at an altitude that will permit a photograph six miles square every time the camera clicks. "It will click every 30 seconds. More can be done by plane in one year than by dog sled in 30 years," he said.

Regarding the air service to Europe, Commander MacMillan said he favored the northern route, because it enabled a series of "hops." Land would never be out of sight "for more than three hours," the longest water jump being 525 miles, a distance no greater than is now regularly flown on airmail lines in the United States and Europe, he said.

"We need not load the plane with gasoline, because aviation gasoline is now available at 10 of the proposed stops on the route. Radio stations are numerous and the plane Viking, equipped with a broadcasting set, will have telephone and telegraph communication the entire distance. It is estimated that 66 per cent of the route is over land and 34 per cent over water.

"It is proposed after this flight has been successfully made, to operate a regular transatlantic service. To provide the airway with proper radio communication and meteorological service will be the first step. This will require at least a year. It is planned to have 17 of these stations erected at a cost of about $1,000,000. Equipment to fly the route will be the fastest ships available in the United States. These ships will cruise easily around 175 miles an hour and will be operated at the beginning in divisions.

"The first division from New York to Labrador, 1200 miles entirely overland; second division from Labrador to Iceland, 1400 miles will be partly over water and land; third division, 1300 miles from Iceland to London, also partly over water. Three ships over each division will make a daily service possible. With mail contracts in prospect from four or five foreign countries directly interested in the development of this route, we should be able to operate profitably until the United States Government is ready to consider the route for transatlantic mail service. Until that time we are going ahead in perfecting our plans for the profitable operation of this airline."

No Cash in Sight Yet for Chicago

Special from Monitor Bureau

CHICAGO, June 11—While the list of payless public employees here grows longer, the prospect of their getting any immediate cash grows shorter.

The Legislature, where most hope of relief was placed, is dashing through its final period with apparently little inclination to come to the rescue. Mayor Anton J. Cermak has sprinted to the capital twice to ask help but hasn't got it. A special session may have to be called.

The tax reform bill which Chicago bankers asked as a means of restoring tax collections to normal seems at present to have no chance. Until taxes are paid, local government is destined to go staggering along, crying out for cash. Renovation of the taxing machinery would be the real way out of trouble, declare tax experts and bankers, and the Mayor has backed them up.

However, to do the housecleaning asked would mean voting out two elective boards, composed of prominent politicians, and the Legislature has shied at such an unpalatable performance. The issue has also gotten into politics as a Democratic measure, while the Legislature majority is Republican.

INDIA'S PRINCES SPLIT ON ISSUE OF FEDERATION

Change by Minor Group Adds to Difficulties of London Plan

By ALEXANDER INGLIS
Staff Correspondent in India
By Radio to The Christian Science Monitor

SIMLA, India, June 11—A group of Indian Princes have changed their attitude on the federal scheme which was evolved from the London Round Table and may take a stand against any form of federation at the coming conference, it is reported in the press here.

In authoritative British and Indian circles, however, it is contended that such opposition will not jeopardize the federal idea, although it will naturally add to the difficulties with which India's constitutional issue already bristles.

Although the movement against federation is headed by the Maharaja of Patiala, who at the plenary session of the Round Table gave conditional support to the federation, those native princes whose names are given as supporters of the Maharaja do not rank among the important state rulers.

Indeed, half a dozen of the rulers cited in the Indian press as anti-federal rule over only about 6,000,000 persons out of the 80,000,000 who constitute the population of India's native states.

Modern Ideas Spreading

This population factor is significant, for while these petty potentates maintain régimes which are essentially autocratic, the fact remains in these days they are bound to give more and more consideration to their subjects, who are beginning to waken up to modern ideas of democracy.

The princes who favor federation between the states of British India contend that the federation offers a natural constitutional development for India, which is likely to be successful only so far as it engenders genuine cooperative policies between two contrasting groups.

These profederation princes realize that their states cannot remain indefinitely as watertight compartments into which the tides of democracy will never flow, but rather accept the idea of federation as an evolutionary process toward genuine nationalism.

On the other hand those princes who oppose federation are said to be in favor of an alternative proposal, namely, some kind of a union of states more representative and consolidated than at present obtains. In this connection it is suggested that more than one additional states should receive representation in the Chamber of Princes where as present they are only indirectly represented.

Gandhi Retains Control

Political observers, however, are asking to what extent this state organization would be able to stand out against the popular form of government which British India would independently establish.

It is generally contended that a self-governed British India would rapidly undermine the autocracies of native states—a policy that would occur much more rapidly than would be the case if the princes were able to counteract it from a federal chamber.

Mahatma Gandhi at present remains the restraining influence in the politics of British India, but even Gandhi and the All-India National Congress already have urged the need for the princes to announce declarations of rights for their subjects.

Unless a cooperative policy, such as the federal scheme suggests, is carried into effect, there are many indications that this campaign by Gandhi and the congress will be intensified.

Many Women Fail To Get Living Wage, Labor Study Shows

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, June 11 — Many thousands of working women in the United States are receiving far from a living wage, a study of earnings in 13 states just assembled by the women's bureau of the Department of Labor reveals.

The median week's wages of the women studied ranged from $8.29 in Mississippi to $16.36 in Rhode Island. Yet the bureau has found that $15.71 was the minimum cost for which a single woman could live independently in 1928. "This amount—low as it is—is more than the median found for full-time workers in manufacturing in all but four of the states surveyed," the bureau points out.

The wage survey covered the earnings of 101,000 women working in more than 1000 factories, stores and laundries in Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi, Missouri, New Jersey, Ohio, Oklahoma, Rhode Island, South Carolina and Tennessee. The figures were gathered by bureau workers from the fall of 1920 to the early months of 1925 and have just been converted to a 1928 basis by Miss Elizabeth Pidgeon, by the use of cost-of-living statistics.

Wages were found to vary with industry and with locality. Highest wages in manufacturing were found in Rhode Island, New Jersey and Ohio, and lowest wages in Mississippi, Alabama and South Carolina. Earnings were generally low in cotton textile, hosiery and knit goods factories. Electrical appliances, rubber goods, metal products and shoes stood out as paying relatively high wages. In the five-and-ten-cent stores wages were generally lowest of all.

From one-half to almost two-thirds of the women employed in factories in every state were under 25. Wages were found to increase with years of work experience until a period of 10 and under 15 years was reached; then they declined.

A Hiker's Empire

ALONG THE APPALACHIAN TRAIL

Upper Left—Peak in Great Smoky Range, Tennessee. Right—Mt. Katahdin, Maine. Lower Left—Map of Trail. Right—Falls in Great Smoky Mountains.

CANADIAN WOMEN ISSUE PLEA FOR DISARMAMENT

National Council to Circulate Petition Among Local Branches

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

MONCTON, N. B., June 11—World peace, one of the great issues to which the National Council of Women of Canada are dedicating their efforts, came before the annual meeting yesterday when the delegates agreed to have printed and circulated among the local councils the "pledge" petition for world disarmament.

This petition, explained the national president, Mrs. A. J. Wilson, is being circulated in many countries throughout the world, and is to be presented to the International Disarmament Conference next February. Prepared by the League of Nations Society in Canada, it declares for world disarmament by international agreement and condemns competition in armaments as leading all countries to ruin without bringing them security.

Monthly Review

Mrs. Wilson urged that all women should sign it because "it is not a foolish disarmament, but a disarmament according to the needs of the country, a wise and judicious reduction in armaments."

Mrs. H. H. Rowatt, in submitting her report as convener of the publications and publicity committee, said

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Feminine Vote Held Guard Against Possible Return of Liquor Traffic Corruption

Women Believe Justice Will Prevail in Fight Against Nullification Pushed by Minority Group; Conventions Compared

WOMEN AND PROHIBITION SERIES—No. 8

During the recently completed service as a member of the research staff of the Bureau of Prohibition of the United States Department of Justice, Miss Louise Baker conducted an extensive study of the relation between women and prohibition. In eight articles she discusses the part and the influence of women in the cause of temperance.

By ZOA LOUISE BAKER

The [illegible] observance and enforcement of law are on the right path.

An interesting mass meeting was held in Washington a few months ago, through the joint efforts of the women seeking prohibition reform, or repeal of the Eighteenth Amendment, and the Crusaders, a wet organization

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Liberal and Labor Parties Face Split Over Land Taxes

By Radio from Monitor Bureau

LONDON, June 11—The unstable nature of the party equilibrium, which alone prevents complete readjustment of British politics in a general election, is illustrated in the differences which arose today between Liberals and Labor over the Government's land value taxation scheme.

"Dissolution if Liberals Kill Land Tax" splashed across the front page of Ramsay MacDonald's organ here. "Land Tax Crisis Acute. Snowden Refuses to Budge. Liberals Stand by Amendment," replies the Liberal newspaper, Daily Chronicle, in headlines only slightly less prominent.

David Lloyd George, who has been away on free-trade lecture tours, is hurrying back to London to restore the balance as he succeeded in doing in March last when a similar crisis arose over the Trade Union Bill.

In the present case the dispute is whether the proposed tax upon land values to which Mr. MacDonald and Mr. Lloyd George are both committed should be general in its application or whether, as the majority of Liberals think would be preferable, modifications should be inserted to prevent its duplicating payments already made by owners under the income tax law.

The point is important, since it appears that if this charge were made the prospect of obtaining any considerable revenue out of the new tax would be very greatly reduced. So serious would be the reduction that Philip Snowden, Chancellor of the Exchequer, who is in charge of the tax measure, has threatened to withdraw it altogether if the Liberals insist upon their amendment.

Fish Flour—It Makes Good Cookies And It Means Millions to the Industry

Special from The Christian Science Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, June 11 — From $500,000 to $1,500,000 annually may be added to the value of the fisheries industry of the country by the development of "fish flour," Henry O'Malley, commissioner of the Bureau of Fisheries, said yesterday.

Produced from the edible parts remaining from the filleting or packing of fish, the new product is dried and ground into a fine meal with a pleasant taste, odor and fluffy appearance. The new flour is more highly refined than the fish meals used for feeding animals, and in cooking may be easily disguised to make the fish taste unrecognizable, Mr. O'Malley said. At present the flour is not available commercially.

Provided the public takes to the new product, there is a potential production of 20,000,000 pounds of raw material available, it is estimated. Much interest has been shown in the work of developing the flour by national manufacturers and distributors of bakery products and specialized food products.

The bureau has succeeded in making very edible fish flour cookies, mixing the new type with the old-fashioned wheat flour and covering "fishy" tastes with cinnamon or ginger. It is said that the flour can also be used successfully in thickening fish soups or chowders and in the manufacture of salt crackers. Its use in bread has not yet been tried by the bureau.

Only the surface of the possibilities of developing this new product for human food has been touched, according to J. R. Manning, technologist of the Fisheries Bureau.

TOKYO THRONG HAILS RETURNING ROYALTY

TOKYO, June 11 (AP)—Half the population of the Yokohama-Tokyo district was out today to see Prince Takamatsu and his bride return home from their round-the-world tour.

At the Tokyo station the travelers were greeted by 800 prominent officials, several members of the royal family, and officers of the army and navy, as well as Reijiro Wakatsuki, Premier, and other officers of the Cabinet.

BLAZING OF PATH IN APPALACHIANS NEARLY FINISHED

2000-Mile Hike Through Eastern Mountains Filled With Natural Beauties

A hiker's empire, molded from trees, mountains, lakes and streams, stretching from Maine to Georgia, is the home of the 2000-mile Appalachian Trail, now nearly two-thirds complete.

Interest in the trail has been mounting since its beginning in 1920, until this year it is expected that more progress than ever will be reported at the fifth annual Appalachian Trail conference at Gatlinburg, Tenn., starting tomorrow and continuing through Sunday.

Winding through dreamy forests filled with Indian legends, fascinating history and ever-changing scenery, the route carries along the backbone of the Appalachians and passes through 13 states to a final climb up Mt. Oglethorpe, the lofty "monument" to the founder of Georgia.

When completed the Appalachian Trail will be one of the longest continuous forest paths in the world. The Indians, who inhabited this region long before the white men, may have had longer utility trails, but no recreational footpath in the world surpasses the Appalachian for length and beauty.

Suggested by MacKaye

The project was suggested by Benton MacKaye, former member of the United States Forest Service, in 1920, as a means of furthering hiking interest among thousands of dwellers in eastern cities who love the forests

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Liquor Restriction Adopted by Dutch

By Radio to The Christian Science Monitor

AMSTERDAM, June 11—The Dutch Second Chamber backed the Government's drastic measures for curbing the imminent peril of beer alcoholism in the Netherlands through adopting yesterday, by 58 against 10 votes, the revision of liquor legislation.

The most important improvement under the new legislation will be that licenses for sale of low percentage liquor, such as beer, wine, fruit wine and other liquor under 15 per cent, will now be restricted to a specific maximum on the same basis as ordinary strong drink licenses.

Before revision the number of licenses for liquor under 15 per cent was unlimited and this resulted in the steadily growing influence of brewery interests seen in the erection of large well-appointed beer palaces.

The second change is that the system whereby original holders leased liquor licenses to other persons will now be abolished. This means the abolition of saloons and confining licenses to the better restaurants.

BRITISH COAL CARTEL WITH REICH ON WAY

Mine Owners Said to Be Carrying On Negotiations in Utmost Secrecy

POLISH COMPETITION UNDERLYING FACTOR

Agreement Presupposes Sweeping Alterations in British Traditional Views

By ERWIN D. CANHAM
Staff Correspondent
By Cable to The Christian Science Monitor

GENEVA, June 11—Negotiations for an Anglo-German coal cartel, which may entirely remodel the European economic structure in this basic commodity, have been proceeding with the utmost secrecy between leading mine owners, it is learned from an authoritative source here.

The plight of both the German and British coal industries, coupled with severe competition from Poland, has led to far-advanced negotiations for a merger which will constitute a sensational change in the European business picture.

The British coal industry, the hardest hit of any branch of British industrial life, appears now to have overcome the opposition to international organization which hitherto has prevented agreement. If, as a well-informed delegate to the International Labor Conference suggests, British industry is on the point of concluding an agreement with Germany, a considerable amount of reorganization must already have been prepared within England.

Thus a cartel would bring economic advantages within as well as without its leading member country. German industry, already thoroughly organized within, has been pleading for a cartel for many long years, but under stress of the present crisis feels the need of rationalization more than ever. But the real factor behind the cartel was not economic common sense, nor a stark necessity merger, nor even a desired corner market, but the competitive challenge of Poland with its vast, newly acquired mines in Silesia.

Working with the cheapest labor in Europe and with exceedingly rich mines, the Polish industry has been able to sell liberally abroad and has gradually captured valuable markets, particularly in Scandinavia, by drastically undercutting British and German prices. Although Poland appears well informed of the progress of negotiations between Germany and Britain, it shows no inclination to get in on the ground floor, apparently believing that present plans for the cartel, like many of its precedents, will fail of completion and even if it succeeds, Poland, with its great competitive advantages, may be able to stand up against it.

But France is expected to join the cartel when it has reached a more advanced stage, in accordance with the usual French economic policy. French membership probably would convert the cartel from an anti-Polish combination into an agreement which Poland itself might not find difficult to accept. France has made cartels a paramount point in its economic program in competition with the Austro-German customs union and therefore is expected to align itself with the new group.

Far-reaching effects of the coal cartel upon European markets are recognized in expert circles. Coal prices are today at an impossibly low level for most producers and only an agreement, through a cartel, to limit production and elevate prices can bring relief.

Poland's ruthless competition has troubled British and German producers for several years, and unless agreements are reached with Poland the new cartel probably will be a dual alliance to be directed against Polish export.

While informed observers here insist that cartel negotiations have proceeded far, nevertheless, it recognized that agreement presupposes sweeping alterations in traditional British views. Not only must industry negotiate as one man but to limit production in England itself, domestic rationalization which has been sadly wanting for years must take place. Weaker mines must be sacrificed to the common good but it is hinted that the economic crisis may have brought a changed attitude. Germany, already well organized and disciplined, long has been clamoring for a cartel.

POLES PROTEST STAHLHELM PARADE

BERLIN, June 11 (AP)—The Polish Government today presented a note of protest against the Steel Helmet demonstration held in Breslau May 31.

The demonstration already has been the subject of disapproving comment in the French Chamber of Deputies by Aristide Briand, French Foreign Minister. The basis of the Polish protest is that the demonstration took place very near to the border.

In German official circles it is pointed out that the Steel Helmet organization is a private association over which the Government has no control.

AIR MAIL ROUTE ANNOUNCED

HAVANA, June 11 (By U. P.)—The Government yesterday announced the establishment of a new air mail parcel post service between Cuba and the United States. The new service will start July 1, when planes flying between here and Miami will carry packages for a charge of 25 cents per pound, with a maximum of 25 pounds to the package.

R. C. A. LICENSES IN BALANCE AS HEARING BEGINS

Monopoly Attempt in Tube Contract Clause Is Charged

WASHINGTON, June 11 (AP)—The Radio Corporation of America is still wondering if a clause in a tube contract it made will put it out of the radio communications business.

Argument on whether a federal court judgment that the contract violated the antitrust laws is sufficient to revoke the 1409 licenses of the corporation's subsidiaries began yesterday in the District of Columbia Supreme Court.

Radio commission counsel took the position the law requires revocation if a concern is found guilty of attempting to monopolize radio communication.

Louis Titus, corporation counsel, contended, in asking a preliminary injunction to restrain the commission from beginning hearings on the licenses June 15, that the radio tube contract decision did not mean his company had attempted a radio communication monopoly.

He added, however, that if the judgment in a Delaware court was held to mean that the section of the Radio Act applying to communication had been violated, the section was unconstitutional.

"This corporation and its subsidiaries," he said, "represent millions of dollars. Under Section 13 of the Radio Act its business is under the constant threat of destruction. Other businesses are not subject to the penalty. We contend it is clearly arbitrary and unreasonable."

Duke M. Patrick replied for the commission that Congress in radio legislation had taken into consideration the peculiar situation that confronted the industry.

"Congress saw fit to impose a standard where radio was concerned," he said. "The section relating to revocation of licenses where an attempt to create a monopoly is proved was written for the protection of the public. There is no question but that the Radio Corporation violated the spirit of that section."

The commission has asked dismissal of the applications for the injunctions.

The four Radio Corporation subsidiaries involved are the National Broadcasting Company; R. C. A. Victor Company, Inc.; R. C. A. Communications, Inc., and the Radio-Marine Corporation of America.

CANADIAN WOMEN ISSUE PLEA FOR DISARMAMENT

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that the comite d'entente of the International Council had decided on the publication of a monthly review, the objective being to contribute to the work of peace promotion among young people, to widen their horizon in their daily work, and to inspire them with a sympathetic desire to obtain information concerning the people of other countries.

Mrs. Rowatt also reported that the press committee of Vienna had stressed the need of improvement of the woman's page in daily newspapers and of the giving of more space in the news columns to women's interests and work. In Canada, she said, the newspapers were giving the fullest amount of support to the varied activities of the council.

Among other reports submitted to the meeting was that of the treasurer, Mrs. W. A. Quibell of Toronto, and of the convener of the finance committee, Mrs. J. Wesley Bunday of Toronto, both showing a satisfactory financial condition. Mrs. Frederick Etherington of Kingston, Ont., convener of the foundation fund being raised for the purpose of financing the work of the national council, said that the objective was $200,000, of which $127,000 had already been received.

Educational Progress

An interesting report on education was submitted by Miss R. E. C. Mason, dean of women at London, Ont., University. So absorbed were women in taking advantage of the opportunity for higher education in man-made universities, she said, that they had put forward little or no effort to formulate a system of education for the highest development of women, without which the world cannot advance.

Miss Mason referred to Czechoslovakia, "the newest country in the world," as having made the greatest progress educationally of any nation, because it was not tied by tradition. She quoted Dr. Thomas G. Masaryk's slogans "know the truth, love the truth, fight for truth to the death" and "be mentally alert, physically fit and spiritually free" as not only having pervaded his own country but she hoped the world at large.

Miss Mason advocated teaching children "scientific temperance" in all things, greater self-knowledge, both mental and physical, the fundamentals of religion, even if it goes no further than to place the Ten Commandments in the front of every textbook as the Province of Alberta had done and gave praise to those who have given their time, their energies, their years of devoted study to the awakening of the desire to express by voice and musical instruments to the music of the soul.

Higher Education

Miss Mason cautioned women, in their desire for thoroughness, not to waste the best endeavors of their children by the prolonging of their time in elementary work, to recognize the differing mental capacities of children and separate the normal from the subnormal. "In comparison with European countries our children at 14 are behind at least a year, if not more, in training," she declared. "It is well to be conservative, but when dealing with other lives we must prepare the children to compete with their own grade."

In talking of higher education Miss Mason would have it maintained by and for the commonwealth of varied and rich resources and of aspiring life. It must keep pace with the social philosophy of the developed time. She thought one of the startling facts of social life is the sixfold increase in 30 years of the proportion of young men and women of college age who are continuing their education in institutions above high school.

Miss Mason condemned the spreading tendency to narrow and formalize education, believing that the education of tomorrow will not be primarily in terms of vocational preparation. "It is a short-sighted and wholly partial view of higher education that measures its value in terms of the fact that a new and rapidly developing civilization, complex, confused and intricate, requires a longer period of preparation if men and women are to lead in it lives of understanding, of happiness and usefulness. With the rapid and revolutionary advances of science, with our new and intricate social and economic structure, with the often startling changes in personal and community relationships all about us, there is a very real sense in which modern civilization has become a race between education and chaos."

In conclusion she asserted that the emphasis has been changed from merely cultural education to technical education, which in itself was not sufficient and that the greatest contribution that women as educators can make is to help to bring before the rank and file of the people the change that has come to the world in educational content.

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EXPLORING PACIFIC ISLES

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

PERTH, W. Aust.—Ethnological research is to be undertaken in the Bismarck Archipelago, lying to the northwest of New Guinea. The University of Basel, Switzerland, established a fund for this purpose some time ago and Dr. Buhler is now in Australia as leader of an expedition en route for these islands. The expedition expects to remain in the archipelago for a year.

BLAZING OF PATH IN APPALACHIANS NEARLY FINISHED

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but never "shoulder a pack." Passing within easy reach of these persons, the path beckons them to enjoy the wilderness haunts of the trail follower.

The trail presents a striking contrast to those made by the "Red Men"; those bronzed Children-of-the-Sun, when cutting routes, made use of the various passes, while the Appalachian path shuns the passes and ascends the peaks of mountains to obtain the grandeur of sweeping mountain views and the thrill of rocky pinnacles and bald-faced summits.

Sometimes the trail dips into sleepy valleys and skirts deep blue lakes and tumbling rivers or follows a cheerful, singing brook, forming a picture, so vast and so beautiful that no artist, however skilful, could paint it.

Marked by blazes and metal "AT" signs, the path is easy to follow in all completed sections. Where the hiker might stray, the direction of the trail is plainly indicated, so that even the greenest hikers will have no trouble. The Appalachian clubs plan to provide shelters at convenient intervals in the future, but at present it is necessary to carry a tent on long trips.

Rambling down the slopes of Mt. Katahdin, Maine's rocky sentinel, the trail zigzags across the Pine Tree State. Near Grafton Notch, the footpath enters the New Hampshire White Mountains, "the Switzerland of America." Up over Mt. Washington and along the Presidential Range it leads, through the most inviting scenery of the White Mountains, where nature offers a panorama of rushing rivers, bounding cascades and peaceful lakes, set in green-clad mountains.

In Green Mountains

Although reluctant to leave the White Mountains, the hiker is soon absorbed in the entrancing Green Mountains of Vermont, which he enters near Killington Peak. This range, unlike others in New England, is a wilderness of tall trees where the wayfarer follows the Long Trail of the Green Mountain Club.

As he roams up and down the round, verdant hills, he passes through territory made historic by Ethan Allen, the conqueror of Fort Ticonderoga, and his Green Mountain boys. Off to the west, near the end of the Long Trail, the peaceful town of Bennington slumbers in the valley below, dreaming of its Revolutionary glories, for here the Battle of Bennington, the turning point of the Revolution, was fought.

But the trail lingers not, and the hiker climbs over the Berkshire Hills in Massachusetts and Connecticut; passes through Macedonia and Kent Falls state parks and Mohawk and Housatonic state forests; crosses the Hudson over Bear Mountain Bridge and leads into Palisades Interstate Park.

On and on the traveler wends his way, over rolling hills and jutting peaks, down into valleys and up again to the wind-swept heights of mountain fortresses, with birds pouring forth their silvery melodies, squirrels chattering and playing merrily, and an occasional deer darting into the underbrush. Such is the charm of the forest sought after by the hiker whose brothers are the furred and feathered folk of the woods, and who finds in the deep, cool wilderness, not only peace and rest, but new friends in every forest mile.

The Appalachian Trail, continuing its course through New York and New Jersey, gains the canyonlike Delaware Gap, where the Delaware River cuts the Kittatinny Ridge to its base and foams between two 1500-foot walls for about two miles.

Through Pennsylvania to South Mountain leads the footpath. Although the mountains rarely exceed 2000 feet, this section is rich in expansive outlooks, majestic forest growth, excellent forest trails and colorful history.

Through Cumberland Valley

Cumberland Valley is one of the most important parts of the Pennsylvania section. Its history dates back before the time of the early settlers. The Iroquois and Delaware Indians long disputed the ownership of this fertile valley which the settlers finally wrested from them after severe struggles.

The final section of the trail, through Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, Tennessee and Georgia, provides some of the most spectacular scenery in the United States. Through Virginia, the trail passes into Shenandoah National Park, one of America's show places. West of the park lies Shenandoah Valley, irresistably lovely, while the park itself is unsurpassed for picturesque waterfalls. Another of Virginia's beauties on the trail is the Natural Bridge National Forest.

In North Carolina and Tennessee the hiker meets the wildest and most rugged country along the trail. Smoky Mountains National Park is partly traversed by the trail. Here the tramper climbs to Clingman's Dome, 6642 feet, the second highest peak east of the Mississippi. In this region the hiker comes across bearded, broad-shouldered sons of the open air; characters who to most readers exist only in the field of fiction.

From the western end of the "Smokies," the Appalachian cuts through Nantahala and Cherokee National Forests in North Carolina and Vogel State Forest, in northern Georgia, where Mt. Oglethorpe marks the end of an ever-changing, yet ever-beautiful trail.

Those sponsoring the continuation of the work agree that the completed trail will be a fitting memorial to Mr. MacKaye and a monument to the sturdy volunteers who, with the hardiness and pioneering ability of early settlers, brought to fruition the plans of the originator of the idea . . . a trail which would take the strongest of hikers nearly four months to cover.

Harvard Gets $20,000 For Work in History

Harvard has received $20,000 to fill a long-felt need for the nucleus of a fund to be used for publication of original research monographs. This particular gift has been presented to the university in memory of Robert Louis Stroock, of the class of 1927, and is restricted to "distinguished contributions to scholarship in the field of history."

Monographs to be published will be decided upon from time to time by a committee composed of members of the department of history. They will have a general uniformity of size, binding and typography. Publications under this memorial fund will be confined in general to works too short for books, yet too long for articles.

Robert Louis Stroock received his A. B. degree at Harvard cum laude in the field of history and literature. He later interested himself in the history of Greece, showing great enthusiasm and aptitude for original research.

VERA CRUZ PRIESTS LIMITED TO TEN

VERA CRUZ, Mex., June 11 (AP)—A bill passed today by the Legislature in the State of Vera Cruz limits the number of Roman Catholic priests to one for every 100,000 inhabitants. The effect of the measure, the most drastic anti-religious legislation enacted in Mexico since the church-state conflict was settled two years ago, is to leave the city of Vera Cruz with only one priest and the State with less than 10.

A heavy fine is provided for local authorities found guilty of allowing more than the specified number of priests to officiate in their territory. It was considered certain that Gov. Adalberto Tejeda would sign the bill in view of his anticlerich convictions. In approving the measure, the Legislature said the church had kept the masses of the people in a state of ignorance and that the restrictions on church activities were to remedy this condition.

PLANE IN MOTION HOOKED TO AIRSHIP

LAKEHURST, N. J., June 10 (AP)—The navy dirigible Los Angeles returned to its hangar at 6:30 a. m. today after a 12-hour training cruise, on which several editors and publishers had been invited.

A navy plane, piloted by Chief Pilot John F. O'Brien, was hooked beneath the huge hull of the ship while both were in motion. Later the plane cast off and returned to the airport.

CHINESE ENVOY IN WASHINGTON RESIGNS PLACE

Dr. Chao-chu Wu Played Vital Part in Extrality Negotiations

WASHINGTON, June 11 (AP)—The Chinese Legation announced today that Dr. Chao-chu Wu, Minister to the United States, had resigned his post. Legation attaches declined to go into details, but said the resignation was for "political reasons."

The minister was said by legation attaches to be "out of sympathy with the Nanking Government." They withheld further information until a conference with newspapermen called for today.

Acting as a special commissioner, Dr. Wu conducted negotiations with the Washington Government on the subject of extraterritorial privileges accorded to Americans in China under treaties, before his appointment as minister plenipotentiary.

He was appointed Special Commissioner in 1927 when the Nationalist Cabinet was formed. He formally presented his credentials to President Hoover as Minister to the Washington Government, March 26, 1929.

The Minister since then has played a prominent part in the Chinese-American extraterritorial negotiations and has been an outstanding exponent of abolition of those privileges which accord to Americans in China in effect the same rights they would have were they in their native country.

How much his failure to secure some definite Chinese - American agreement to abolish the privileges is reflected in his resignation is not known.

The growth of the new Cantonese movement against the Nanking Administration's forces has been watched carefully by the legation here and especially the going over to the Cantonese of a number of prominent Nanking officials and former supporters.

The resignation of Dr. Wu leaves the legation again in charge of Yung Kwai, attached to the legation for more than a quarter of a century, and Chargé D'Affaires ad interim on the many occasions when the military situation in the Eastern republic has left him representing virtually no government.

Registered at the Christian Science Publishing House

Among the visitors from various parts of the world who registered at the Christian Science Publishing House yesterday were the following:

Miss Marguerite Skuse, River Forest, Ill.
Mrs. Hazel McCullough, Pratt, Kan.
Mrs. Helen M. Gillan, Newark, N. J.
Mrs. Mae E. Marks, Philadelphia, Pa.
Mrs. Gertrude F. Gilbert, Springfield, Mass.
Mrs. Mary B. Coffin, Minneapolis, Minn.
Mrs. Mae E. Dawson Smith, Atlantic City, N. J.
Josephine W. Trefts, Buffalo, N. Y.
Miss Catherine Roberts, Liverpool, Eng.
Mrs. Blanche E. Roberts, Canton, O.
Miss Margaret E. Allen, Altoona, Pa.
Mrs. Edna M. Sterling, Altoona, Pa.
Mrs. Mary McKinney Snyder, Altoona, Pa.
Miss May L. Snyder, Altoona, Pa.
R. E. Shoemaker, Altoona, Pa.
J. Calvin Bolger, Altoona, Pa.
Mrs. Katherine E. Nichols, Springfield, Mass.
Mrs. Florence J. Abbott, Montclair, N. J.
Mrs. Annette Horie, Kingston, Mass.
Mrs. Carola Fiest, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Mrs. Mayme C. Dunham, Charlotte, N. C.
Mrs. Maud V. Edar, Newark, N. J.
Mrs. Rhoda M. Pfeil, Irvington, N. J.
Mrs. Isabel M. Brown, Newark, N. J.
Mrs. Ruth G. Pallock, West Hartford, Conn.
Mrs. C. M. Shilphen, Brockton, Mass.
Mrs. Sadie A. Pooley, Newark, N. J.
Mrs. Mary M. Schumaker, Scranton, Pa.
P. W. Schumaker, Scranton, Pa.
Miss Marguerite Schumaker, Scranton, Pa.
Mrs. Robert Roberts, Scranton, Pa.
Miss S. K. Hamilvard, Michigan City, Ind.
Mrs. L. D. Willcutt, Erie, Pa.
Mrs. C. I. Amway, Grand Rapids, Mich.
C. I. Amway, Grand Rapids, Mich.
Mrs. A. S. Colton, Oklahoma City, Okla.
Miss M. Bishop Wilson, Sydney, Australia.
Miss Eleanor Welby, Teaneck, N. J.
Mrs. Florence Peacock, Ridgefield Park, N. J.
Ray Peacock, Ridgefield, N. J.
Mrs. Frances Herman, Jackson Heights, N. Y.
Miss Alice M. Ford, Jackson Heights, N. Y.
Thomas R. Hurley, Louisville, Ky.
Mrs. Blanche Standing, New York, N. Y.
Miss Katherine B. Standing, New York, N. Y.
Mrs. Anna R. Wagner, Manchester, N. H.
Joe Barndollar, Oakland, Calif.
Miss Ellen J. Barndollar, Oakland, Calif.
Mrs. Blanche E. Payne, Patchogue, N. Y.
Charles R. Payne, Lake Ronkonkoma, L. I., N. Y.
Mrs. Hetta Kemp-Hills, Washington, D. C.
Miss Grace Bowen, Kansas City, Mo.
Mrs. Gertrude B. Perkins, Buffalo, N. Y.
Miss Emily Goodrich Moulton, North Tonawanda, N. Y.
Mrs. Grace Bainbridge, Cambridge, Eng.
Mrs. George M. Davidson, St. Johnsbury, Vt.
Miss Marguerite Putnam, Winchester, Mass.
Miss Hazel Irvine, Los Angeles, Calif.
Miss Ruth McWilliams, Los Angeles, Calif.
H. A. Bruns, Tulsa, Okla.
Mrs. Ethel M. Kingsford, Riverside, R. I.
Frank W. Kingsford, Riverside, R. I.
Mrs. Elizabeth O. W. Pettit, Providence, R. I.
Miss Martha Diveley, Champaign, Ill.
Miss Alvena Bamberger, Cambridge, Mass.
Miss Annie Laurie Lemmon, Champaign, Ill.
Miss Ruth Kilton, Morrisonville, Ill.
Mrs. Mary R. Copelin, Louisville, Ky.
R. C. Bainbridge, Cambridge, Eng.
Miss Catherine Smith, Hartford, Conn.
James L. Rank, Hartsdale, N. Y.
Josephine Holmes, Boston, Mass.
Frances E. Rank, Hartsdale, N. Y.
Miss Martha Storm, New York, N. Y.
Robert L. Joseph, New York, N. Y.
Mrs. Katherine B. Clark, Rockford, Ill.
Ray M. Clark, Rockford, Ill.
Mrs. Sylvia A. Beckett, Columbus, O.
Mrs. Emily E. Cornett, Hollywood, Calif.
Miss Florence N. Gourlay, Drexel Hill, Pa.
Miss Ella K. Gourlay, Drexel Hill, Pa.
Miss I. I. Hulbert, London, Eng.
Mrs. Harriet Cateris, Irvington, N. J.
Mrs. Ada P. Beeson, Auburn, N. Y.
Mrs. Jennie Hays, Irvington, N. J.
Charlotte A. Brown, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Isaiah Jackson, Portsmouth, Va.
Mrs. Adeline O. Anderson, Chicago, Ill.
Mrs. Mary Hyte, Chicago, Ill.
Miss Kathryn Van R. Wilder, Niagara Falls, N. Y.
John Burgess, Cleveland, O.
Mrs. Anna Burgess, Cleveland, O.
Mrs. Mary Barber, Cleveland, O.
Albert E. Burgess, Cleveland, O.
Frances E. Adams, Evanston, Ill.
Muriel V. Henry, Fall River, Mass.
Mrs. Louise F. Beaumont, Quincy, Mass.
Nathaniel W. Mitchell, Lewiston, Me.
Bertha L. Mitchell, New Bedford, Mass.
Walter H. Prentiss, St. Louis, Mo.
Harry S. Mortner, Cedarhurst, N. Y.
Mrs. Eva Murtey, Lincoln, Neb.
Aurel M. Hare, Kansas City, Mo.
Mrs. Matilda S. Booth, Harrisburg, Pa.
Mrs. Etta Mulvihill, Harrisburg, Pa.
Rose M. Reed, Somerville, Mass.
Mrs. Mary Howe-Burton, Auburndale, Mass.

Pittsburgh Men Make Fast Time From Coast

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 11 (AP)—Pilot Harry C. Taylor, flying a plane in which three Pittsburgh business men were passengers, landed at Bettis Field at 2:02 a. m. (E. D. T.) today, ending a flight from Los Angeles demonstrating the safety of traveling across the continent at a speed of 175 miles an hour or more.

Taylor made the trip in 14:10 hours of actual flying, and an elapsed time of 16:45. The plane left St. Louis at 7:01 (C. S. T.).

BANK OF ENGLAND RATE

LONDON, June 11—The Bank of England made no change in its rediscount rate of 2½ per cent.

SULPHURIC ACID WINS NEW PLACE AHEAD OF STEEL

Increased Use Makes It Better Barometer of Conditions, Experts Say

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

SWAMPSCOTT, Mass., June 11—New processes for making sulphuric acid—described at the summer meeting of the American Institute of Chemical Engineers in the New Ocean House here—as the best barometer of modern civilization, were outlined at the second session of the meeting this morning.

Sulphuric acid has outdistanced pig iron and steel as an index of the machine age, according to Francis J. Curtis, of the Merrimac Chemical Company, Everett, Mass.

"Steel itself could not be manufactured without sulphuric acid," Mr. Curtis declared; "moreover, the uses of steel are limited in variety as compared with those of sulphuric acid. Somewhere along the line, this chemical product has contributed to the making of our food, pure drinking water, shoes, woolen clothes, paper, gasoline, iron and steel products, and nearly everything we use.

"Production of sulphuric acid follows closely the rise and fall of economic conditions, and plays an important part in nearly all industries. This rôle of the acid as a barometer is indicated by production figures for 1928, 1929 and 1930. Starting in 1928 at a production of 7,225,000 tons, the acid rose to 8,338,000 in 1929 and fell to 7,625,000 last year."

In view of the increasingly important part played by sulphuric acid, chemical engineers here listened with marked interest to papers describing latest processes in production.

"Fool's gold," known in industry as iron pyrites, has become of new importance as a source of sulphur for industrial processes as a result of improved methods described by Frederick W. Adams of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

Horace S. Freeman of the Sulphide Research Corporation in Montreal said that the presence in Canada of a great amount of finely ground iron pyrites containing as much as 50 per cent sulphur as waste products from the copper concentrators led him to experiment with the use of the sulphur-bearing waste as a substitute for pure sulphur in the preparation of sulphite acids used in Canadian pulp and paper industries.

Striking changes in the methods of leather manufacture due to application of chemical discovery were traced in a paper by W. K. Lewis of M. I. T. and Robert W. Lord of the Lord Tanning Company, Woburn, Mass.

Speedy Freight Run To Aid New England

A freight service with a 12½-hour run between Portland, Me., and New York, is announced by the Boston & Maine and the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroads today. The service, it is explained, will provide shippers and receivers, in more than 500 New England cities and towns, with service 24 hours faster than they now receive.

The new train—"The Maine Bullet,"—beginning June 22, will make an overnight run each way every business day at a speed unapproached in the history of New England railroading, it is said. With an elaborate system of feeder connections by train and truck at various points en route, it is expected that the service will be extended to most of the principal centers of industry and business in all New England states except Vermont.

"'The Maine Bullet,' with its direct connections on both the New York and the Boston & Maine systems," says the announcement, "together with coördinated highway trucking service to be provided by the Boston & Maine Transportation Company and the New England Transportation Company, revolutionizes the speed of more than half the intra-New England freight service. The speed will be the same whether the shipment is a case or a carload."

AMERICAN MAYORS SEE FRENCH CHATEAUX

TOURS, June 10 (AP)—The touring American mayors today visited the Château of France. They were served a seven-course lunch and Mayor Daniel W. Hoan of Milwaukee thanked Mayor Molin of Tours for a generous welcomee.

Since the proposed three-day visit to the Garden of France has been reduced to one day the mayors will return to Paris tonight after seeing near-by chateaux.

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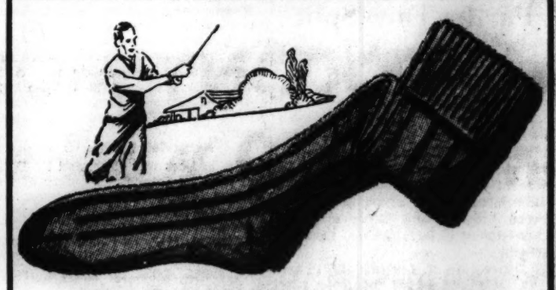

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Quart size, keeps hot 24 hours, keeps cold 72 hours.
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A number of attractive designs to choose from.
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A striking model, made exclusively for Miner—trimmed with brown or black calf or without trimming. The Orthomode last assures comfort.

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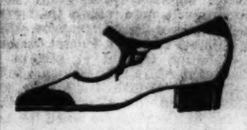

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FOREST SERVICE SEEKS 16,000,000 ACRES IN EAST

Chief Declares This Area Is Required to Meet Needs of Public

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

ASHEVILLE, N. C., June 11—Sixteen million acres of forest land in the East, under federal ownership, is the aim of the United States forest service. This program was announced by Maj. R. Y. Stuart, chief of the forest service, at the 56th annual meeting here of the American Forestry Association held jointly with the North Carolina Forestry Association.

"This," he said, "will meet the needs of the public, which must justify any public forest land acquisition program, and the interest of the people will be served best by ownership of some of the forest land."

"In the West, the Federal Government," he said, "owns more than 150,000,000 acres of forest land, and, considering that there are 375,000,000 acres of such land east of the great plains, it is clear that our program of 16,000,000 acres, constituting but 4.3 per cent of that total forest acreage, is not overly ambitious."

He explained further that "the present time is most favorable to the purchase of land, as owners are quite willing to part with it at a reasonable figure."

Welcomes Help of Others

He assured the association that the federal forest service is not in a competitive field, but welcomes the opportunity to work with individuals, states or groups of states and that he knew of no agency that can promote a clearer, more defined and coördinated program and carry the public forward in it, than the American Forestry Association.

The association recommended "that the established policy of land purchase by the Federal Government for the extension of national forest areas in the eastern United States be continued and strengthened, and that state governments continue, or initiate, the policy of acquisition, of forest lands."

Arthur M. Hyde, Secretary of Agriculture, referring to the association as "the lighthouse of public opinion," expressed the hope that it would not be necessary at this time to slow the pace of forest land acquisition.

Wilbur Sees Light Ahead

Dr. Ray Lyman Wilbur, Secretary of the Interior, said in speaking of the urgency of the problem of forest conservation facing America that "we came with the ax, the saw, and the machine. We have conquered the continent—and now we are exhausting it."

He assured the association that its work was in the right direction and praised the members for doing something toward awakening the American people to the significance of the value of a tree.

George D. Pratt, president of the American Forestry Association, opening the first session, spoke of the survival and growth of the association.

"Forestry in America was not born in these hills," he said, "but in a very real sense it took first root here. Though forestry has spread far and wide and made marvelous progress, we must face the fact that it is still indeterminate."

Trees, he pointed out, are needed not only for commerce, but more for the "preservation of our God-given American environment of rich and stable soils, natural beauty, clear streams, abundant wild life, spiritual and physical contentment."

Mr. Pratt ventured the conviction that all groups interested in conservation can be coördinated, thus leading to a sound and lasting solution of the land problem.

Wants More Parks in East

Dr. Wallace W. Atwood, president of Clark University, Worcester, Mass., and president of the National Park Association, declared that "the nation had not anticipated any too soon the necessity and economic wisdom of the wise conservation of soils, forests, oil, coal, ores, many forms of sea life, and large out-of-door places where the leisure of the American people may be spent under healthful and inspiring conditions."

He maintained that, as nine-tenths of the population of the United States are in the states east of the Rocky Mountains, this eastern section should establish more playgrounds, forest reservations and state parks.

Dr. L. C. Gray, land economist of the Department of Agriculture, said that "the land problem is inseparably connected with the human problem," and recommended a more universal provision for fire protection, particularly among small scattered owners.

H. H. Bennett of the Department of Agriculture pointed out that "probably no other nation has wasted its agricultural lands more rapidly than the United States."

"The erosion of soil," he said, "has been permitted, with the result that much of the land has become poor, and many persons operating on erosion-enfeebled areas are not making a comfortable living."

Warns Against False Notions

We cannot, he insisted, afford to console ourselves wholly with any false notions about the corrective efficiency of improved machinery and improved crop varieties, but must consider as well, better land utilization.

Col. Henry S. Graves, dean of the Yale forest school, said that forestry is often spoken of as a public problem.

"Each year," he said, "science and invention find new uses for wood that contribute to our needs. Fortunately, the forests can be perpetuated, but materials of high quality and in abundance can be grown successfully only by the application of special effort and skill."

"The production of raw materials is, however, only one of the services rendered by the forest," Colonel Graves pointed out, and emphasized the protection they give the soil, their influence in regulating the run-off water, and their utility for recreation and as a home of wild life. These also are general benefits to be derived from well-managed forests.

Telegraphic congratulations to President Hoover upon the American Forestry Association's part in the important aspects of conservation of natural resources and wild life, promoting interest and activity on the part of the people, were read to the 400 members and guests at the banquet.

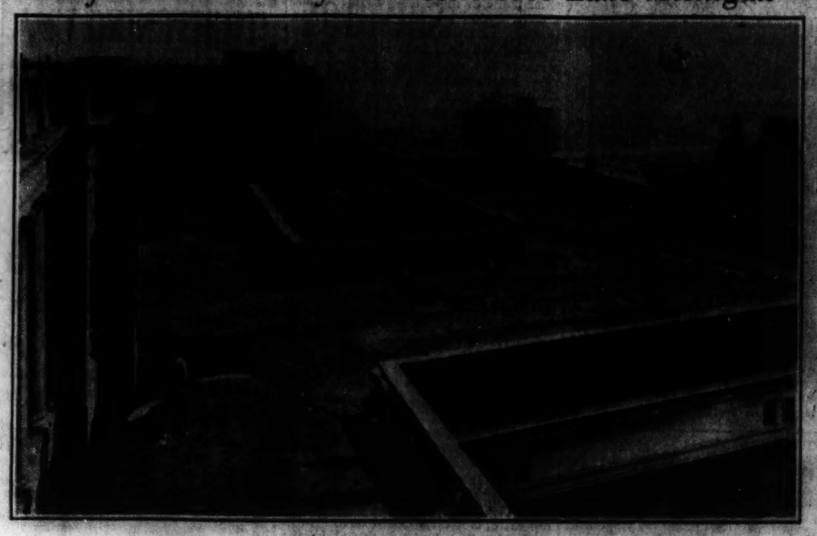
Stimson Uses Radio To Accept Degree

WASHINGTON, June 9 (AP)—Henry L. Stimson, Secretary of State employed the radio today to accept a degree of Doctor of Laws conferred upon him by the Pennsylvania Military College. The Secretary had planned to attend the commencement exercises of the institution at Chester, Pa., but was forced to cancel the trip because of pressure of work.

The Secretary touched upon past good will plans in settling disputes and preserving peace among nations.

"The efficiency of these methods depends in the last resort upon the fair-mindedness and good will which exist in the individual men and women who constitute the citizens of the different nations of the world," Mr. Stimson said.

Sky Golfers at Play 300 Feet Above Lake Michigan



MINIATURE COURSE OF HIGH-HO CLUB ATOP STEVENS HOTEL, CHICAGO
Maintenance of This Course Has Enabled the Management of the Hotel to Join Chicago's Exclusive Sky-Garden Clubs, Which Has Five Members.

SPECIAL FROM THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR BUREAU

CHICAGO—"High-Ho" is the name for the miniature golf club which has sought the sky, over 300 feet above Michigan Boulevard, where plenty of fresh lake breezes and a beautiful view of the city are extra added attractions. "High-Ho" is perched atop the Stevens Hotel, which claims to be the largest hotel in the world, and is sodded with genuine creeping bent grass. It is, of course, not a private club, but is open to the public.

LIBRARY TERMED A BEACON ON THE WAY TO CULTURE

Special Librarians Hear, at Cleveland, How Their Work Aids World

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

CLEVELAND, O., June 11—The library, in its special as well as its general phases, is the foremost instrument for enabling man to understand the curious and beautiful things of the world and appreciate its social culture and happiness.

That was the message which was brought to several hundred delegates to the twenty-third annual convention of the Special Libraries Association, opening here June 10, by Lewis B. Williams, president of the board of trustees of the Cleveland Museum of Natural History. The museum maintains a large special library as an adjunct to its other services.

"The ancient amenity and culture of aristocratic and diplomatic society Europe were largely power treasures—the marks of an unequal exclusivity associated with reality or power," Mr. Williams said. "They outlined the supposedly democratic distinguished the upper crust caste in his society. There was little in their purpose or use designed to stimulate a generous diffusion of knowledge. The modern use and grandeur of libraries and museums is only part of the newer manifestation of the practical ordering of our social democracy. This new point of view approaches the museum in its relentless but beautiful demonstration by equation.

"The curious and the beautiful things of the world, added to man's recorded effort to understand, yield an increase in social culture and happiness. The problem of the scope of a museum library is as broad as the starry firmament. To my lay mind the library is the greatest supplement of any museum. Without its intelligent direction the usefulness of the museum is restricted and incomplete.

"Museums are but storehouses except the recorded knowledge of its specialized library is available to help man toward the interpretations and meaning of collections. Thus do we put life into mere objects and develop the understanding which enhances the degress of beauty in each object of art, or gives dignity to the study of the history of life upon the earth."

The value of prohibition as a cushion against the economic depression was emphasized by Whiting Williams, economist and publicist.

"Prohibition has proved of inestimable economic value in helping the worker to weather the storms of recent joblessness," he said. "On the whole it is not too much to say that while prohibition has not accomplished all that could be hoped, it has done this for the country—it has largely taken the weight of the liquor traffic off the necks of the 100,000,000 who must daily choose between booze and shoes and put it upon the neat and well-preserved lapels of the few odd million of the rich and well-to-do who can perfectly well afford to buy both shoes and booze.

"If this is as true as my recent observations among the workers of our industrial centers convince me it is, then it is a fact of vast economic meaning to every manufacturer, distributor and salesman not only of shoes, but of gasoline, razors, safety films, mechanical refrigerators.

Special groups of the library attending the convention, including those on social, technical, financial, business, museum and newspaper libraries

New Court Outlined To Pacify Families

HOOVER'S RECORD LAUDED BY FESS AT G. O. P. RALLY

Leadership Acclaimed Before Young Republicans' Conference

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

WASHINGTON, June 11—President Hoover's far-reaching and energetic record of leadership in the economic depression was acclaimed by Simeon D. Fess (R.), Senator from Ohio, chairman of the Republican National Committee, in an address today to the first annual conference of Young Republicans.

This gathering of state Republican leaders was organized by the Republican National Committee, for the purpose of rallying party campaign sentiment. During its two days' deliberations it will be addressed by a number of party leaders.

Mr. Fess, as the opening speaker, reviewed the history of the Republican Party. To it, he credited the country's economic and social progress. Past depressions were largely due, he maintained, to Democratic attacks upon the Republican high tariff system.

The present economic setback, Mr. Fess attributed to post-war inflation and overexpansion throughout the world.

Confronted with the great crisis the President, Mr. Fess declared, acted promptly and constructively. That policy he has adhered to throughout the emergency, Mr. Fess asserted.

"No intelligent and fair-minded citizen," Mr. Fess continued, "will hesitate to concede the masterful and heroic steps immediately taken by our President to prevent the usual course of industry in times of crisis when retrenchment is the first step, where to lessen expense labor is both laid off and reduced in wage, thus widening the chasm between the producer and consumer.

"This generation will not likely fully appreciate the services of President Hoover in the part he has played in lessening the suffering during this period of world-wide depression.

"At such times critics are many and partisan criticism is bitter. All sorts of unsound nostrums and remedies are proposed, and passion and prejudice are appealed to for action.

"The need of the hour is a leader with a vision to comprehend the problem and the courage to withstand the organized clamor."

Peter F. Snyder, assistant to William N. Doak, Secretary of Labor, addressing the delegates, defended the Smoot-Hawley Tariff Act and maintained that but for it, "our commodity markets would be glutted with imported goods made to undersell and drive American producers out of business."

He also vigorously upheld the American immigration restriction policy as a protection to the American worker.

Both Parties 'Sure' of Victory In New York State Elections

Off-Year Vote to Raise Curtain on 1932 Presidential 'Show'—Roosevelt Looms Larger as One of Likely Candidates

SPECIAL FROM THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR BUREAU

NEW YORK, June 9—The curtain on 1931 politics in the Empire State will be raised officially June 30 when designating petitions will be placed in circulation for the fall elections in this so-called "off year." Henceforth, political observers foresee a continuous performance until the big scene is played in 1932.

A full Assembly will be chosen on Nov. 3 and two State Senators will be elected. With the present narrow margin held by the Republican majority in Albany, the Democrats are hopeful of decisive gains, confident that they have a considerable foothold in up-state areas through the 1930 Democratic landslide and the subsequent missionary work of James A. Farley, Democratic State Chairman, in this territory.

The Republican state organization is equally hopeful of emerging from the contest with its majority at Albany intact. In the opinion of W. Kingsland Macy, Republican State Chairman, who is confident of reëntering a Republican Assembly, "there is a better feeling in Republican ranks today than there has ever been." In so far as the national outlook is concerned, Mr. Macy said he saw no basis for believing that the Republican status of New York State would be changed in 1932, and held that its 47 electoral votes would go to the Republican candidate.

The New York Democracy has increasingly before it the growing status of Gov. Franklin D. Roosevelt as a contender for the party's presidential choice in 1932. He has just returned home from his western pilgrimage to the governors' conference at French Lick, Ind., the course of which was marked with stop-overs at most of the politically strategic points in the Buckeye State.

These ostensibly social visits have put the Governor in a stronger position than ever, his supporters hold, to press for the highest political preferment in the power of his party. They base this on contacts which he made during the trip and on information coming through the mails in daily augmenting quantities from all parts of the country. The impetus lent to his national prospects in the last month has been such, they hold, as to assure him—always supposing continued "fair weather"—the nomination on the first ballot.

The declaration by Col. Edward M. House that he would support the Roosevelt campaign has added considerably to the Governor's prestige, and is expected to strengthen him in the southern states and among the Wilsonian Democrats in the pre-convention campaign.

This sort of reckoning foresees no slip up in the Roosevelt program, but it remains that Newton D. Baker of Cleveland, Secretary of War in the Wilson Cabinet; Mr. Smith and Owen D. Young loom as powerful contenders.

Meanwhile, Democratic presidential timber has reached forest proportions in the multiplicity of names, most of them the "favorite-son" variety. According to the Governor's admirers, this is due directly to Raskob-Shouse machinations in the interests of Mr. Smith. These quarters hold that Mr. Shouse has advised state chairmen all over the country to forgo commitment thus early, unless to favorite sons. They maintain, however, that the majority of those on the list thus drawn up are favorable to the Roosevelt nomination.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE READINGS OVER WHAS

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

LOUISVILLE, Ky., June 11—A program of readings from the Bible, the works of Mary Baker Eddy and other authorized Christian Science literature will be radiocast by Station WHAS (820 kilocycles) under the auspices of Second Church of Christ, Scientist, Louisville, on Monday, June 15, at 2 p. m., central standard time.

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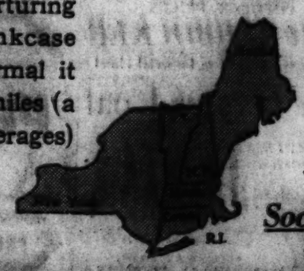

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WAR PAYMENTS RESPITE URGED BY LEVINSON

Moratorium Could Be Used to Readjust Debts Plan, He Proposes

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

CHICAGO, June 11—A moratorium on war debts and reparations for a year is urged by Salmon O. Levinson, a pioneer in promoting the doctrine of the outlawry of war embodied in the Kellogg peace pact.

During this interim, the following developments should take place, as this distinguished internationalist sees it:

The interested nations, in fact all the important financial nations, should meet together to consider the situation and to work out alternative solutions.

A committee should be appointed by the President for the preparation of a plan that would be equitable to the United States.

Within the same time—namely, in February, 1932, the great world conference on disarmament will meet in Geneva. It is practically the unanimous sentiment in this country that the United States should not participate in any further readjustment regarding reparations and debts until the burden and curse of armaments, now costing the world at least $5,000,000,000 a year, are lifted from the backs of the peoples of the world. The rule of force must cease and the rule of reason and justice must be its substitute. There is a fair and safe method of cutting down armaments drastically which will meet with the support of the peoples of all lands.

The effect of the foregoing, continued Mr. Levinson, should be to take the greatest possible step forward to the readvent of prosperity both here and abroad and, in anticipation thereof, to start the wheels of commerce moving, embolden capital, and make potent and effectual the latent forces of civilization.

"At worst for us," he added, "such a plan would only temporarily slow down the payment of our war debts, which has been proceeding far more rapidly than in any other country in the world. For the ultimate plan should provide for a reasonable but adequate bond issue by Germany from the proceeds of which the United States Government should receive a fair cash settlement of its present claims and thus all interallied and Allied debts would be eliminated."

The United States is deeply interested in the question of German reparations as a matter of mere business judgment, Mr. Levinson observed. Reviewing this situation, he said:

"The Allies have at times bitterly denounced the United States of attempting to collect the debts, as adjusted, owing to us, on the ground that they were not able to pay. At the same time the Allies, the winners of the war, have put upon Germany, the loser of the war, stripped of many of her sources of raw materials and processes of commerce, not only the entire burden of the payment of the debts of the 12 or more Allied nations to the United States, but a sum almost double that amount.

"This makes the charge against the United States not only unfair but absurd. And while Germany should be made to pay, it should be not 'the most she can,' but the 'least she must' to clean up the war mess, and at the same time safeguard her Republic and the liberty of her people.

"No one, especially in this country, wants the German people to live in economic slavery and the question is, how can all the nations interested, form a plan of regulation or readjustment which would be fair to all, and, therefore, one in which the United States should gladly join? This will take time."

Coerne's Tone Poem Gets Prize of $1000

The Ohio Federation of Music Clubs prize of $1000 for a symphonic poem has been posthumously awarded to Louis Adolphe Coerne for his tone poem "Excalibur," and the composition will be performed June 23 by the San Francisco Symphony Orchestra under the direction of Walter Damrosch. Dr. Coerne passed away in September of 1922. Mrs. Coerne lives in Brookline, Mass.

Judges in the contest were the conductor of the Los Angeles Symphony Orchestra, Dr. Rodzinski; Dr. Modest Alloo, dean of music at the University of California, and Edward Schneider of San Francisco.

Dr. Coerne was born in Newark, N. J., in 1870. He took his early musical education in Germany and France. At the Royal Academy of Music in Munich he was graduated in 1893 with highest honors.

His influence on musical education in the United States was important and included periods of teaching at Harvard, Smith, Olivet Colleges and the University of Wisconsin. He was the composer of many hundreds of compositions, some 400 of which have been published. "Excalibur" was his last and probably his greatest work.

WEATHER PREDICTIONS

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU REPORT

Boston and Vicinity: Cloudy and not quite so cool tonight; Friday fair and much warmer; gentle to moderate variable winds.

Maine: Cloudy tonight; Friday partly cloudy; somewhat warmer in interior.

Remaining New England States: Cloudy tonight; Friday partly cloudy and somewhat warmer.

Atlantic coast, north of Sandy Hook: Moderate north and northeast winds and mostly overcast weather tonight and Friday.

Official Temperatures

(Standard time, 75th meridian)

	8 a.m. June11	Max. June10		8 a.m. June11	Max. June10
Atlantic City	60	60	Nantucket	50	58
Bismarck, N.D.	58	62	New Orleans	74	88
Boston	56	57	New York	60	60
Buffalo	60	74	Norfolk, Va.	68	68
Calgary	46		North Platte	60	82
Charleston	76	80	Philadelphia	64	64
Chicago	70	78	Phoenix, Ariz.	74	98
Cincinnati	70	80	Pittsburgh	58	74
Denver	50	72	Portland, Me.	56	56
Eastport, Me.	50	52	Raleigh	70	78
Hatteras	70	76	St. Louis	72	84
Helena, Mont.	52	72	St. Paul	70	76
Huron, S. D.	66	74	Salt Lake City	60	74
Jacksonville	74	86	San Francisco	56	66
Kansas City	64	84	Santa Fe, N.M.	48	66
Key West	82	88	Seattle	54	64
Los Angeles	64	76	Washington	66	70
Memphis	76	90	Tampa	74	94
Miami, Fla.	82	86	Wichita, Kan.	62	84
Montreal	70		Williston, N.D.	60	74

High Tides at Boston

Thursday 8:52 p. m., Friday 9:19 a. m.
Height of tides 9 feet, 8 feet.

Light all vehicles at 8:51 p. m.

GIFT FOR PROFESSOR O'NEIL

Prof. Leo Drew O'Neil, head of the economics department in Boston University's college of business administration and director of the evening division, received a traveling bag from his students at a farewell dinner tendered him last night. The presentation was made by J. Harold Frankel of Chelsea, evening division student board president.

Restaurants

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Susan Prince
LUNCHEON 50c-75c DINNER 85c-$1
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Dinner served 5:30 to 7:00 P. M.
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Ready for Cross-Country Journey

OKLAHOMA TOURISTS IN BOSTON
Party Plans to Go Back by Way of New York and Atlantic City.

Oklahoma Party Enjoys 'Open Road'

The joys of the open road in the days of the old-time stagecoach—rattling over hill and dale, pausing for midday refreshment at a roadside tavern, then on until nightfall when travelers fetched up at the cheerful hearthside of a friendly hostelry—this, with all the comforts of modern times, is what a group of far-western folks enjoyed in an 18-day bus trip from Tulsa, Okla., to Boston.

This is the third excursion of this kind which Miss Elizabeth M. Cordsen of Tulsa arranged. Passengers came from Houston, Dallas, El Paso and Borger, Tex.; Tulsa and Norman, Okla. One person came from Oakland, Calif., joining her sister at Norman, and at St. Louis another passenger was picked up. The round trip can be made for $75, with an equal amount for hotel expenses. The railroad fare one way amounts to approximately $68.

An average of about 350 miles a day is covered. Stops at the best hotels are made. The bus is equipped with radio. According to Miss Cordsen, everyone has a jolly time. "When it rains," she says, "we sing it away." Coming East, the party stopped at Niagara Falls, spending the night at the Cataract House. It was here that Abraham Lincoln stopped on one of his few trips into the East, and heard the roar of the falls during the night in contrast to the solitude of the Illinois prairie.

Tomorrow the party will set out for home, going by way of New York, where they will spend a day in sightseeing. Early the following morning they will proceed to Atlantic City, where they will have luncheon. From there the bus will head for Uniontown, in the beautiful Cumberland Mountains. Indianapolis is the scheduled resting place the following day, then Rolla, Mo., and Tulsa about sunset the next evening.

Tonight at the Pops

TUFTS NIGHT

Hungarian March, "Rakoczy".....Berlioz
"Sakuntala," Overture.....Goldmark
"Prince Igor," Polovetzkian Dances
Borodin
Tufts Songs
"Rhapsody in Blue".....Gershwin
(Soloist: Jesús María Sanromá)
"Song of India".....Rimsky-Korsakoff
Tufts Airs
"Sheep and Goat" (Walkin' to the Pasture).....Guion
"Two Hearts in ¾ Time".....Stolz
"Light Cavalry," Overture.....Suppé

EVENTS TONIGHT

Newton Civic Arts Association: Pop Concert program, Newton Center playground, 8.

Boston Flying Club: Dinner dance for new members, Egyptian Room, Hotel Brunswick.

Harry E. Burroughs Newsboys Foundation: Concert by Foundation orchestra, auditorium, 16 Somerset Street, 8.

Benefit performance of operetta, "Maid of Wistaria," ballroom, Hotel Statler, 8.

Federal Employees' Union, Local No. 28: Meeting, Hotel Bradford, 8.

Theaters

Wilbur—"High Hat," 8:30.
Fine Arts—"By Rocket to the Moon" (film) 1 to 11 p. m.

EVENTS TOMORROW

Children's Museum of Boston: Illustrated talk, "The Japanese, Their Life and Customs," 10; motion picture talk on "Honey Bees," 12:15; Olmstead Park, Jamaica Plain.

Exhibitions

Museum of Fine Arts, Huntington Avenue—Admission free. Open weekdays from 10 to 5, except Mondays, when the museum is closed. Sundays, 1 to 5. Free guidance in the galleries Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday at 11 o'clock. Special exhibitions; bookplates by Sydney Lawton Smith, recent gift of Mr. J. M. Andreini; chiaroscuro prints; early Italian engraving; designs for ornament, sixteenth to eighteenth centuries; modern French paintings lent by John T. Spaulding, through September; loan exhibit of water colors by Winslow Homer; nineteenth century landscapes and seascapes; British mezzotint portraits.

Fogg Art Museum, Corner Quincy Street and Broadway, Cambridge—Weekdays, 9 to 5; Sundays, 1 to 5; admission free. English water colors of the early nineteenth century, including examples by Turner and Ruskin; French drawings.

Isabella Stewart Gardner Museum, Fenway Court—Open on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays from 10 to 4; admission fee 25 cents; Sundays from 1 to 4, admission free.

Robert C. Vose Galleries, 559 Boylston Street—Decorative paintings of the eighteenth century by English and continental masters.

Casson Galleries, 575 Boylston Street—Etchings in color by D. P. Tyson.

Grace Horne's Galleries, Stuart Street at Dartmouth—Water colors by John Whorf, paintings in tempera by Knut Suendsen, etchings by Anne Goldthwaite.

Scherver Studios, 685 Boylston Street—Etchings and engravings.

For other exhibitions see Monday's Monitor.

SILK PLANT SOLD

WATERTOWN, Conn., June 11 (AP)—Sale of the entire plant and real estate of the Belding Heminway Silk Company of this town to the Star Investment Corporation was announced last night by M. Heminway Merriman, chairman of the board of the local plant. The purchasing organization, it was reported, is a holding corporation for the Princeton Rayon Company of Petersburg, Va.

LEA & PERRINS SAUCE
1 part, and 2 parts hot melted butter makes the perfect dressing for FRESH VEGETABLES

Davis Favors Stand Against the Soviet

Refusal of the United States to recognize the Soviet Government was upheld yesterday by John W. Davis in the course of his argument in the Suffolk Superior Court. Mr. Davis former Democratic candidate for the Presidency of the United States, is representing the Midland Bank Ltd. of London, Eng., in a suit involving about $4,116,420, originally deposited there by the Merchants Bank of Moscow. About $45,800 of this amount has been trusteed in the Atlantic National and the National Shawmut Banks of Boston.

The suit here is brought by the Universal Adjustment Company of Massachusetts, which claims to hold the last and final assignment by the officials of the Moscow bank, now defunct. The plaintiff brought the suit in this Commonwealth with an attachment of the funds in the Boston banks as money of the London bank.

At the hearing yesterday, it was proposed that the Massachusetts courts refuse jurisdiction in the matter, and send the litigants to London, where the bulk of the money is on deposit and where other suits involving the title of the money are pending.

Mr. Davis pointed out that the London bank was interested in seeing that the money was paid over to its rightful owners and if paid to the Universal Adjustment Company, the Midland Bank would not be protected or credited with the amount of money involved in the suit but would have to pay it over again to the ultimate owners according to the decision of the English courts.

Reginald Goddard, English law expert, former counsel in Russian bank cases before the Privy Council and witness at yesterday's hearing expressed the opinion that the Moscow bank has the right to maintain suit against the Midland Bank which could be exposed to payment of the money twice if the amount deposited in the Boston banks were paid to the Universal Adjustment Company here.

In the evening, Mr. Davis was guest at a dinner given by Joseph B. Ely at the Copley-Plaza Hotel.

Value of World Court Stressed

That the World Court is essential to the maintainance of peace and order, was stressed by Raymond T. Rich, secretary of the Massachusetts Citizens Committee on the World Court, in an address before the Dedham Rotary Club this week.

Mr. Rich declared that American citizens now have investments abroad exceeding $17,800,000,000 and a marginal trade of more than $8,000,000,000 a year, which requires protection. In addition to these, he said, there are some 400,000 American citizens living permanently or semi-permanently in other countries. "Not only American wealth," he said, "but also American lives must, therefore, be protected by the United States Government. This is dependent upon the maintainance of public order which, in turn, requires the administration of justice."

Mr. Rich concluded that to assure justice in cases of legal disputes is the purpose of the World Court and to block it is to obstruct better times.

New England Notes Products Value Rise

New England's industrial production, as measured by value of products plus value added through manufacture, increased 9 per cent between 1927 and 1929, the New England Council points out in the current issue of its publication. For example, the value of standing timber would be worth one figure, while the value of timber after going through the mills and manufacturing concerns would have an additional worth to be included in the total value of that commodity, it explains.

Compiling reports of the United States Census of Manufactures, now available for the six New England states, the council's publication shows that Connecticut registered the greatest gain with 20 per cent increase in value added through the process of manufacture. Rhode Island was second with 15 per cent.

Concerning actual increase in manufacturing activity Connecticut ranked first and accounted for 52 per cent of New England's total increase over 1927. Massachusetts and Rhode Island came next, accounting for 25 and 16 per cent respectively. Connecticut, Maine and Rhode Island were the only states to show increase in the number of manufacturing establishments and in the number of wage earners, the council says.

Not Hardware, Just Plain Fish

Although winged skates are practically unknown to American consumers of sea food, in taste they are similar to halibut, according to W. D. Russo, a dealer in special kinds of fish brought into the Eastern Packet Pier which adjoins the picturesque T Wharf, the former Fish Pier. Winged skates are only one of an assortment of ground and deep sea fish which Italian fishermen cabin for distribution among the Chinese, Jewish and Latin quarters of Boston.

Eastern Packet Pier resembles a part of sunny Italy, in its brilliant array of multi-hued boats, mostly high-sided, short-ended affairs, with powerful gasoline and Diesel motors. Stalls on the pier resemble an oceanographical or biological laboratory, with their buckets of squid, octopi, red fish, snails and periwinkles.

Mr. Russo says that Americans are too busy or in too much of a hurry to bother with what he regards as very delectable sea foods due to the fact that the unusual fish brought in at the Eastern Packet Pier must be prepared in a special manner. The most tasty morsels are protected by bony shells of intricate formation and must be "shelled" with unusual care, he said.

In the course of a year thousands of pounds of these baby cetici, brilliant red fish and such oddities of the sea are shipped to dealers in the "foreign" quarters of all large cities in the country, Mr. Russo said. This fishing fleet is operated largely by Italians who are descendants of fishermen from southern Italy.

Old 'Brontosaurus,' 70 Feet Over All, 120,000,000 Years Old, Shown at Yale

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 11—The Peabody Museum of Yale University today opened for exhibition "Brontosaurus," known as the "Thunder Saurian," a huge dinosaur nearly 70 feet long and 16 feet high at the hips, the skeleton of which weighs 6½ tons. One of the largest reptiles the world has ever seen, its age is estimated by Prof. Richard S. Lull, director of the Peabody Museum, at 120,000,000 years. Its weight when alive is believed to have been between 37 and 40 tons.

"Yale's 'Thunder Saurian' was a quadrupedal, plant-feeding dinosaur," Professor Lull said. "It is among the largest animals the world has ever seen, except for a few of the greatest of modern whales. This huge weight, together with the massive limb bones with their roughened ends, and the superlative lightness of construction of the vertebral column, leads one to suppose that the creature in life was largely water-borne, a wader rather than an efficient swimmer, as the hippopotamus is today.

"The relatively small mouth was armed with spoon-shaped teeth in front, which, together with the single claw borne on each fore foot, must have been used for detaching and securing the large masses of some very abundant water plants that flourished in the subtropical climate of that time.

"The environment, as we visualize it, consisted of low-lying lands interspersed by streams and bayous of sluggish water in which dwelt 'Brontosaurus,' 'Camrasaurus' and other amphibious dinosaurs, while the grotesque 'Stegosaurus,' which stands in the hall near by, together with 'Camptosaurus,' a lightly built bipedal form, and the carnivore 'Allosaurus' and others roamed the lands. 'Brontosaurus' may have come ashore occasionally, but it could not have been a frequent habit. A miniature habitat group in this hall depicts the scene."

In designing the Peabody Museum some years ago, especial thought was given to this stupendous beast and the Great Hall was constructed mainly as a future habitat of this one animal, with its lesser relatives grouped around it in the form of satellites. This entailed not only adequate dimensions and lighting, but structural strength sufficiently disposed to carry the great weight of the mounted specimen.

DEAN OF WOMEN NAMED

DURHAM, N. H., June 11 (AP)—E. M. Lewis, president of the University of New Hampshire, yesterday announced the appointment of Ruth Jackson Woodruff as dean of women to succeed Elisabeth P. Demeritt, who recently resigned after holding the office 12 years. Miss Woodruff, a graduate of Bryn Mawr, holds a Ph. D. degree from Radcliffe.

Get In, While Getting In Is Good

Here is a real opportunity for an ambitious man with a small amount of capital and a determination to succeed in business for himself.

There are sections of the country where you could not buy a Bowes "SEAL FAST" distributing franchise for thousands of dollars. However, there are other sections where good territories are still open to you, merely awaiting development to rank among the most productive and profitable of all the territories in the United States.

We offer you a wonderful opportunity to establish yourself in the wholesale distributing business with high grade, nationally known, nationally advertised automotive products. We defy anyone to find its equal as a bona fide, exclusive wholesale sales franchise on automotive products. To receive consideration, applicant must be of proven character; reliable and financially responsible. Must also be a man with the capacity to apply systematic, industrious sales and merchandising methods. Wire or write — President, Bowes "SEAL FAST" Corporation, Indianapolis, Indiana.

8 day Cruise
$90 BUFFALO DULUTH and return
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ENFORCEMENT 'TIGHTENING UP,' McBRIDE FINDS

Anti-Saloon League Head Says Rackets Are Being Smashed

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

WASHINGTON, June 11—Returning from a trip during which he visited 10 states extending from New Jersey to Missouri, F. Scott McBride, general superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League, today declared that federal enforcement was effectively smashing racketeer activities and powerfully strengthening the prohibition cause.

At no time since the enactment of the Eighteenth Amendment, Mr. McBride said, was the outlook better for prohibition. Under the enforcement program pressed by President Hoover, he declared, prohibition is "tightening up."

At the same time that Mr. McBride was reporting his observations, Leonidas C. Dyer (R.), Representative from Missouri, a wet, was departing from an extremely brief "conference" with President Hoover, during which he declared, he urged upon the President the restoration of the sale and the manufacture of beer.

Mr. Dyer was closeted with the President less than two minutes. He issued a statement of over 1000 words covering the views he announced he laid before the President. These were to the effect that the return of beer would add a $1,000,000,000 annually in federal revenue and give jobs to 100,000 workers.

The White House made no comment on Mr. Dyer's extended press interview, except to pointedly observe that he was with the President for but a few hasty moments.

Before Mr. Dyer issued this statement the proposition was pronounced absurd by the national W. C. T. U. in an analysis of the situation, pointing out that to obtain such a yearly revenue, every man, woman and child in 12 states and the District of Columbia would have to drink 2½ gallons of beer a day.

Mr. McBride declared that investigation by the Government has revealed that 80 per cent of the rackets are in no way associated with the illicit liquor traffic. One of the arguments of the wets, he asserted is therefore thoroughly exploded.

"Al Capone recently said," Mr. McBride declared, "'my troubles began with prohibition.' One of his associates when asked recently whether the repeal of prohibition would put an end to his business, answered that the profits of liquor racketeering would be very much greater if any legalized sales system were substituted for prohibition. The volume of sale would be greater, and the gangster, under threat, would take the larger toll.

"The gangs can be pulverized and destroyed in 30 days in Chicago and elsewhere if they are taken out from under the protecting arm of the corrupt politician. Prohibition under the present enforcement program is tightening up. The present outlook is the best since the enactment of the Eighteenth Amendment."

ADVERTISING CLUB MEMBERS TO SAIL

Nearly 200 members of the Advertising Club of Boston will leave for New York on Saturday on the Eastern Steamship Lines steamer New York. They are to attend the twenty-seventh annual meeting of the Advertising Federation of America, to be held at the Hotel Pennsylvania June 14-18.

The entire top deck of the steamer has been reserved by the party. The New York will be accompanied down Boston harbor by a fleet of airplanes, while photographs of the delegation on the hurricane deck will be taken from the planes above. When the ship reaches Cape Cod Canal, a group of friends will line the banks to give the party a final sendoff.

MOORS AGAIN HEADS WELFARE SOCIETY

John F. Moors, president of the Family Welfare Society since 1914, was reëlected for another year yesterday at the monthly meeting of the directors. A report of the work accomplished in May among 1995 families in need and of the expenditures for relief of 1651 families receiving intensive care—an increase of 12 per cent over May, 1930—was read by Malcolm S. Nichols, general secretary.

The directors announced the appointment of Miss Antonette Marto as junior case worker. Miss Marto will begin her new duties immediately. In addition, the offices of two vice-presidents, a clerk, a treasurer, financial secretary, general secretary, assistant treasurer and 14 directors were filled.

Monitor News on Air Daily From WHDH

AROUND the world of news in 15 minutes is featured by The Christian Science Monitor in its daily broadcast from Station WHDH (361 meters-830 kilocycles). This program, entitled "The Monitor Views the News," is given each weekday at 6:30 p. m. (E. D. T.)

Colonial Village To Open June 15

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

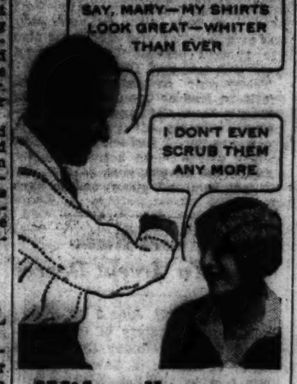
SPRINGFIELD, Mass., June 11—Storrowtown, the New England colonial village, will be open again this summer on the Eastern States Exposition grounds in West Springfield.

This village, the gift of Mrs. James J. Storrow of Boston, with its quaint structures and wealth of antiques and historical interest, will be open daily from June 15 to Oct. 15.

Among the buildings in Storrowtown are the Gilbert homestead, an early Massachusetts farmhouse; the Eddy law office, fitted with original furnishings and rare old volumes, some the property of Zachariah Eddy himself; the Potter mansion where groups will be entertained in the tavern ballroom and summer kitchen; the stone blacksmith shop in operation; the schoolhouse and church and a Cape Cod cottage built in Taunton in 1767.

Among the summer exhibits in the town hall will be modern reproductions of old designs in patchwork and quilting and of old and new Shaker furniture made and used by the Shakers of New England.

An old-fashioned strawberry and ice cream festival will feature the opening day followed in the evening by an old-time dance in the town hall ballroom. A huge barn, brought from Greenwich, will be added to the Storrowtown group this summer and will supplement the town hall as an auditorium and for exhibitions.



Wife tells secret of *whiter washes*

"NOT only your shirts, but my whole wash looks whiter! My colored things look bright as new. For I've changed to Rinso, and I don't need to scrub or boil. That saves the clothes—saves me!"

Real soapy suds

Cup for cup, Rinso gives twice as much suds as light, puffed-up soaps Creamy, *lasting* suds that loosen dirt. No softener needed.

The makers of 40 famous washers recommend Rinso. Great for dishwashing, too! Get the BIG package.

MILLIONS USE RINSO in tub, washer and dishpan

"It tastes like a party"

"I want some more." Little Billy Downes' chubby hands were extended, grasping his empty glass. He had just had his first taste of Burnett's Vanillamilk. Before that he always had to be coaxed to drink milk. Now he teases for it "fixed the party way." It is easy, simple, and good for children. Pour a glassful of milk, add a little sugar and half a teaspoon of Burnett's Vanilla. Try it for your children's supper tonight.

BURNETT'S
FLAVORING EXTRACTS
437 D Street, Boston

OPPORTUNITY STILL KNOCKS . . . . . AND IS ANSWERED

In the past two years, outside capital has invested $70,000,000 in Kansas City industries . . $30,000,000 in office buildings . . . a fair gauge of the unusual opportunity offered by the great Southwest, with its abundant supply of raw materials. Here, 1,290 concerns now make 1,243 different products . . . 200 more could be manufactured at a decided saving. 1,782,666 persons live within 100 miles . . . in the fourteen states served by Kansas City are 21,000,000 people. Central location gives Kansas City superior transportation . . . rail, highway, air, water. The coupon will bring you complete information about this unusual opportunity.

Industrial Committee of the Chamber of Commerce, Room 266
KANSAS CITY
MISSOURI
Yes, you may send me the fact book on the Kansas City market.
Name .....
Firm or Business .....
Address 266

GENERAL COURT BRINGS TO CLOSE ITS 1931 SESSION

Supplementary Budget Bill Is Passed and Signed by Governor Ely

With the warm praises of Gov. Joseph B. Ely ringing in the ears of members, the Massachusetts General Court was prorogued last night. During the 1931 sessions 529 new laws were passed, 11 acts were vetoed by the Governor and 10 of his vetoes were sustained.

The supplementary budget bill, raising the state tax from $7,000,000 to $7,500,000 and calling for additional appropriations of $1,311,812.39, was the last signed by the Governor. Previous to that he attached his signature to the bond issue measure for highway construction in the Metropolitan District.

Legislation providing for construction of a pier at Buzzard's Bay, Cape Cod, for facilitation of freight and passenger traffic became law when the Governor also signed this measure.

The outstanding feature of the 1931 session was summarized by Gaspar G. Bacon, president of the State Senate, as the departure from the long-established pay-as-you-go policy of a conservative scheme for borrowing $12,759,000 on four and five-year notes for public works construction in a plan to relieve unemployment.

A special feature of the construction program was the relief of cities and towns for a period of two years from the assessments usually levied on them for maintenance and repair of state highways.

The second major achievement of the Legislature, in the opinion of Mr. Bacon, was the adoption of a 28-year plan of public extension control for the Boston Elevated Railway. A further accomplishment was the solution of the redistricting problem by which the State's congressional districts were reduced from 16 to 15.

An additional one-cent gasoline tax raising the full tax to three cents and the Old Age Pension Act with provisions for meeting this expense by a $1 head tax on all male voters were other important measures passed.

JAPANESE DOCK STAFF CUT

KOBE, Japan, June 10 (AP)—Three thousand employees of the Kawasaka dockyards are being discharged, presumably owing to the absence of orders and a necessity for financial readjustments. The yard employs 8400 men.

CO-OPERATIVES DISCUSS WORK OF FARM BOARD

Show Willingness to Do What They Can to Further Program

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

MANHATTAN, Kan., June 11—The Federal Farm Board's administration of the Agricultural Marketing Act is being subjected to a barrage of friendly and constructive criticism at the seventh annual American Institute of Coöperation in session here this week.

Addresses and formal discussions before the 1000 delegates from 32 states during the first three days' sessions revealed the increasing desire manifest by the coöperatives of the country to work harmoniously with the Farm Board, being eager to advance all phases of the cause of a more dependable agriculture. Also the tenor of informal discussions over those of a year ago is much more favorable toward the Farm Board, according to observers of both.

Speaking before a general session on the lessons learned from merchandising problems of older coöperatives, Paul S. Armstrong, Los Angeles, assistant general manager of the California Fruit Growers' Exchange, said:

"We are quite in agreement with those who hold that 'the law of supply and demand' cannot be repealed. The effect of this immutable law, however, can be materially altered by tinkering with 'supply' on the one hand and with 'demand' on the other, separately or at the same time.

"For many years the California Fruit Growers' Exchange has worked assiduously on each of these factors. Since 1907 the Sunkist organization has maintained a consistent advertising program, investing over the intervening period some $13,000,000 or about 1 per cent of gross sales in advertising and educational work.

"This season, when the bumper crop was assured, the directors of the exchange, in spite of the urge for rigid economy under the conditions prevailing, added 2 cents per box to the orange advertising appropriation to meet the emergency and stimulate consumer demand to the utmost at the moderate price level assured by the large production.

"Although returns to the grower for the season to date have been but a small amount above his cost of production, it is gratifying and gives one renewed confidence in the consuming capacity of this country to know that total citrus sales to date are about 130,000 cars and exceed the volume of any previous year by 8000 cars."

Discussing his subject out of his experience as general manager of the coöperative Land o'Lakes Creameries, A. J. McGuire of Minneapolis declared farmers should not attempt to organize coöperative creameries even in intensive dairy communities unless they have enough cream to make between 250,000 and 1,000,000 pounds of butter each year, have $15,000 to $25,000 to invest in a plant, and possess a flair for coöperation and good business management.

"The ultimate success of coöperation depends upon its educational program. A close working relationship between the coöperatives and the public school system is therefore of vital importance." This declaration was made by W. P. Beard, state director of vocational education, Pierre, S. D., before the Educational Relationships Conference.

He pointed out that someone will raise the objection that coöperation is of insufficient use to a large number of students. "But the fact that many of those now in school will some time have to decide on the advisability of coöperation in certain specific instances should be sufficient reason for presenting it to young people," he explained.

In the development of a working program for the National Livestock Marketing Association, P. O. Wilson, Chicago, the manager, outlined the following problems that are being attacked and studied: Orderly marketing with a view to eliminating the disturbing feast-and-famine market supplies; elimination of wasteful systems of livestock distribution; better means of keeping livestock producers closely informed as to the supply and prospective demand, and stimulation of the consumption of meats by advertising and by coöperating with the packers and other organizations in educational campaigns.

STRIVE FOR PEACE, CADETS ARE URGED

WEST POINT, N. Y., June 11 (AP)—Frederick H. Payne, Assistant Secretary of War, today counseled 296 cadets being graduated at the United States Military Academy that "our army is maintained to preserve the peace—not to provoke war."

"Ours is a peace-loving nation," he said. "The professional officer above all others should visualize clearly the sufferings and hardships of war, and should be active in studying methods by which such catastrophes may be avoided."

AIR INDUSTRY TO CO-ORDINATE LEGAL EFFORTS

Experts to Form Staff of Clearing House for Exchange of Data

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

NEW YORK, June 10—Legal and legislative activities of the aviation industry will be coördinated through a committee of experts appointed by the Aeronautical Chamber of Commerce of America, according to announcement by Charles L. Lawrance, president, today.

The committee, which will be headed by Chester W. Cuthell, a lawyer of New York, will coöperate with the recently formed American Academy of Air Law and the air law committee of the American Bar Association, Mr. Lawrance said. It will act as a clearing house for the collection and dissemination of information on state and national legislation and important judicial decisions, he explained.

"The industry will be kept informed on the progress of every new bill affecting aviation introduced and every new regulation or court case which arises," the announcement said. "Briefs outlining the views of the aviation industry will be presented only in such important cases as may be authorized by the executive committee or board of governors of the chamber, although experts on the chamber's new legal and legislative committee may work with counsel of member corporations as may be required in the preparation of their cases.

"In general, the industry will urge as little legislation as possible and undertake to oppose only such legislation as seems to be contrary to the best interests of the industry as a whole."

The board of governors of the Chamber of Commerce has instructed the committee to oppose state gasoline taxes and work toward the lightening of tax burdens generally during the infancy of the industry, the announcement said.

GOLD-SEEKING FOR WORKLESS

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

BRISBANE, Queensl.—More than 2000 men are prospecting for gold, copper, silver-lead, and tin in different parts of Queensland under the unemployment relief scheme. Many of the men are making wages. Parties of prospectors are working under the guidance of mining experts.

Curb Markets Help North Carolina Farmers Market Surplus Produce

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

CHARLOTTE, N. C.—Home demonstration curb markets established in 29 towns of North Carolina by home demonstration agents, give the farm women a new incentive to work, according to Mrs. W. R. Neville, of Halifax County, marketing leader for her county.

"It isn't half as hard to milk a cow twice every day if you know you can dispose of the surplus milk and butter," Mrs. Neville said. "It used to be when we needed a few extra dollars we would take a few chickens, some butter and eggs to town.

"After trying the stores, hotels and some private homes, and hearing the same old story, 'I'm sorry; I've just bought,' or 'I don't need any today,' we would go back home tired out, the gas all gone, put the butter back on the pantry shelf and turn the chickens loose in the same old yard. But the picture is now changing. The curb market is bringing the buyer and seller together as nothing else does."

Mrs. Neville said that the Rosemary—Roanoke Rapids curb market at which she sells, has paid the producers nearly $3000 in 12 weeks of operation.

The first Saturday 25 women sold $104.13. This was doubled the next Saturday, with sales amounting to $208.94. The high point of sales was made March 16 when $260.57 worth of surplus produce from farms was disposed of. There are now 92 farm men and women selling on the market.

World Court Month by Month

THE HAGUE—The World Court activities in May centered chiefly round the Polish German minority schools case, regarding which the court on May 15 delivered an advisory opinion with practical unanimity, 11 votes to 1, to the effect that "the children who were excluded from the German minority schools on the basis of the language tests provided for in the Council's resolution of March 12, 1927, cannot now, by reason of this circumstance, be refused access to these schools."

The Court, in explaining its judgment, considered inter alia that the above-mentioned resolution of the Council of the League of Nations did not establish a special and permanent solution for the children in question. The Council simply adopted an "exceptional" measure solely intended to meet a temporary situation, namely, the question of a large number of children whose admission to German schools had been applied for but had been refused.

* * *

The Court laid special emphasis on the fact that it had already, in 1928, given an interpretation of the minority treaty between Poland and Germany, and the Court by its present advisory opinion wholly maintained this previous interpretation. According to the Court, the only object of the system of language tests and its only consequence, was to ascertain whether children could profitably attend schools in which literary German was the language of instruction. The council did not intend to replace the system of declarations on the part of parents or persons responsible for the education of children, provided in Articles 74 and 131 of the convention, the legal scope of which was disputed, by another system.

As was specifically stated, the legal issue was left open, and it was only solved by the Court's judgment of April 26, 1928.

* * *

By this decision the Polish standpoint, that the language tests—which were granted for the school years 1926-1927 and 1927-1928—were to be a permanent institution, has been rejected, while the German view is adopted, that for subsequent years only the declarations of parents are required, in order to obtain access to the German minority schools, in Polish Upper Silesia.

* * *

The Court is fully occupied with several cases in which Poland is a party. The next case, which will probably be taken up toward the beginning of August, is that between Lithuania and Poland, which has been submitted to the Court for an advisory opinion concerning railway traffic between the two countries on the railway sector Landwarow-Kaisiadorys. The Lithuanian Government has appointed Mr. Venceslas Sidzikauskas, Lithuanian Minister at Berlin, as its agent to represent it before the Court, while Prof. André N. Mandelstam, member of the Institute of International Law and of the International Diplomatic Academy, will act as its counsel. The Polish Government has appointed Jean Mrozowski, president of the Supreme Court of Warsaw, as its agent.

* * *

The point at stake in this case is, whether the existing treaties do or do not oblige Lithuania to open up certain railway lines in order to render transit through Lithuania possible, which is of interest to east Prussia for traffic with the Baltic States and other countries.

The difficulty has been that Lithuania maintained that a state of war still exists between Lithuania and Poland, although a modus vivendi has been established, as the Council of the League of Nations thought it inadmissible that such a state should be liable to exist between two members of the League of Nations. Lithuania had maintained the stoppage of all railway traffic across the frontier, and negotiations for the purpose of reopening it have been without avail.

* * *

Another case, to be taken up by the Court, is that between Poland and Danzig, concerning the treatment of Polish citizens, or citizens of Polish language, in the Free City of Danzig. This is in fact a question of the treatment of the Polish minority in Danzig and the Court will therefore have to give an interpretation of Article 33 of the Polish-Danzig convention.

An article in the peace treaty provides that if a convention should be concluded between Poland and Danzig, it shall provide for equal treatment of Polish persons in Danzig. This provision has been embodied in the Paris convention between Danzig and Poland. It is a question, therefore, of interpretation as to what is equal treatment.

ORATORY PRIZE AWARDED

PITTSBURGH, June 10 (AP)—Walter C. Brinker of Denver, Colo., won the first prize in the national public speaking contest, held under the auspices of the American Institute of Banking, it was announced today.

John Howard Payne, author of "Home Sweet Home" was born 140 years ago—June 9th, 1791

IS there anything that matters quite so much as *owning* your own little home for *your own* little flock? Are you going to be a rent-payer all your life? Why not do as others are doing—lay the foundation to success and happiness by building dollar upon dollar in a "Home-of-your-own-Account" at this 72-year old institution—the banking home for the savings of 185,000 depositors.

ON THE AIR NEXT WEDNESDAY
WABC—7:15 P. M.
A Drama of Old New York
"When 14th St. Was a Lovers' Lane"

CENTRAL SAVINGS BANK
4th Ave. at 14th St.
B'way. at 73rd St.
NEW YORK CITY
Resources Over 220 Millions

QUALITY FOR 76 YEARS

Yes, Better Than Fresh Peanuts

MONARCH PEANUT BUTTER is really better than fresh peanuts because the bitter germ or "heart" and all the "skin" are carefully removed. To begin with, only the finest selected Virginia peanuts are ground so smoothly and evenly that Monarch Peanut Butter makes a most delicious spread for bread. Children say, "Monarch is the best Peanut Butter," and children are good judges.

More than 250 Monarch Super-Quality Foods are sold and guaranteed by 50,000 Independent Grocers.

Ton for ton . . . . mile for mile

Chevrolet six-cylinder trucks cost less to operate

Sedan Delivery—Inside dimensions 49½ inches long, 44⅛ inches wide, 42¼ inches high. Panels approximately 4 feet square. Price $575.

1½-Ton Panel Truck—Disc wheels standard. Price including body $760. Half-ton panel truck with 109" wheelbase with body $555. Disc wheels.

1½-Ton 131-Inch Cab and Platform Truck. Price including body $680. Dual wheels $25 extra. With 157" wheelbase $770. Dual wheels standard.

1½-Ton 131-Inch High and Wide Express Truck—Price including body $715. Dual wheels $25 extra. With 157" wheelbase $800. Dual wheels standard equipment.

1½-Ton 131-Inch Stock Rack Truck—Price including body $730. Dual wheels optional, $25 extra. With 157" wheelbase $830. Dual wheels standard equipment.

To make your hauling on a minimum cost basis—and keep it there—put Chevrolet six-cylinder trucks to work. Leading firms everywhere are practicing this sound economy. They are finding, by actual experience, that Chevrolet trucks give a lower transportation cost than any other trucks of equal capacity on the market.

Take fuel consumption. By actual figures, Chevrolet has definitely disproved the old theory that a six uses more gasoline than a four. Because of modern, efficient engine design, Chevrolet sedan deliveries are frequently giving 20 miles to the gallon or better; and Chevrolet 1½-ton trucks are making records that are relatively just as high.

Then there is the important matter of upkeep and repairs. On account of the ruggedness of Chevrolet bodies and chassis, service expense is held to the absolute minimum. "20,000 miles without opening the engine for service," "Always on the job," "It just goes and goes and goes," are typical remarks of Chevrolet six-cylinder truck operators. And from the standpoint of long life, many a Chevrolet speedometer reads 50,000 miles or more, yet the truck is still giving reliable service at low cost.

As a result of this economy and durability—Chevrolets are becoming more and more the majority choice in every truck-using field. Public utilities, oil corporations, packers—the recognized leaders of American industry—are using large fleets of Chevrolet six-cylinder units.

Be guided by the judgment and experience of large fleet operators—rely on Chevrolet six-cylinder trucks. A wide variety of Chevrolet-built bodies is now available to meet the special needs of many different kinds of hauling work. Delivered prices of Chevrolet trucks, complete and ready for work, are based on low chassis-cost and low body-cost, plus only reasonable charges for handling and financing.

1½-ton chassis with 131" wheelbase **$520**
(Dual wheels optional, $25 extra)
1½-ton chassis with 157" wheelbase **$590**
(Dual wheels standard)
Commercial chassis **$355**
All truck chassis prices f. o. b. Flint, Michigan. All truck body prices f. o. b. Indianapolis, Ind. Special equipment extra.

Intercollegiate, Club and Professional Athletic News of the World

MISS HICKS AND MRS. HURD IN TIE

Playing Together, These Two Golf Stars Battle in Perfect Style

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

ROSLYN, N. Y., June 11—The women's eastern golf championship, scheduled to end yesterday on the links of the Engineers' Country Club, overflowed into this afternoon, when Helen L. Hicks of the Inwood Country Club, Inwood, N. Y., and Mrs. Dorothy Campbell Hurd of the Merion Cricket Club, Haverford, Pa., ended their 54 holes in a tie for the title at 263 strokes each. They had played together, in the third round, and the battle was fought to the finish in perfect style, with the Philadelphian sinking an eight-foot putt on the home green to accomplish the tie, in spite of a rainstorm which soaked the green and made judging extremely difficult.

It was the storm as much as any other thing which deprived Edith A. Quier, the Reading (Pa.) player who represents the Berkshire Country Club, of the title. She had started with a lead of four strokes for the final round, and kept three of these until the next to last tee. But on the seventeenth hole she drove into the rough, and before the ball landed in the hole, 11 strokes had been accumulated, and she could do no better than 268, which put her in fifth position.

Jane McCullough of the Huntingdon Valley Country Club, in the Philadelphia group, furnished the feature of the day. Starting early, before the rain was at its height, she made an 84, giving her a total of 267, and lifting her from seventh to fourth place. Mrs. J. Larocque Anderson of the Cherry Valley Club, at Garden City, managed to retain her third place position, with an 87, the second best score of the day, bringing her total to 266.

This being the first time that a tie for the title has occurred, no precedent existed for a playoff, but it was finally decided to settle the matter this afternoon. The intercity matches for the Griscom Cup are set for the earlier part of the day.

The cards of Miss McCullough and Mrs. Anderson, compared with the par of the course, were as follows:

Par, out	5	5	4	5	4	4	3	6	—40
Miss McCullough	5	5	5	4	5	3	5	3	6—41
Mrs. Anderson	7	4	4	4	6	4	5	3	7—44
Par, in	3	4	4	5	3	5	5	4	5—38—78
Miss McCullough	3	4	6	5	3	5	7	5	5—43 84
Mrs. Anderson	4	5	5	6	3	6	4	5	5—43—87

The summary:

	3rd Day	Ttl
Helen L. Hicks, Inwood	90	263
Mrs. D. C. Hurd, Merion	88	263
Mrs. J. L. Anderson, Cherry Valley	81	266
Jane McCullough, Huntingdon Val.	84	267
Edith A. Quier, Berkshire C. C.	99	268
Martha Brewer, Weston	91	275
Mrs. Philip L. Corson, Merion C. C.	93	277
Mrs. N. S. Goldberger, Norwood	96	277
Frances Williams, Lehigh	97	278
Charlotte Glutting, Baltusrol	93	278
Mrs. H. B. Stetson, Huntingdon Val.	89	278
Mrs. N. P. Rood, Wilmington	95	279
Catherine Singer, Westchester C. C.	94	279
Mrs. B. F. Briggs, Pelham	99	285
Mrs. L. G. Federman, Fresh Meadow	97	286
Dorothy Hunter, Albemarle	100	287
Mrs. W. A. Johnson, St. Davids	99	287
Mrs. Philip Stevenson, Piping Rock	98	287
Marion Fisher, Salisbury	98	287

BADGERS ELECT CO-CAPTAINS

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

MADISON, Wis.—Arthur Sommerfield '32 and Harry N. Griswold '32, battery mates for two years on the University of Wisconsin baseball team, have been elected as co-captains of the 1932 nine. Griswold, who has caught Sommerfield throughout his career as one of the leading pitchers in the "Big Ten" Conference, is also a member of the Badger basketball team and was an athletic star in high school at St. Paul, Minn. Sommerfield's home is in Chicago.

Good Pitching Plus Powerful Batting Give Illini Title

Big Ten Conference Baseball Championship Race Not Decided Until Chicago Loses Its Final Game to Wisconsin

INTERCOLLEGIATE CONFERENCE BASEBALL FINAL STANDING

Team	W.	T.	L.	P.C.
Illinois	8	0	2	.800
Chicago	8	0	3	.727
Northwestern	6	1	3	.667
Ohio State	4	0	3	.571
Wisconsin	5	0	4	.556
Michigan	5	0	4	.556
Indiana	4	1	4	.500
Minnesota	2	0	7	.222
Iowa	1	0	8	.111
Purdue	0	0	5	.000

TEAM BATTING AVERAGES

Team	A.B.	R.	H.	P.C.
Illinois	354	73	113	.319
Wisconsin	315	51	88	.279
Northwestern	340	57	83	.244
Chicago	389	55	93	.239
Iowa	314	36	71	.226
Michigan	311	46	70	.225
Indiana	308	34	69	.224
Minnesota	294	26	57	.201
Ohio State	323	35	44	.197
Purdue	166	16	30	.181

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

CHICAGO, June 11—With good pitching and one of the most powerful batting teams seen in years, University of Illinois captured the "Big Ten" baseball championship this year. The pupils of C. L. Lundgren won eight games and lost only two in a very much scrambled schedule. They earned two victories over the second place team, University of Chicago, which won eight and lost three.

Until the final game Chicago was tied with Illinois, with a victory promising to secure the title for the Maroons. However, the Chicago nine, depending mainly on pitching, went up against a better combination at University of Wisconsin, and lost the final, 5 to 0 and with that game the title went to Illinois.

Much of its success Illinois owes to its star pitcher, G. A. Mills '32; but there were three other pitchers in the league as good as he. In view of that fact, probably the Illini owe more to the possession of three of the best batters. W. G. Fuzak 31, first baseman, was not only the outstanding hitter, but also the leading run scorer. His record shows 19 hits for an average of .487, 14 runs, three homers, six triples and two doubles in 10 games. He made at least one hit in every contest, and failed to score a run only once. His fielding record shows only one error.

P. W. Steuernagel '32, right fielder, gets ahead of Fuzak in the batting averages with a .500 average on 10 hits. He played in only six games and scored only two runs and hit for no extra bases, so he was not so valuable as Fuzak. E. E. Tryban '31, captain and shortstop, was another prized batter, averaging .350 on 14 hits. He made 11 runs, but was not credited with an extra base hit.

Chicago owed its surprising rise, not to its batsmen, but to one star pitcher, Roy Henshaw '33, left hander, who was the find of the season. He pitched 10 games and won eight, including double headers with Minnesota and Indiana on consecutive Saturdays. Whereas Illinois led the team batting by a wide margin, averaging .319, Chicago disputed the title though hitting only .239. This indicated the importance of Henshaw's pitching, making a winning team out of what would otherwise have been a weak one. Capt. W. J. Urban '31, formerly the team's best pitcher, served most of the season in left field and set the batting pace with 15 hits for an average of .375.

Northwestern University, which placed third in games won and lost, was third in team batting also with an average of .244 on 83 hits. The Wildcats had probably the second best batter in the league in L. E. Hanley '32, center fielder. His total of 17 hits was only two fewer than Fuzak's, averaging .405. He hit three home runs, but his card shows no other extra bases, and he failed to hit in only two of 10 contests.

Wisconsin's course in the campaign was peculiar. It won the title last year, and in the season just closed had one of the four best pitchers and batted second among the teams, its average being .279. Yet the Badgers were able only to tie for fifth with five games won and four lost. Their great asset, Arthur Sommerfield '32, pitcher, was not given the support of last season. Indiana had the other leading pitcher, Claron Veller '31, who helped the Hoosiers maintain a balanced record of four won, one tied and four lost. The season's records:

INDIVIDUAL BATTING AVERAGES

Player, Position, College	A.B.	R.	H.	P.C.
C. A. Frisch, pinch, Iowa	1	1	1	1.000
L. J. Feppe, pinch, Ohio State	1	0	1	1.000
Phillip Gutter, 3b, Ohio State	1	0	1	1.000
F. W. Steuernagel, rf, Illinois	20	2	10	.500
W. G. Fusak, 1b, Illinois	39	14	19	.487
W. B. Hickey, lf, Indiana	19	1	8	.421
L. F. Hanley, cf, Northwestern	42	10	17	.405
R. J. Gatti, p, Indiana	5	0	2	.400
J. F. Poser, p, Wisconsin	29	8	11	.379
W. J. Urban, lf, Chicago	40	7	15	.375
E. R. Strother, ss, Ohio State	37	3	10	.370
A. C. Cuisinier, 3b, Wisconsin	36	5	13	.361
W. B. Dickey, rf, Indiana	22	2	8	.364
E. E. Tryban, ss, Illinois	40	11	14	.350
J. R. Evans, c, Northwestern	30	6	7	.350
M. J. Diffley, c, Michigan	33	5	11	.344
A. S. Superko, 3b, Michigan	36	6	12	.333
A. H. Koenig, 1b, Indiana	30	5	10	.333
D. L. Cherp, lf, Minnesota	27	6	9	.333
John Krutt, p, Northwestern	15	2	5	.333
O. W. Prange, 2d, Iowa	12	2	4	.333
F. H. Leach, p, Northwestern	6	1	2	.333
H. R. Huskamp, 2b, Purdue	3	1	1	.333
C. M. Fish, 1b, Chicago	42	9	14	.328
L. E. Oliphant, 1b, Northwestern	34	7	11	.324
M. C. Weiner, cf, Wisconsin	37	7	12	.324
M. R. Hudson, 1b, Michigan	34	6	11	.324
T. C. Witte, cf, Illinois	38	7	12	.316
O. E. Nelson '32, c, Iowa	38	7	12	.316
G. R. Weaver, 3b, Purdue	19	3	6	.315
G. E. Mahoney, lf, Chicago	35	7	11	.314
F. F. Fiala, rf, Iowa	16	2	5	.312
G. A. Mills, p, Illinois	42	8	13	.310
James Smilgoff, rf, Wis.	36	9	11	.305
Edward Gbur, 2b, Illinois	36	6	11	.305
M. N. Pike, lf, Illinois	10	1	3	.300
Paul Chervinko, c, Illinois	37	6	11	.297
V. L. Wilder, rf, Ohio State	17	3	5	.294
L. A. Reidquist, 1b, Iowa	21	4	6	.286
D. G. Beauchaine, ss, Minn.	21	4	6	.286
A. R. Cahill, c, Chicago	43	3	12	.279
E. E. Braendle, lf, Mich.	36	9	10	.278
J. A. Tompkins, cf, Mich.	36	8	10	.278
H. N. Griswold, c, Wisconsin	38	5	10	.263
H. C. Rosenfeldt, 1b, Illinois	18	3	5	.277
W. E. Fesler, 2b, Ohio State	39	6	8	.276
C. A. Wright, rf, Indiana	17	2	5	.274
Arthur Sommerfield, p, Wis.	23	3	7	.273
J. A. Mowrey, cf, Iowa	37	7	10	.270
A. K. Porter, ss, Iowa	23	2	6	.261
E. C. Wahl, 3b, Illinois	31	5	8	.258
H. H. Schneider, lb, Wis.	35	3	9	.257
H. Y. Grinevski, c, Northw'n	36	6	9	.250
S. M. Adams, 3b, Minnesota	32	4	8	.250
J. G. Plansky, 2b, Wisconsin	36	6	7	.250
W. J. Williams, rf, Purdue	24	2	6	.250
Harry Eastman, rf, Michigan	16	2	4	.250
K. P. Gay, lb, Minnesota	8	2	2	.250
J. F. Bartulis, p, Illinois	8	2	2	.250
Edgar Abbott, p, Minnesota	4	0	1	.250
M. J. Jucius, pinch, Chicago	4	0	1	.250
E. M. Hazzard, p, Illinois	8	0	2	.250
L. F. Butler, pinch, Michigan	4	0	1	.250
H. C. Johnson, cf, Chicago	41	7	10	.244
M. O. May, cf, Indiana	37	5	9	.243
Roy Henshaw, p, Chicago	39	8	9	.231
Morton Koser, lf, Iowa	39	3	9	.231
R. I. Witherow, lf, Ohio State	13	2	3	.231
M. T. Riggs, c, Minnesota	31	3	7	.226
N. J. Daniels, 2b, Michigan	36	4	8	.222
E. J. Evans, cf, Minnesota	32	3	6	.214
Sidney Hale, 3b, Ohio State	14	2	3	.214
Stanley Saluski, lf, Indiana	14	3	3	.214
J. E. Palo, p, Purdue	14	0	3	.214
M. E. Fyfe, p, Northwestern	19	3	4	.211
J. R. Dempsey, ss, Northwestern	43	7	9	.209
Ernest Rea, c, Indiana	32	6	6	.187
W. J. Dross, 2b, Indiana	36	4	6	.166
C. E. Baumgartner, cf, O. State	18	2	3	.166
W. J. Johnson, 1b, Indiana	10	1	1	.100
A. D. Hoopengardner, cf, Purdue	5	0	0	.000
M. W. Ryman, rf, Minnesota	5	0	0	.000
W. T. Carr, lf, Minnesota	5	0	0	.000
H. J. McNeal, p, Michigan	6	0	0	.000
W. J. Olson, 1b, Chicago	32	3	5	.156
D. F. Schuett, 3b, Northw'n	36	4	5	.139
M. B. Riegert, 3b, Iowa	36	4	5	.139
Phillip Seghi, 3b, Northwestern	36	4	5	.139
A. A. Weisheimer, c, Ohio State	16	2	2	.125
6. M. Hessinger, cf, Purdue	16	2	2	.125
J. D. Kenny, 2b, Iowa	38	3	4	.105
Claron Veller, p, Indiana	22	2	2	.091
E. W. Loose, 2b, Minnesota	33	3	3	.091
W. D. Kermode, p, Ohio State	11	2	1	.091
H. W. Schendel, ss, Wisconsin	39	4	3	.077
M. M. Gordon, rf, Minnesota	17	2	1	.059
C. L. Johnson, ss, Chicago	46	8	2	.174
J. P. Buesch, rf, Northwestern	23	2	4	.174
C. E. Buzzell, rf, Chicago	47	5	8	.170
J. S. Fleming, lb, Purdue	18	3	3	.167
J. A. Banka, lf, Indiana	12	3	2	.167
G. S. Fencl, cf, Illinois	12	1	2	.167
F. V. Fosenthall, 3b, Illinois	12	2	2	.167
C. S. Baer, 3b, Indiana	12	0	2	.167
W. H. Ricke, p, Iowa	6	0	1	.167
W. E. Lusby, lf, Wisconsin	19	1	3	.158
P. R. Howard, 2b, Chicago	13	1	2	.154
A. J. Condon, lf, Ohio State	20	3	3	.150
C. O. Schupp, p, Purdue	7	1	1	.143
V. L. Furry, c, Ohio State	7	0	1	.143
Paul Moss, lf, Purdue	7	0	1	.142
S. W. Kracht, ss, Michigan	31	3	4	.129
W. H. Huffman, ss, Purdue	17	2	2	.117
Brown Rudacille, 2b, Purdue	18	2	2	.111
L. E. Mandernack, 2b, Chicago	10	1	1	.100
C. A. Thomas, 3b, Indiana	21	2	2	.095
E. H. Burke, 1b, Minnesota	21	1	2	.095
L. H. Prigo, rf, Iowa	11	1	1	.091
R. F. Hausman, ss, Indiana	22	2	2	.091
J. J. Drabickie, rf, Michigan	12	3	1	.083
H. E. Mellin, rf, Northwestern	12	3	1	.083
Bernard Henning, rf, Minnesota	15	2	1	.067
P. J. Duff, c, Purdue	15	1	1	.067
W. I. Mattson, p, Minnesota	19	1	1	.053
E. W. Fichter, 1b, Ohio State	21	0	1	.048

TRACK SCHOOL AT NEBRASKA

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

LINCOLN, Neb., June 11—Coaches and other experts in the track world will assemble at Lincoln next month for the "All America" track and field school, which will be held at the University of Nebraska, June 29 to July 4. The coaches school will be at the time of the National A. A. U. track and field championships to be run off at the University of Nebraska Memorial Stadium. According to Henry F. Schulte, veteran Nebraska coach and member of the staff of coaches in charge of the 1928 American Olympic team, this will be the greatest school in the history of any sport and one of the few ever held devoted entirely to track athletics. Coach Schulte is in charge of the school and will head up the staff of recognized coaches who will offer courses of instruction. Plans of the school call for 30 or more leading coaches to lecture on their special events in which they have shown ability to develop outstanding athletes.

AKERS SENT TO KANSAS CITY

DETROIT, Mich., June 11 (AP)—Charles F. Navin, secretary of the Detroit baseball club, announced yesterday that William Akers, infielder, now playing his second season with the Detroit Tigers, has been released to the Kansas City club of the American Association. In exchange, the Tigers will receive Louis Brower, a shortstop, who has batted .308 in 44 games this season. Other Tiger players are to be sent to Kansas City in the deal as soon as they can be spared, but Navin declined to name them.

SENATORS GAIN ON A'S BY WINNING, 9-4

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	Won	Lost	P.C.
Philadelphia	35	11	.761
Washington	32	17	.653
New York	28	20	.583
Cleveland	26	23	.531
Chicago	19	26	.391
St. Louis	16	29	.381
Boston	17	32	.370
Detroit	19	33	.365

RESULT JUNE 10

Washington 9, Cleveland 4.
Detroit at Boston (postponed).
St. Louis at Philadelphia (postponed).
Chicago at New York (postponed).

Washington gained half a game on the leading Philadelphia Athletics in the American League on Wednesday by scoring a 9-to-4 victory over the Cleveland Indians. The leaders did not play their scheduled game with St. Louis because of rain. The contests booked between Detroit and Boston, and Chicago and New York, were also postponed because of the weather.

The Senators batted Willis Hudlin out of the box in the fifth inning and rallied for six runs. Shoffner, who relieved Hudlin, held the winners in check during the remainder of the game. Sam Jones started for the Senators, but was taken out in the fifth for a pinch hitter. Fred Marberry, pitching his first game for Washington since May 23, finished. Heinie Manush and Sam West each made three hits for the winners, one of Manush's being a homer. Eddie Morgan's three hits was Cleveland's best. The score:

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Washington	1	0	0	2	6	0	0	0	x	9	10	1
Cleveland	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	1	—	4	11	1

Batteries—Jones, Marberry and Spencer; Hudlin, Shoffner and Sewell. Winning pitcher—Jones. Losing pitcher—Hudlin. Umpires—Campbell, Guthrie and Dineen. Time—1h. 55m.

FIVE CREWS COVER REGATTA COURSE

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., June 11 (AP)—Five crews took advantage of fine rowing conditions on the Hudson and covered the full regatta course against the watch yesterday. For several of them the trials probably wound up the most strenuous part of their training for the Intercollegiate Rowing Association regatta next Tuesday.

The times for the runs were announced [illegible] caught by [illegible] steadily [illegible] were [illegible] finish [illegible] Columbia [illegible] with [illegible] in 20:[illegible]. [illegible] worse [illegible] Cornell and [illegible] workout [illegible] others had nothing [illegible]

Washington's crews practiced their quarters last night and are expected to have their first workout today.

YALE CREWMEN WIN

GALES FERRY, Conn., June 11 (AP)—A north wind, high water, fast currents and ebb tide made conditions unusually fast yesterday as two Yale crews went out for time trials. Coach Lester characterized conditions as the finest he had ever seen for a freshman crew. The varsity eight, with the stream [illegible] while the [illegible] tion crew went over the same course in the afternoon. [illegible] varsity rested in the morning. The combination and [illegible] morning's workout, paddled [illegible] the river and Shaw. During the afternoon the junior varsity [illegible] starts and was [illegible] of the varsity [illegible] paddled [illegible] two [illegible] 24-stroke beat.

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French Open Golf To Boomer—291

DEAUVILLE, France, June 11 (AP)—As a fitting climax to a morning of thrilling golf in which the recently made record of 71 for the Deauville course was broken four times and tied once, Aubrey Boomer, British born professional from St. Cloud turned in a sparkling round of 67 yesterday afternoon, equaling the mark set in the morning by the Argentine ace, Tomaso Genta, to win the French open championship with a 72-hole total of 291.

In the morning, Genta shot his record smashing 67 to take the lead, nine strokes ahead of the eventful winner, while his countryman, Marco Churio had a 69, Michael Bingham, English player, shot 68, and Percy Alliss, another British born professional who hails from Berlin, had a round of 70. But every one of Boomer's rivals weakened in the final test.

Boomer, who had won the title previously in 1926 and 1929, played three rounds close to the par of 75 for the short course, then dazzled the gallery with a round of 33-34—67 to capture his third championship. Genta, who appeared to have the title clinched at the 54-hole mark, weakened on the final 18-holes, taking 78 strokes, 11 more than his morning round to finish with a total of 293, tying Allias for second place. Allias required 75 strokes for his final round.

Joe Kirkwood, the only entry from the United States, took an 80 for the last round and finished in a tie with Churio for seventh place at 298, after holding a tie for the lead Tuesday at the halfway mark and holding a threatening position with a good 73 on the morning round.

Michael Bingham of Gooden Beach, England, scored 76 on the last 18 holes to take fourth place with 294. Rene Golias of Forqueux took fifth with a 73 for 295. José Jurado, the little Argentine who threatened to withdraw after two bad rounds that started the tournament, went out in 33, but the fatigue of which he had complained got him again on the final nine and he slipped back to 38 for a round of 71 that gave him sixth place, a stroke ahead of Kirkwood and Churio.

Three Frenchmen, Andre Boyer of Nice, Jean Saubaber of Bordeaux and Eugene Lafitte of Biarritz, recorded totals of 300 to tie for ninth place, the last which shared in the 25,000 francs prize money.

SCORES PADDLES FOR HARVARD

[illegible] Conn., June 11 (AP)—A com[illegible] paddles [illegible] Harvard [illegible] yesterday, while [illegible] Three crews [illegible] morning. Driven by a [illegible] wind and [illegible] the varsity [illegible] the varsity [illegible] down [illegible] while the [illegible]

WISCONSIN AWARDS LETTERS

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

MADISON, Wis., June 11—Awarding of [illegible] letter [illegible] to 18 members of the [illegible] Conference champions [illegible] was announced with the [illegible] Those receiving the [illegible] are: Coach M. C. Wiser '31; H. C. Griswold '32 and Arthur Sommerfield '32, captains-elect; James Bellows '33, A. C. Cuisinier '33, J. G. Plansky '33, R. Hickey '31, E. E. Tryban '31, W. G. Fuzak '31, P. W. Steuernagel '32, W. J. Urban '31, J. F. Poser '31, A. S. Superko '31, and Manager Ralph Hunter '31.

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PICK-UPS

EDDIE COLLINS will end his long and colorful playing career on June 15, but will continue to be one of the main cogs in the championship Athletic machine in the capacity of coach. The record books show that Collins started playing major-league baseball back in 1906 with the Athletics. He has the remarkable record of never having played in the minor leagues, and for 23 years has worn the uniform of some big-league club. In 1914 the A's let him go to the Chicago White Sox. That year the Boston Braves defeated the great Athletic team four straight games in the World Series and Connie Mack thought it best to break up his team. Collins stayed with the White Sox until he was released in 1926 and signed with the A's again. He managed Chicago through 1928 and 1929. The name of Collins will long be remembered and associated with Connie Mack's $100,000 infield of McInnis, Collins, Baker and Barry.

Not very long ago the Cincinnati Reds were given a permanent label for last place in the National League by most followers of the game. Dan Howley, manger of the Reds, insisted that his club would not stay in the cellar long, yet his statement was generally considered too optimistic. Just now the Reds are playing great ball, although still in last place. They are making trouble no matter who they meet. It will take some time to make up for all the games lost during the slump, but the Cincinnati club looks much too strong right now to hold up the bottom of the league for any length of time.

Manager Gabby Street cannot only point proudly to the strongest pitching staff in the league and perhaps either league, but also to a wealth of reserve material. His regular outfield includes Watkins, Douthit and Hafey; yet men like Blades, Orsatti and Martin might be regulars on most any other team in the league. Andy High is as good as the average regular infielder and can step in at either second or third when needed. Jim Collins is going so well at first base in the absence of Jim Bottomley, that the recruit may oust the veteran before the season has progressed much further.

Cy Williams, for years one of the leading home run hitters in baseball, released last year by the Phillies, has been let go as manager of the Richmond team in the Eastern League.

Two members of this year's Gettysburg College nine have signed major-league contracts. "Lefty" Haas, a pitcher, has been signed by the Washington Senators and will be given experience with the Hagerstown club of the Middle Atlantic League. Jake McCoy, for three years regular third baseman on his college nine, was taken by the Yankees and optioned to Cumberland, also in the Middle Atlantic League.

CHRISTIAN BROTHERS CREW WINS

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

PERTH, W. Aust.—For the sixth time in succession the Christian Brothers College has won the title of "Head of the Swan River." The annual rowing contest this year was between the Christian Brothers, Hale School, Scotch College and Guildford Grammar School. The distance rowed over was one mile, which was covered by the winners in 5m. 46⅘s., and was won by one length, with 3½ lengths between the second (Hale School) and the third (Scotch College). The successful crew received a great ovation.

SOUTHERN ASSOCIATION

	Won	Lost	P.C.
Birmingham	29	18	.617
Chattanooga	29	19	.604
New Orleans	29	20	.592
Atlanta	27	20	.574
Memphis	27	21	.563
Little Rock	24	25	.490
Nashville	23	27	.460
Knoxville	21	27	.438
Mobile	14	37	.275

RESULTS JUNE 10

Memphis 3, Atlanta 2.
Chattanooga 4, New Orleans 3.
Birmingham 5, Little Rock 0.
Mobile 11, Nashville 4.

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Enid Wilson Still In Line for Title

PORTMARNOCK, Ire., June 11 (AP)—Three Englishwomen and one Scotswoman advanced to the semifinal round of the British ladies' golf championship today, among them the ruling favorite to take Diana Fishwick's crown, Enid Wilson.

Miss Wilson defeated Elsie Corlett, a fellow countrywoman and conqueror of the American threat, Maureen Orcutt, in easy fashion, 5 and 4. The accurate putting Miss Corlett had on display yesterday to defeat Miss Orcutt was lost overnight, and she was no match for the English champion.

Wanda Morgan defeated Miss P. Jameson, one of the two Irishwomen, 6 and 5, and Molly Gourlay defeated Dorothy Pimm, the other hope of the Emerald Isle, 3 and 2. It was Miss Pimm who put out Miss Fishwick in the third round yesterday.

The other semifinalist is the Highlander, Mrs. R. Greenless, who defeated Mrs. R. O. Porter, 6 and 4.

The championship, the only one of Great Britain's golf titles never won by an American, was made safe for the King's subjects yesterday as Miss Corlett, former Lancashire champion, eliminated Orcutt in the third round of play.

Miss Orcutt, holder of several titles in the United States, proved no match for the determined Miss Corlett, who led her American opponent by four holes at the end of the first nine and finished out the 18 for a 4 and 3 victory.

Miss Orcutt had barely won her second round match from Kathleen Garnham, who visited the United States with Miss Fishwick last winter, going to the last hole to win 1 up, and fell easy prey to Miss Corlett.

The tradition that a champion seldom repeats also was kept safe, as Miss Fishwick, the little English girl who handed Glenna Collett, champion of the United States, a surprising defeat in the finals last year, fell before the fine stroking of Miss D. Pimm, 1 up in 19 holes.

In the 33 years of the competition only Lady Margaret Scott, the first titleholder, Cecil Leitch and Joyce Wethered have won two titles in succession, Lady Margaret won the first three years—1893-94-95. Miss Wethered and Miss Leitch both have won it twice in succession.

RAIN PREVENTS PLAY AT MERION

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

HAVERFORD, Pa., June 11—Rain prevented play here yesterday in both the men's Pennsylvania State and Middle States and women's Pennsylvania State and Eastern championships scheduled to be held at the Merion Cricket Club.

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CHAMPION WINS IN FIRST ROUND

Mrs. D. C. Gaut Is Defending Women's Southern Golf Title

VIRGINIA BEACH, Va., June 11 (AP)—Virginia Holzderber of Baltimore, medalist in the qualifying round, fell before the superior stroking of Mrs. Kenan Rodwell of Norfolk, 3 and 1, in the first match play round of the southern women's golf championship at the Princess Anne Country Club yesterday.

A cold, slight sheet of rain handicapped both Mrs. Rodwell and Miss Holzderber, but the medalist, who shot 82, could not match Mrs. Rodwell's game.

The defending champion, Mrs. David C. Gaut of Memphis eliminated the 1929 champion, Margaret Maddox of Atlanta, 2 up, after a hard match. Mrs. Gaut's victory gave her revenge for the 36-hole defeat Miss Maddox handed her in the 1919 final at New Orleans.

Mrs. Marion Turpie Lake of New Orleans had little difficulty coasting through the first round with a 5 and 3 decision over Mrs. C. V. Creasman of Norfolk.

The only other upset in yesterday's play came as Barbara Hensley of New Orleans, playing in her first round, put out Helen Waring, a scratch player from Pinehurst, N. C., 3 and 2, after Miss Waring led through the first nine.

Mrs. Thomas Priddy of Richmond, Virginia state champion, staged a fine comeback to beat Mrs. W. H. Willard of Charlotte, N. C., 1 up, after being 2 down through the turn.

Mrs. Ruth Reymond, twice winner of the southern title, handed Miss Emma Durrett of Norfolk a 7 and 6 setback. All other favorites came through. The summary:

WOMEN'S SOUTHERN GOLF CHAMPIONSHIP—First Round

Mrs. Kenan Rodwell, Norfolk, defeated Virginia Holzderber, Baltimore, 3 and 1.
Mrs. David C. Gaut, Memphis, defeated Margaret Maddox, Atlanta, 2 up.
Mrs. Marion T. Lake, New Orleans, defeated Mrs. C. V. Creasman, Norfolk, 5 and 3.
Barbara Hensley New Orleans, defeated Helen Waring, Pinehurst, N. C., 3 and 2.
Mrs. Thomas Priddy, Richmond, defeated Mrs. W. H. Willard, Charlotte, 1 up.
Mrs. Ruth Reymond, New Orleans, defeated Emma Durrett, Norfolk, 7 and 6.
Mrs. Henry Dodge, Jacksonville, defeated Lillian Wood, Richmond, 8 and 6.
Mrs. J. M. Haynes, Washington, defeated Mrs. L. H. Windholz, Norfolk, 4 and 3.
Mrs. Leon Soloman, Memphis, defeated Mrs. Alvin Thomas, New Orleans, 3 and 2.
Jane Cothran, Greenville, S. C., defeated Mrs. Jerome Sloman, Baltimore, 6 and 4.
Estelle Lawson, Chapel Hills, N. C., defeated Mrs. Ashby Taylor, Atlanta, 5 and 4.
Mrs. Jean Jones, Richmond, defeated Mrs. John Ryland, Richmond, 6 and 5.
Anne Cochran, Baltimore, defeated Betty Wicks, Baltimore, 2 and 1.
Mrs. Boyd Morrow, Baltimore, defeated Mrs. George MacAllister, Hampton, Va., 4 and 3.
Mrs. Carl Hess, Birmingham, defeated Mrs. George Schenck, Norfolk, Va., 3 up.
Elisabeth Dunscombe, Memphis, defeated Mrs. H. C. Keaton, Richmond, 3 and 1.

OVER the NET

DOUBLES, as well as singles, will be played when the leading professional tennis players of two continents gather at the Longwood Cricket Club, Chestnut Hill, Mass., week after next for three days and nights of competition. William T. (Big Bill) Tilden 2d, for 10 years the No. 1 ranking player of the United States and the only man who has won three British singles titles at Wimbledon since the war (1920, 1921 and 1930), has agreed that the singles engagements between Tilden, Vincent Richards, Karel B. Koseluh and Francis T. Hunter will be played on the afternoons of June 25, 26 and 27 at the Shaefe memorial courts, and the doubles on the evenings of those days under arc lights on the same courts.

All of the matches will be best three out of five sets, and the high quality of the competitors means that sparkling contests will be held daily. The afternoon matches will begin at 3 o'clock each day, and the matches in which Tilden will figure will be the closing event on each of the three afternoons. It is believed that Tilden will play Hunter on the opening day, Richards on the second day and Koseluh on the third (Saturday) afternoon.

While the professionals have not outlined definite plans for the doubles lineups, there are all sorts of possibilities. Tilden and Richards have not played together as doubles partners since their famous split-up following the Davis Cup challenge round of 1922, when Tilden and Richards were beaten by Gerald L. Patterson and Pat O'Hara Wood, the Australians. Whether Tilden will agree to line up with Richards in doubles now is something regarding which the Longwood officials are seeking information.

Tilden will tour some of the Atlantic states next week, but he has notified Richard Bishop, president of the Longwood Cricket Club, that he will be at Longwood June 22 to test out the courts under the new arc lights that are being installed.

In view of the fact that the United States professional championship tournament is scheduled for July 6 at Forest Hills, Long Island, this year, the Boston exhibitions will tune the players for the title tests.

Mercer Beasley, who has developed many nationally rated tennis stars, will conduct a tennis coaching school this summer at St. John's Military Academy at Delafield, Wis.; Maj. F. W. Mouse, director of the academy, has announced. It will be the first school of its nature ever conducted in the United States so far as is known, offering courses in elementary, advanced and tournament play. A special course also will be offered for tennis coaches by Beasley. The course will run from June 27 to Aug. 22 and pupils may enroll by the day, week or month. Coach Beasley will have two assistants.

Beasley has coached Tulane University with remarkable success and recently signed a new two-year contract.

It is understood that Johnny Hennessy, former Davis Cup player, who has been out of competition for a year or more, plans to return to tournament play in the Western Tennis Association championships at the River Forest Tennis Club, River Forest, Ill., on June 15.

CUP TO BERLINGER

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

PHILADELPHIA, June 11—Bernard E. Berlinger '31, captain of the 1931 University of Pennsylvania track and field team, received the Delta Upsilon Cup yesterday for being the most proficient athlete in college. Paul O. Hilkert '32, captain-elect of the varsity football team, made the presentation before a crowd of students and alumni on Franklin Field. Berlinger has won both the Penn Relay decathlon and the University of Illinois cupathlon for the last three seasons, as well as securing a total of 24 12-15 points in dual and triangular meets.

INDIANS SIGN DONOHUE

CLEVELAND, O., June 11 (AP)—Pete Donohue, veteran pitcher, released yesterday by the New York Giants, has been signed by the Cleveland Indians and will join them shortly. Billy Evans, general manager of the Indians, who announced the signing of Donohue, said he probably will be used chiefly as a relief worker.

COLLEGE POLO UMPIRES

NEW YORK, June 11 (AP)—Capt. John A. Smith 2r. and Lieut. McDonald Jones, West Point players, have been selected to umpire the matches in the intercollegiate polo championship tournament, starting this Saturday. The first round contest between Yale and Pennsylvania Military College will begin at 3:30 p. m. (eastern standard time).

ROOT HANDS CUBS VICTORY

Holds Phillies to Three Hits and Chicago Moves Up

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	Won	Lost	P.C.
St. Louis	30	16	.652
New York	29	19	.604
Chicago	26	19	.578
Boston	23	23	.500
Brooklyn	22	23	.489
Philadelphia	20	25	.444
Pittsburgh	20	26	.435
Cincinnati	16	33	.327

RESULTS JUNE 10

Boston 12, St. Louis 4.
Pittsburgh 5, New York 1.
Chicago 3, Philadelphia 0.
Cincinnati 10, Brooklyn 3.

The Chicago Cubs drew up on even terms with the New York Giants in the National League pennant race on Wednesday, and are now tied for second place, by virtue of their 3-to-0 victory over Philadelphia. St. Louis and New York were both defeated, the Cardinals losing to the Boston Braves, 12 to 4, and the Giants to the Pittsburgh Pirates, 5 to 1. In the remaining contest, the Cincinnati Reds triumphed over the Brooklyn Robins, 10 to 3.

Charlie Root, veteran Chicago right-hander, won his sixth victory of the season by holding the Phillies to four scattered hits. His opponents could not get more than one hit in any one inning, nor get a man past second base. Phil Collins matched the shutout pitching of Root for the first six innings, but then weakened. The Cubs scored all of their runs in the seventh. Jurges was given a base on balls to open the rally, and Grimm sacrificed him to second. Root delivered a timely double to left, scoring Jurges, and Root came home himself when Cuyler doubled. Stoner replaced Collins in the box for the Phillies and English greeted the new pitcher with a single, Cuyler scoring. The rally ended, however, when Hornsby hit into a double play. Cuyler made two of Chicago's eight hits.

The Giants lost a fine chance to gain on the leading Cardinals when Larry French, Pittsburgh left-hander, held them to three hits. French had the situation well in hand at all times, and only once did the Giants score. In the third inning, the Pirates scored three times. French opened with a single and then Lloyd Waner and Bennett bunted safely, filling the bases. Traynor was given a base on balls, forcing in French with the first run. Comorosky's single drove in Waner and Bennett. In the fifth, Bennett's infield hit and Paul Waner's homer gave the Pirates two more runs. New York's only run came in the sixth, when Grantham tumbled O'Farrell's grounder and Allen singled after an infield out had advanced his team-mate catcher.

The Braves pounded three St. Louis pitchers for 15 hits. They batted Paul Derringer, a recruit, out of the box in the sixth inning and continued their assault on Lindsey and Kaufmann. Tom Zachary, veteran left-hander, worked eight innings for the Braves and held the champions to nine hits. Cantwell knocked for the Boston club, Wally Berger and Red Worthington each getting in four runs for the Braves. Willis Hudlin's scored five himself. Berger hit a homer and two singles; Worthington a triple and single, and Marsarville four singles. Dressen hit three singles. Taylor Douthit made three hits for the Cardinals and Chick Hafey drove out a homer.

While the Reds were pasting away at the offerings of Phelps and Moore, Eppa Rixey, left-hander, was pitching effective ball in the pinches against the Robins. The Brooklyn club made 10 safe hits, but were held to three runs. The Reds totaled 14 hits, including triples by Hendrick, Cuccinello and Cullop. Joe Stripp and Cuccinello each made three hits, while Roettger, Roush and Sukeforth connected with two safeties apiece. Mickey Finn made three of Brooklyn's hits. The scores:

AT CHICAGO

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	x	—	3	8	0
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	0	4	0

Batteries—Root and Hemsley; Collins, Stoner, Watt and Davis. Losing pitcher—Collins. Umpires—Reardon, Jorda and Magerkurth. Time—1h. 44m.

AT PITTSBURGH

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Pittsburgh	0	0	3	0	2	0	0	0	x	—	5	10	0
New York	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	—	1	3	0

Batteries—French and Phillips; Walker, Heving, Schumacher, Chaplin and O'Farrell. Losing pitcher—Walker. Umpires — Clark, Rigler and Pfirman. Time—1h. 31m.

AT ST. LOUIS

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Boston	1	0	0	3	6	0	2	0	1	—13	19	0
St. Louis	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	—	4	11	0

Batteries—Zachary, Cantwell and Spohrer; Cronin; Derringer, Lindsey, Kaufmann and Mancuso. Winning pitcher—Zachary. Losing pitcher — Derringer. Umpires — Stark, Scott and Klem. Time—2h. 18m.

AT CINCINNATI

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Cincinnati	4	0	0	3	0	3	0	0	x	—10	14	2
Brooklyn	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	—	3	10	0

Batteries—Rixey and Sukeforth; Phelps, Moore and Lopez. Losing pitcher—Phelps. Umpires—Quigley, Moran and McGrew. Time—1h. 45m.

COLLINS TO BECOME INACTIVE

PHILADELPHIA, June 11 (AP)—After a quarter of a century as an active player in the American League, Edward Trowbridge Collins, king of second basemen in his day, will be retired to the inactive list on June 15. On that day Connie Mack of the Athletics will have to reduce his active list of players to 25, and Collins, it has been decided, will step into the inactive list. Eddie, who has not been very active in the last two years, however, will remain with the world's champions as captain, coach and adviser and as right-hand man to the tall tutor of the A's. He can be made an active player any time Connie wishes, but it is not likely that he will ever be called into the A's batting order.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE

	Won	Lost	P.C.
Newark	30	22	.577
Montreal	29	23	.558
Baltimore	31	26	.544
Rochester	27	25	.519
Toronto	26	27	.491
Buffalo	26	29	.473
Jersey City	27	31	.466
Reading	19	32	.373

RESULTS JUNE 10

Montreal 4, Rochester 2.
Montreal 7, Rochester 5.
Buffalo 16, Toronto 5.
Baltimore 5, Jersey City 4.
Reading at Newark (postponed).

CUNNIFF LEADS WITH A 77

WESTFIELD, N. J., June 11—John Cunniff, of the Branch Brook Club, public links golfer, led a record entry of 181 in the qualifying round of the New Jersey State Golf Association's thirtieth amateur championship over the long, wet course of the Echo Lake Country Club here yesterday. The medalist's score of 77 represented golf of much merit in the rain.

HOSEI VS. HARVARD TOMORROW

The Hosei University baseball team of Japan, making a tour of the United States, will meet the Harvard University nine at Soldiers Field tomorrow afternoon, it was announced by the Harvard Athletic Association this morning. The game, which will start at 3 o'clock, was postponed today because of poor weather conditions.

ENGLAND'S CAPTAIN TO BE D. R. JARDINE

By Radio from Monitor Bureau

LONDON, June 11—Douglas Robert Jardine, born in Bombay in 1900, educated at the Winchester School and Oxford University, is England's latest choice as cricket captain, it was announced today, and the famous Surrey amateur will head the pick of the motherland's talent at Lords Ground here June 27, 29, 30 in the first "test" match ever played against New Zealand on English soil.

Jardine, whose outstanding quality as a stylish batsman is his rocklike defense, has already won for himself a position of distinction in the history of the game. When at New College, Oxford, he obtained a cherished "blue," playing three times against Cambridge and in 1921 attracted much attention by scoring 98 not out for the varsity against the all-conquering Australians.

During the tour of the English team "down under" during the winter of 1928-29 he scored a century in the first three matches of the program —Vs. Western Australia, Victoria and New South Wales—and in the fourth test match of that campaign came within two runs of reaching his 100. He made 193 for the Gentlemen against the Players at the Oval here in 1928, and the same year participated with the Surrey skipper, F. G. H. Fender, in a stand of 294 for the sixth wicket for the county against Yorkshire at Bradford. Jardine's father made 140 for Oxford against Cambridge in 1892.

Although the game at Lord's will be the first of its kind ever played here, a series of four tests was decided during the New Zealand season of 1929-30, when the Englishmen won the first encounter by eight wickets and the remaining three were left drawn. In the second match at Wellington, the home players had distinctly the better of the exchanges and put up a record stand for New Zealand cricket through the agency of C. S. Dempster and J. E. Mills, who opened the innings and stayed together until 276 had been raised onto the scoreboard. The New Zealand tourists, under the captaincy of the old Cambridge Blue, T. C. Lowry, as they were on the only previous visit in 1927, have been one of the brightest features this year in a season remarkable for "brighter cricket" of quite exceptional brilliancy, and it is fully expected they will give England's leading players a great deal to think about in the clash at Lord's, which cricket fans are eagerly anticipating.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION

	Won	Lost	P.C.
Louisville	29	20	.592
St. Paul	25	21	.543
Columbus	26	21	.553
Milwaukee	23	24	.489
Minneapolis	23	25	.479
Toledo	22	25	.468
Kansas City	21	26	.447
Indianapolis	21	28	.429

RESULTS JUNE 10

Louisville 6, St. Paul 1.
Toledo 4, Kansas City 3.
Columbus 7, Milwaukee 4.
Indianapolis 3, Minneapolis 2.

PATROL OFFICER NAMED

NEW LONDON, Conn., June 11 (AP)—Lieut.-Commander Joseph F. Farley of the coast guard, it was announced yesterday, has been appointed patrol officer for the Yale-Harvard regatta, which will be held on June 19. As in former years, a fleet of coast guard boats will patrol the course of the race. Commander Farley will be in charge of [illegible] and will direct the movements of [illegible] guard vessels.

PACIFIC COAST LEAGUE

	Won	Lost	P.C.
[illegible]	29	19	.604
[illegible]	28	20	.583
[illegible]	28	21	.571
[illegible]	25	23	.521
[illegible]	24	24	.500
[illegible]	23	25	.479
Sacramento	20	24	.455
Oakland	22	29	.431
Seattle 6, San Francisco 3.			

RESULTS JUNE 10

Hollywood 6, Portland 3.
Los Angeles 8, Oakland 4.
Sacramento 8, Missions 4.

KARL DEWITT WARNER MAKES TEAM

NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 11 (AP)—Karl DeWitt of Woodbury, Conn., a Yale freshman, was chosen yesterday afternoon for the 440-yard dash on the Yale-Harvard team, which will meet the Oxford-Cambridge team next month in England. The selection was made after Warner had defeated Hamilton F. Kollmyer, a Harvard sophomore, in a heat at the distance on a slow track and in a drizzle. The time was 50 3-5s. Warner is the fifth Yale freshman to be selected for the team.

REOPENED BANKS PUT MILLIONS OF DOLLARS TO WORK

(Continued from Page 1)

closed will never reopen, at least as separate entities. Rather, it is hoped they will merge or consolidate with other banks to form stronger institutions. Some states permit banking to be carried on with capital of as low as $15,000 or $25,000 and no previous banking experience; and in many of the newer agricultural communities two or even three banks are to be found in villages as small as 500 people.

The recuperative process is now going on, according to officials. In 1930 a total of 130 banks reopened, with deposits of $54,678,000. Later reports, particularly from the South, show that about 160 banking groups in Arkansas, Mississippi, North Carolina, Kentucky and Florida with deposits of about $39,000,000 have already resumed business in 1931 either with full restoration of deposits or under temporary agreements.

Look for Turn in Autumn

The same process for which figures are given in the South is under way in other parts of the country. Hope is held that after harvest next fall a turn for the better in the banking situation in the farm areas, where drought and low prices worked havoc, will be experienced.

"Since 1920 approximately 6000 banks have failed, most of them in agricultural districts," according to a statement prepared by Eric Englund, assistant chief, bureau of agricultural economics, issued today. "Bank failures reached a peak in 1930, so that this very important source of production credit is now seriously impaired. The drought of 1930 partly or wholly destroyed the crops in many areas, obliterating a principal form of security for loans.

"Agricultural credit corporations and livestock loan companies have been organized in large numbers in the last few years. Many of these have been successful, many others have been forced into liquidation. Parallelling the disastrous series of financial institutions has been the insolvency of thousands of farmers who have had their properties brought foreclosure.

Mr. Englund expressed the belief that some agricultural credit corporations and livestock loan companies will continue to play an increasingly important part in the field of farm finance.

Discussing the farm production credit situation, Mr. Englund cited estimates by the bureau of agricultural economics indicating that banks supply about 40 per cent of the production credit used on owner-operated farms, and that merchants and dealers supply about 10 per cent. Various estimates place the volume of production credit used in agriculture at about 35 per cent of the total volume of agricultural credit.

Parkway Proposed For Cleared Region

Special from Monitor Bureau

NEW YORK, June 11—The open area in the down-town East Side of New York City between Chrystie and Forsyth Streets, from which some of the worst tenements in the city have been removed, should be left open and converted into roadways and landscaped park areas, according to engineers of the Regional Plan. A depressed roadway running the length of the area would be a link in an express highway that is proposed to extend down Second Avenue from the Harlem River as part of an improved system of circulation for Manhattan, it says.

If this proposal were carried out, Second Avenue would be converted into a two-level street, which would include the depressed central roadway, two one-way roadways on the present street level and sidewalks arcaded within the present building lines.

Proposals to this effect were addressed to Mayor James J. Walker by Thomas Adams, Harold M. Lewis and Lawrence M. Orton, respectively, consultant engineer, and secretary of the Regional Plan, yesterday. Copies also were delivered to John F. Sullivan, City Planning Commissioner; Samuel Levy, Borough president; Herman Smith, engineer of the Board of Estimate, and John H. Delaney, chairman of the Board of Transportation.

Facts About Major League Baseball Players—No. 33

CHARLES H. (CHUCK) KLEIN

Philadelphia Phillies, National League

First played professional baseball with the Fort Wayne club of the Central League. Born in Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 7, 1905. A left-handed batter and right-handed thrower. Six feet in height, weighs about 185 pounds, and plays the outfield. During his first year in the major leagues (1928) he played third in batting. His record:

	Games	Batting Average
*1927—Evansville, Three-I League	68	....
†1928—Fort Wayne, Central League	98	.321
1928—Philadelphia, National League	44	.360
1929—Philadelphia, National League	148	.356
1930—Philadelphia, National League	156	.386

*Signed by Evansville, but was unable to play. †Purchased by Philadelphia for a reported price of $7000.

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THE YOUNG FOLKS' PAGE

The Cabin Off the Trail

By ALTA HALVERSON SEYMOUR

In Two Parts
Part I

"I DON'T see any way out of it, Don." Fred Lowell looked at his chum hopelessly.

"Of course we'll have to do it, but it will spoil everything. I'd about as soon not go at all," said Bob Grayson, glowering at the camping supplies spread out on his bed.

"Why should he have decided on us?" demanded Fred, frowning in his turn at the innocent camping equipment, the very sight of which usually filled him with the keenest enthusiasm.

"He's jealous; that's why! And he's president of the club, so he wants to show his authority!" Bob gave a stray tin cup a kick that sent it rolling across the floor. "He could have made other arrangements if he'd wanted to. You and I have had a lot of good trips—we've always come back with some fine specimens—"

"Yes, I know, and isn't it great that Mr. Lane's going to use some of them in that book he's writing?" For just a moment Fred's tone held something of its customary enthusiasm. Then he sighed.

"And so on this trip we have to be saddled with this new boy who doesn't know the first thing about our woods—who most likely doesn't know a thing about camping, and probably not much about plants, either—"

"Doesn't even know how to talk," contributed Fred gloomily. "I never saw such a clam."

"Well, there's nothing we can do about it. Tomorrow morning you and I start on this famous prize camping trip—the one we thought might win the camping contest—and we have to be handicapped by having William Westover tagging along."

"He'll spoil all the fun, besides taking away any chance we have at the prize—because how can we do anything unusual with him along?"

"Willie Westover," said Bob, diving under the bed for the cup he had kicked across the room. "Willie's a good name for him—just suits him!" And he fell to packing with fierce energy.

Parkville High School Botany Club

The Boys' Botany Club of Parkville High School carried its activities into the summer months. The enthusiasm of Mr. Lane, the club's young faculty adviser, had communicated itself to the boys, and the club had developed from a small affair holding meetings twice a month after school, and going on occasional Saturday field trips, to an active organization which not only continued the old field trips with new enthusiasm, but which also included sports and camping trips and interclass contests in its yearly program. At the end of the summer Mr. Lane invited the entire club for a day's outing at his own summer lodge.

This year's activities were to wind up with what the boys called a camping contest. Small groups of boys were to go camping in different directions, each group to bring back specimens and write a joint account of its trip. The group selected as the one having the best all-around experiences and the most worth-while specimens were to have not only the one gala day at the Lane's lodge, but a whole splendid week there.

The boys had been allowed, as far as possible, to plan their own groups, and Bob and Fred had arranged, as they always did, to go together. They had been making their preparations with the greatest enthusiasm when Tom Roberts, the club president, had come and asked them to include William Westover in their group. "William came here so late in the year that he doesn't know many of the boys," he explained, "and then he was away again in the early part of the summer, so no one planned for him because we didn't know he'd be here in time for the camping contest."

"Well, he doesn't have to go then, does he?" asked Fred. "If he hasn't enough initiative to get himself into a group, what use is he going to be?"

"He's a quiet sort of chap, you know," said Tom. "And being a stranger makes it hard for him. But of course this is the big event of the season, and we want everybody to have a chance at it. The Johnston boys and Dick Allison and Jim and I would be willing to have him with us, but you know five is the limit for a group, so we can't do that. Your group is the smallest, so the executive committee thought—" Tom hesitated. He had expected some opposition, but he had not expected the settled gloom which met his request.

"Oh, we'll do it," said Bob, for it was an unwritten law in the club that, except for very good reason, no one should refuse a request made by the executive committee. Because you didn't want to have another boy along—because you'd prefer to go with your own experienced and entirely satisfactory chum, would hardly be a reason to refuse the executive committee a reasonable request.

"Maybe," Fred confided to Bob when Tom had gone, "Willie will be such an unsatisfactory camper he won't care about staying and will want to go home after the first day or so."

"Hope so," said Bob, thumping his unoffending blanket into place.

William Westover

William Westover, for his part, was quite unconscious of the upheaval his presence was causing, and his mother smiled to herself as she listened to the lively whistling with which he was accompanying his preparations for the camping trip. "I declare Billy is happier over this trip than over anything that's happened since we came to Parkville," she said to herself with satisfaction. "I do hope, now, that it will mean he'll make some real friends. I wish he weren't so shy and quiet. A camping trip with some of the town boys ought to be the very thing to help him get over that. You can't help getting acquainted when you're camping." William himself must have had some such idea, for he looked particularly happy and contented as he sorted equipment and packed the necessary articles.

The first day or two of camping proved to be a disappointment to all three boys. Bob and Fred soon saw that they might as well relinquish all thought of William's being such a poor camper that he would want to give up and go home, for William made fires and cooked flapjacks and put up tents with an energy and efficiency which surprised them, though they were not willing to admit it, even to each other.

William, for his part, was disappointed at the lack of friendliness his companions showed. "I thought I'd really get acquainted with them on this trip," he reflected, as he helped gather wood for the noonday fire on the second day. "They seemed to be just the kind of fellows I'd like to know. But something's wrong somewhere. Wish I knew what it was. Then maybe I could do something about it. Well, about all I can do is to see to it that I take at least my full share of the camping work, and keep good-natured whatever comes up. I can do that much, anyway."

"We ought to get to the river by tonight," said Bob, as the boys finished their noon meal and prepared to move on. "I was hoping we might find some of that fern Mr. Lane has been wanting. He said there ought to be some around in this part of the woods—maybe toward the river. So far our trip certainly hasn't been anything out of the ordinary. We haven't even found any specimens that we haven't already had."

"Maybe we've gone on too fast," ventured William.

"Well, we have to cover some ground if we're looking for adventures," flashed Fred. "How would it be if we try to get to the river by tonight, and then tomorrow swim across to one of the islands and explore that? That would be something a little out of the ordinary."

"We might try that," agreed Bob. "We've got to do something."

As the boys tramped silently along, William stopped now and then to examine a plant growing near the path, but each time he offered one for inspection, he was told that they already had a number of such specimens.

"And anyway," said Bob at last, "we can't be stopping to look for specimens if we're going to get to the river by tonight. We'll have to make time."

"What's this path?" said Fred, stopping short. "Looks as if it might be a short cut to the river. It's going exactly in the right direction, and the trail we're following winds around a good bit."

William looked doubtfully at the path. "Looks like an interesting path," he commented, "and it would be fun to follow it, all right, but I don't believe it will lead straight to the river. Wouldn't it be more traveled in that case? Looks more as if it would lead straight into the thickest part of the woods."

"Well, it's got to lead somewhere, or it wouldn't be here," argued Bob, somewhat annoyed at William's confidence in offering an objection. "I vote we take it. It's going in the right direction, as Fred says."

"I'm willing," said William good-naturedly. "It's the kind of path that looks as if it may lead to something interesting, and I suppose we're about as likely to find specimens in one place as another, anyway."

At first the new path permitted easy progress, but as the boys went on they found it harder and harder to follow. Once Bob thought of suggesting that they turn back, but he was not willing to admit that the idea was a failure, though he became more and more convinced that this was no short cut to the river, after all. They went on with increasing difficulty, and at last they were compelled to stop short for the path, indistinct though it had grown, made a fairly definite fork.

"Now which way?" asked Fred, looking anxiously down the two indistinct paths. "Can you tell which direction the river would be from here, Bob?"

Bob hesitated. Skilled woodsman as he professed to be, he disliked to admit that he was quite as confused as Fred. Then he straightened and threw a half-defiant glance at William. "No, I can't!" he said. "Looks as if we'd lost our way."

[To Be Concluded Next Thursday]

Murals From Mother Goose Rhymes

These Girls Are a Picked Art Group, Chosen to Decorate With Mother Goose Themes the Walls of a Kindergarten in Akron, Ohio.

Schoolgirl Artists Bring Joy to Kindergartners

"TO CHEER up the older, shabbier school buildings of the city" is the slogan of an interesting group of young schoolgirl artists, who are meeting each Saturday morning to carry out a unique plan.

Every week these youngsters, many of whom come from poor homes, where they could never have the advantages of more advanced art training than they receive in the regular school classes, trudge several miles to a centrally located building.

There they get out their water colors or "show card colors," to be exact, and huge squares of beaver board, and set diligently to work. They are designing murals which will be used to brighten up the walls of kindergarten rooms, which the Board of Education, hard pressed for funds, especially this year, is unable to decorate. One kindergarten room is already bright with posters completed by this group.

They make the designs for their own murals, taking their themes from Mother Goose Rhymes, so that "Bo Peep," "Three Men in a Tub," "Little Miss Muffett" and all the rest are soon disporting themselves under their facile brushes.

Miss Elizabeth Mitchell, art supervisor of the public schools of Akron, O., is the originator of the idea which is now well into its second year of successful work. Miss Mitchell, a graduate of Chicago Art Institute, who has lived and studied art not only in Rome and European countries but in China, India and the Philippines as well, selected this class of 12 picked pupils as outstanding in their art work.

They come from different schools all over the city. Strangely enough the group this year represents 12 different schools, and almost a dozen nationalities. There is but one girl of American parentage in the group.

Art teachers interested in the project have volunteered their services for the "Saturday class."

Two of the youngsters in this year's class have proved to have exceptional talent. One is a Czechoslovakian girl who walks five miles to reach the school, and the other is a Serbian youngster who only arrived in this country this year and who speaks very little English.

While other youngsters spend their Saturdays going to shows or running about the city streets, these busy young artists think nothing of taking their lunches and spending all day in front of their beloved murals.

Cleveland School of Art, hearing of the plan, extended the privileges of its children's summer art classes to one of the group who had shown particular promise last year.

And it is not only the young artists themselves but the tiny kindergarten tots as well who appreciate this unique idea. They are thrilled at the transformation of their dingy schoolrooms.

How to Make a Bird Book

IF YOU have never made a bird book, you will find it one of the most interesting things to do. Not only will you gain great knowledge of our feathered friends, but will also have something, that will prove a source of great pleasure in later years.

This work may be accomplished with very little expense. Sheets of drawing paper are splendid for either mounting the pictures or for sketching in pencil, whichever you prefer to do. Also this paper is quite suitable if you desire to print, or write with pen and ink, any little items of information about the habits, food, nests, eggs, and enemies of the birds.

A cover may be made by utilizing two pieces of cardboard. If holes are bored at the ends, and ribbon run through, this will enable you to rearrange the material at any time. If you possess artistic ability, paint a pretty picture on the cover, but if you do not feel capable of doing this, you may find many appropriate ones on magazine covers.

Included with the outline of each bird, try to have a picture of the nest, and eggs, the latter colored.

Any little poem about a particular bird or birds in general, could be pasted in the book. You will be surprised at the number of such poems you may find, when on the lookout for them.

It is wise to have a portion of the book set aside, to be used as a diary. Under the headings, place, date, weather, and song, you may enter a record of each bird, as you note its arrival in the spring, and again in the autumn, when you learn of its departure for its winter home. When you have your book all arranged or even before you have it completed, you will be eager to learn something new every day. If you keep your eyes and ears open, when in the great outdoors, you will soon have a regular storehouse of knowledge. What a delight to listen to the different notes of the birds and to hear a new song floating in the air! When these little songsters know that we are their friends, and ready to protect them and their nests, they enjoy singing for us.

Current Events

German Ministers Find London Sympathetic

IT IS quite generally recognized that affairs in Germany are in a critical state, and that something must be done to ease the burden of reparations demanded under the Young plan. The effort to meet these payments has led the present German Government to most unpopular measures in the form of taxation and lower salaries, and any further attempts in this direction might lead to serious consequences.

An important effort to explore possible avenues of relief for Germany was made last week when the Reich Chancellor, Dr. Heinrich Bruening, and Dr. Julius Curtius, Foreign Minister, visited London to discuss the situation with Ramsay MacDonald, British Prime Minister.

The whole question of war debts and reparations is so closely interwoven (since it is the reparations paid by Germany which furnish the Allies with funds to pay their war debts to the United States) that it is not possible for one country to act alone in obtaining a revision for Germany. For this reason the German ministers did not go home with any spectacular relief in sight, but they were grateful to feel that not only the British Government but the British people were friendly in their attitude, and anxious to do what could be done to alleviate too heavy a burden.

Perhaps the most important result of the visit is that Germany no longer feels isolated. The German ministers have invited Ramsay MacDonald and Arthur Henderson, Foreign Secretary, to pay a return visit and the invitation has been accepted, though no date has as yet been fixed.

The French are inclined to be suspicious of Great Britain's friendly approach to Germany, but Sisley Huddleston writing on this suubject says:

"If there is one feature of Britain's policy which is perfectly plain it is its desire to hold the balances level. Ever since Locarno, England stands officially committed equally to France and Germany. It has become by force of circumstances, by treaty obligations and by temperament, a sort of arbiter of the Continent.

"Even between France and Italy it serves as an intermediary. Between France and Germany its intervention can only be conciliatory. Britain's predestined place is to stand, not as a partisan to any nation, but as an impartial friend of all continental nations."

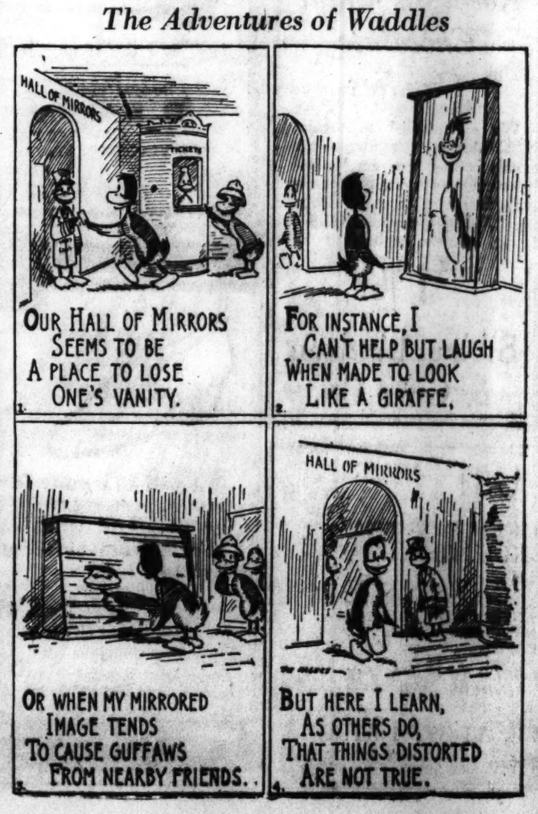
Mr. Stimson to Visit Europe

President Hoover has decided to send Mr. Stimson, Secretary of State, to Europe. The President is deeply concerned over the situation there, particularly that in Germany, and with reports brought home by American diplomats that the outlook in Europe for the 1932 disarmament conference is decidedly unfavorable.

Mr. Stimson will be accompanied by several secretaries and assistants and will leave toward the end of this month. He will begin his tour with Italy and then go on to France, Germany and Great Britain. The object of his visit is to obtain first-hand information as to conditions in these countries and to confer with the leading ministers of Europe.

For some years now the statesmen of different European countries have been getting together to talk over their problems under the auspices of the League of Nations and, in fact, personal visits between ministers are becoming more and more common; but since the United States does not belong to the League of Nations, its ministers are to some extent deprived of this privilege. However, President Hoover fully believes in this method of dealing with international relations; hence Mr. Stimson's visit—the first time in recent years that an American Secretary of State has made a similar journey.

The Adventures of Waddles


HALL OF MIRRORS
TICKETS
1. OUR HALL OF MIRRORS SEEMS TO BE A PLACE TO LOSE ONE'S VANITY.
2. FOR INSTANCE, I CAN'T HELP BUT LAUGH WHEN MADE TO LOOK LIKE A GIRAFFE.
3. OR WHEN MY MIRRORED IMAGE TENDS TO CAUSE GUFFAWS FROM NEARBY FRIENDS..
HALL OF MIRRORS
4. BUT HERE I LEARN, AS OTHERS DO, THAT THINGS DISTORTED ARE NOT TRUE.

Play Water Baseball

THERE are a number of aquatic games, and of these water baseball is one that appeals to most boys. It has been taken up by several camp directors and will probably become a general favorite.

The rules and methods of play depend somewhat upon the location of the camp. A sea beach generally slopes out to deep water more slowly and gradually than the shore of a lake. At the seashore, therefore, the diamond is laid out merely by the first, second and third basemen taking the proper positions in the water, with the outfielders, if there be players enough, beyond them. On a good beach all the players of the "out" side will be standing in the water, at depths varying with their positions.

Lake Play

On a fresh-water lake this will seldom be possible. In this case, therefore, the diamond is generally marked by five rafts, one large one and four smaller ones. The large one serves as the home plate, the small ones as bases. They should be anchored in place, and the fun is increased if the rafts which represent the bases are made only large enough to support the baseman when he exercises due care as to keeping his balance—say four feet square.

If the players are good enough swimmers and the water is not too cold, a full nine can play on each side. In that case the outfielders will stand in the water when the slope of the beach permits. Otherwise they cling to the base rafts until called upon to chase the ball.

But more commonly five members on a side play the game—a catcher, a pitcher and three basemen.

The diamond should be small. Twelve yards is a sufficient distance between bases. The ball is a sound tennis ball, which will not sink, and the bat a slender paddle 18 or 20 inches long, to be used in one hand.

The batting rules are peculiar. There are no called balls or called strikes, and no fouls. A single strike, if caught, is out.

Fun and Laughter

The pitcher tosses the ball gently. The batsman, if he hits the ball, starts to run or to swim to first base. Meanwhile the fielder who is nearest the ball starts to recover it, either by swimming or splashing, according to the depth of the water, and then throws, as in ordinary baseball, to first base.

The next batter now comes to the plate, and the first one, if he has succeeded in reaching first base, goes the rounds of the bases until put out, exactly as in the regular game. The real fun comes from the contingencies which are created by the substitution of such an unaccustomed element as water for the diamond or turf or gravel.

The second baseman who leaps for a fly will seldom stay on his little raft when he comes down, and to throw from so ticklish a platform, or when treading water, is an art which has to be acquired, usually at the expense of much laughter from the watchers.

Beach Sandals From Old Boxes

[This is another of a series of articles prepared by the National Committee on Wood Utilization in its effort to bring about the utilization of secondhand wooden containers, such as boxes, crates and barrels now thrown away or burned.]

The best method of dismantling a wooden barrel is to knock off the hoops with a hammer, or, if there are any nails or fasteners, to extract them. The whole barrel will then collapse. If it is desired to take out only one head, simply remove the top head and if necessary, replace the hoops, which will hold the staves together.

In order to remove the top from plywood boxes without damaging

them, all nails holding the top to the sides and ends should be pulled. After the top is removed it is quite simple to knock the sides and bottoms loose from the ends.

Sandpapering and planing will remove markings stenciled on the containers as well as scratches and other defacing marks. It may be desirable, however, simply to remove marred boards and nail them back in place with the marred surfaces inside.

A pair of sandals may be made from two boards 7-16 by 4 by 12 inches.

Sketch the outline of your foot on the boards. Cut out the sandals. Straps, nailed to the sandals in such a manner as to pass over the instep and toes, serve to keep the sandals on the feet.

A forty-nine page booklet, with illustrations entitled "You Can Make It for Camp and Cottage" can be obtained from the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C., for 10 cents.

Mail Bag

Politsie, Northern Transvaal, South Africa

Dear Editor:

This is the first time I have read the Monitor, and I enjoy it more than any other paper—the Mail Bag especially is very interesting to read. I should like very much to write to some American boys of my age (14). I am in Standard IV, but at present I am away from school.

We live on a farm in the northern Transvaal district. This country is called the low veld, and is very prosperous for nearly all branches of farming and different kinds of crops. But lumber is one of the chief products. The government foresters have put down thousands of acres of blue gum trees, and lots of other varieties.

We have been having very heavy rains lately, and we are putting in our winter crops. We go in for dairying, poultry, citrus fruits and lumber growing. We have installed a Blakes hydram for pumping water to our house. Water for irrigation purposes is obtained from a river near by, and is conveyed by a water furrow into a storage dam.

I suppose you have heard of the South African natives. The chief tribes in this part of the country are mostly Masutus and Shangaans. The natives' pet name is "Jim Fish."

If possible I should like to correspond with a boy who lives on a ranch or farm or in the city, in England, Australia, New Zealand, or in any other countries. I am interested in all branches of sport, and also in machinery and all sorts of hobbies. Am particularly fond of reading, history, geography, mathematics, drawing, and general knowledge.

About 16 miles west of our farm lies the famous picnic and holiday spot, the Magolos Kloof. You can get a very wonderful view from there of the surrounding country. The road leading up the kloof is a fine piece of work. It is just like a winding staircase, and has tremendous drops at the sides. Big tourists parties come down every year to visit it.

I wish some Americans would come to this part of the country and show us some more up-to-date methods of farming. There are a number of German settlers here and they made good settlers.

Well, I hope to receive lots of letters. One day I hope to come over to the States for a holiday. Good-by, Editor.

A very keen reader, J. W. D.

[J. W. D.'s interesting letter was written in April, and his winter time would correspond to our summer time.—Ed.]

Saint Louis, Missouri

Dear Editor:

For some time I have been reading the Mail Bag and have enjoyed the letters so much. I have a desire to join the ranks of the Mail Baggers, if I may.

I am a girl in my late teens and am interested in sports, stamp-collecting, music, traveling, and all things that the Monitor covers. I have traveled a great deal in the Northwest of the United States, and have many interesting things to tell about this part of our country. I am interested in knowing about the other three corners of our nation, and think it would be exceptionally nice to hear from the natives themselves.

I am a student at The Principia, here in Saint Louis. My six years' experience has been very beneficial to me. I am just one of the many students who are overjoyed at the acquiring of the new college grounds. They are very beautiful and will afford many opportunities for higher and better study. The atmosphere is adapted for a college of this kind.

Greetings to the editor and Mail Baggers. Dorothy Jean W.

Melbourne, Victoria, Australia

Dear Editor:

I love reading the Monitor, for it contains so many things of interest to Australia.

I am a Girl Guide, and just at present Lord Baden-Powell and the Chief Guide are visiting Melbourne. Last Saturday a rally was held for them, and a pageant marched past representing all the nations. I was one of 12 girls representing the American Indian squaws. Twelve Boy Scouts represented the Indian Chiefs. They looked very fierce with their colored faces and large tomahawks.

My two cousins have very interesting pen friends whom they made through the Monitor. I should like to correspond with someone in America about my own age (15), and I would answer all letters promptly.

With best wishes to the Mail Bag, Marjorie M.

[Marjorie's letter was written some time ago.]

London, England

Dear Editor:

This is the second letter I have written to the Mail Bag. Through the first one I have gained a very nice friend, whose letters are a great joy to me, but now I should like to have a friend in some other part of the world.

I am very interested in folklore and legends and also botany. I am 17 years old and have left school, and next January I hope to go to the House of Education at Ambleside in the Lake District, to train for a primary governess, that is, to teach children just above nursery age. I am looking forward to it very much indeed.

I hope somebody in Japan, Norway or Sweden will write to me.

With best wishes for the success of the Mail Bag, Judith A. C.

The following would like to receive letters:

For Girls

Thea T. (14), Mosman, Sydney, Australia.—(Thank you for sending the pictures, Thea.—Ed.)

Joyce G. (15) Buxton, Derby, Eng.—Interested in music and tennis.

Rosemarie R. (16), Cologne, Ger.—Correspond in German or French.

Maude F. (17), Freeville, N. Y.

Muriel A. (16), Chicago, Ill.—Especially from France, Sweden and the United States.

Beverly D. (18), Hobart, Tas.

For Boys

William D. (13), Woodstock, Ill.—Especially from boys attending boarding schools.

Dick A. (16), Elmwood, Ill.—Interested in voice, orchestra and band music.

Jack W., San Diego, Calif.—Exchange stamps.

George W., Jr., Chicago, Ill.—Exchange stamps.

Over 20

Mary A., Glasgow, Scot.—Especially from Florida and California.

Viola R., Winchester, Mass.

Paula F., Berlin, Ger.

Doris W. (Mrs.), Harvey, Ill.

C. N. A. (Mrs.), Providence, R. I.

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THE HOME FORUM

A Knight of the Knickers

SOME time has elapsed since I was the recipient of a particular letter that made me open my eyes wide with wonder at its offer. The purport of it ran like this:

"It would be a good thing for you to exercise more in this fashion. You will find it to be a fascinating game, once you get used to it. It will do you no end of good. It will pluck you out of your professional isolation and make you an obedient and disciplined member of a great and growing group. It will clear your thoughts of romantic mistiness, cloudy imaginations, depressing doubts, and ascetic temptations, and substitute for them a virile, resilient, disciplined, optimistic attitude to human existence. If you decide to become one of us, I will furnish you the tools of the trade. . . . Come out into the light of day; let Golf be your teacher!"

Now I had seen the game played from a safe distance—men and women hacking a little white ball aimlessly about a green. Here was a chance to become a member of this glorious group, a participant in the game; to enter the mystic ranks of the enlightened, and probably, who knows? make myself famous. Thus I reasoned. I cannot set down here the tumult of my thoughts. But to keep my Scottish friend in a generous mood, I finally accepted his offer; and on a great day I, who could not distinguish between a niblick and a putter, was presented with a bagful of clubs, a pocketful of balls, a packet of blue, red, and yellow tees, and a permit for a dozen lessons. There was a plentiful supply of everything but the lessons! The dozen free ones were soon exhausted, though I had been careful to take them furtively when no one was likely to be upon the links, when only the professional who was used to such exhibitions could see the grotesque figure I cut.

Now let me state that, in earlier years, I have walked to the wicket, entertained a crowd of several thousands and tried to be an artistic, if not a professional, cricketer. It is easy to despise the public, but not if you remember the numbers who have paid good money to be amused. And when the match is about to end in a draw and you can take your place at the wicket and give the crowd something to cheer about—well, you are not likely to forget the day! And I remembered times of old when hurricane deliveries were swerving wickedly to the off, when the slips were packed with fielders waiting for me, the batsman, to glance the ball into their hands; when, indeed, the etiquette of batsmanship required that I should play the ball into their hands. But ah! to throw cricket etiquette to the winds and give the crowd their money's worth, that added a cubit unto one's stature! To feel the slips quivering with outstretched hands, waiting for the touch that will put the spinning ball into their eager palms; then to forget all cricket proprieties, and send the ball to the empty spaces of the boundary, is as exquisite a pleasure as can come to a man!

But somehow all my prowess in dashing a ball by cover-point, pulling a boundary to leg, did not help me in the least toward proficiency in keeping the little and irritating golf ball in the line where I was looking. I was instructed in "the grip," and told that nobody can play golf well until he gets a settled grip and sticks to it for all shots. Next I was given expert advice on all the principal strokes from the drive to the putt, and shown all the correct methods. But always my faults were before me! Indeed, my best results have ever been gained by remembering, not what the professional told me to do, but quite the other way round—recalling what I ought not to do.

At last it came: the day when I was to go round the course. I had been sedulously kept back from this, probably because it was thought I should be in the way of others; or else because prudence was the better part of the professional's valor. Anyway, the day came when I might venture from furtive golf to making it a public spectacle. Was I bothering about how to hold the clubs, about which to use in an emergency? I was not. Instead, there loomed the all-consuming question: What clothes shall I wear? It is one thing to look at the umpire from cricket flannels, it is another thing to be looked at in knickers! Nicholas Nickelby's calves may have been a sight to draw feminine exclamations, but what about mine? "Wear anything you like so long as you are comfortable and free and easy in your movements," said my friend. Yes, but what about plus fours for the first time! What about the first tee and a gallery agape! What about the feeling that it is your turn next, when the caddie's luminous face inquires: "Ever been out before, mister?" How about fixing your ball on the yellow (neither red nor blue!) tee, scraping for a stance you never get, addressing the ball and remembering the rules of what to do, or striving to recall what not to do! Oh, lyrical moment when that ball is dispatched—and not to the boundary! Heaven be praised that Einstein's relativity kept the ball down the middle!

It would do you no good, dear reader, to take you round the course with me. Let me say, however, that golf courses are like human beings,—no two alike, as variable and as unpredictable as New England weather. Whatever your golfing mood, however stable and optimistic, you may find the course as subtle and unchangeable as Egdon Heath. Enough for me to say now that fortune favored me on one hole. A good drive, a fortunate use of the brassie; and the caddie, without waiting for me to ask, gave me the proper club. His good eyes ran through me, lit up the landscape, washed the greensward with silvery illumination. His roving gaze measured the distance from my feet to the flag, looked at my knuckles, reflected the design of my stockings over the ball I was beholding, watched every curve of the club, every movement of arms and hands. As the ball rose in a graceful curve that sent one into a veritable ecstasy, with consummate art that caddie cried: "A 'birdie' is sitting on your ball!" But it wasn't. No, I played cricket on the green! My putter was handled as if made by Gunn & Moore!

However, my side won in the tournament. So I had some good news to dispense to the family at home, as well as wonderful things to talk about with the efficient ones who surrounded me with congratulations and condolences.

When my friend wrote urging me to become a golfer, he never penned a truer sentence than that which praised the exercise it would give me. Immediately on taking the driver, my roving disposition becomes apparent to everybody. I look at the flag, then at the ball, and then with remarkable, tantalizing and embarrassing regularity play to cover-point. I generally reach the green as circuitously as the Israelites journeyed to the Promised Land. Whatever anyone may say against such strategy, it remains true that I get more out of the game than the accomplished players; and, if the game leads me to some extravagances, it gives me also a finely tempered reticence—I never had a head for mathematical exactitudes. Furthermore, philosophical proclivities never find more comprehensive expression than upon the day when my fiercest opponent calls me up to play him. Then I can be a Stoic at breakfast, an Epicure at lunch, after which the day becomes a search for the Aristotelian "mean," and I may emerge at nightfall a rainbow-visioned Platonist. If I leave for the links a rag-bag of wavering loyalties, I may return home as true as a Toledo blade. Of several kinds of education, three are imminently worth while,—that of the countryman, that of the philosopher, and that of the golfer. To graduate in the great university of the countryside, to possess a sheepskin written in the language of power, these are both mild experiences compared with taking honors in golf! I suppose I have learned more from caddies than from all the blue professors at whose feet I sat. Nobody ever could pour knowledge into me as these splendid persons, the caddies, can. Digging is a gardener's job, but I, too, have done my share of it! I have made my rounds of the golf links and studied my balance like a bank manager! And I am grateful to the teaching of the tee in all weathers.

Yes, they were brave days when knighthood was in flower—the clink of armor, the glint of shining sword, the gleam of helmet and shield and caparisoned war horse; towers and turrets and streaming banners. Wonderful romance, splendid adventure! But to be a follower of Godfrey de Bouillon, or of a knight of Saint John, what is that compared with being a knight of the knickers, to sally forth to lower the score of your proud best? To slay Saracens and rout Mohammedans were nothing to going forth against your best self!

The most difficult opponent I have ever had? Why, that silent, eloquent critic that spoils most of my games—the card in my pocket.

J. M.

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CHRISTIAN SCIENCE QUARTERLY

The Swan

The swan has sailed down from her inlet nest;
Sailed slowly down in an uncertain dream
Of shallow waters and a resting moon,
Shadows inert and silences asleep,
To keep her tryst. The river through the woods
Offers no ripple to her moving breast;
Through drifting weeds and lily-leaves she sails
Into the clearer stream, and under her
The faint reflection of her beauty swells—
Strong wings like shells, broad fans of feather, ribbed
And folded close in easy layers, laid
And shut against the steep mount of her back;
Her long neck curving and her head erect,
Held in a pride of pose in silhouette
Against the dusky osiers behind.
From her soft breast the shadows all divide;
The water might be hollow holding her,
For wheresoe'er she swims, though swift or slow,
She cannot change its calm—
Even the silence seems to follow her.

—EDWARD DAVISON, in "Harvest of Youth."

Entering an Atoll

I had already seen several coral reefs at Mangareva, but this was the first time I had been near an atoll. It was like fairyland! For about a cable's length I followed the submarine reef that surrounded the atoll, and was only perceptible by the emerald green color of the water. Every now and then enormous blocks of dazzlingly white coral stood out of the sea as though tossed up by some gigantic eruption. What struck me most of all was the translucent blueness of the air, the marvelously delicate hue of the sky above the lagoon, and the violent contrast of green tree-tops and vivid blue sky.

The sea was breaking heavily on the coral. The coastline of the atoll was far from presenting the regular appearance shown in the charts; it was a succession of bays and little points, not continuous, but broken into little islands separated from each other by miniature channels. Toward noon I was opposite the Ngarue Channel. Now was the time to verify some of my theories. Every skipper I had talked to had advised me to enter at slack water of low tide when there was practically no current, but I resolved to make my way in at the full strength of the flood, thus profiting by its assistance. . . .

The tide was rising when I got there, and the sea sweeping in with an enormous swell. There was no sign of a buoy to mark the channel, and I had to trust entirely to the compass to get my bearings. The breeze was light, but when I actually reached the entrance the current raced me onward at a speed of eight knots.

This was really most impressive. The reefs seemed very close on either side. The water boiled and swirled and the Firecrest did not answer to the helm. Ahead were several large lumps of sunk coral. In the middle of the channel my boat spun round twice on her own axis, and I thought myself in great danger, but by this time I had been swept into the lagoon, where the water was marvelously calm and so transparent that I could perceive many dangerous reefs just below the surface. Navigation was now increasingly difficult, and I had constantly to leave the tiller to go forward and make out the various coral builders which the chart indicated under particularly melodious names—Mapiropiro, Otikaia, Temarii, Temahine, Nekatautau. Before long I cast anchor off the little village of Ngarumaova, happy to have surmounted such difficulties and to have undergone an unforgettable experience.—ALAIN GERBAULT, in "In Quest of the Sun."

Fuchsia Cups

In a short time now the humming birds will return to the swaying fuchsias, that cover the trellis on our southern porch. Each year, at about this time, with Spring at its fullest in California, first one member of our family and then another will go out on to the porch with the southern exposure to comment upon the luxuriance of the climbing fuchsias. Then, invariably, will occur the remark:

"Isn't it about time for our humming birds to come back?"

There is no lack of honey-stored flowers in the garden, as the butterflies and bees well know; yet none of our flowers, as far as we can discover, except the climbing fuchsia, seems to attract these tiny birds. Sometimes as many as five or six humming birds may be seen at one time, with beaks thrust deep into the hanging cups of the bright-colored flowers.

We make changes from year to year in our garden and in the arrangement of the shrubbery near the house; but, when it comes to the climbing fuchsia on the southern porch, that suffers no change. Whether or not they are the same humming birds each year, we do not know; but no one who has watched them, day after day, as they dart from flower to flower, would have the heart to remove the fuchsias. We could not think of letting the tiny birds come and not find the vivid cups of climbing fuchsia, swinging in the breeze.

Benedictions and Replies

Shopping in America is a friendly occupation. The chief difficulty to an Englishwoman is to find suitable replies. The deferential: "Good morning, Madam," of the English grocer has an established and inevitable answer. But how to reply to the "Hullo-ee" of a young grocer's assistant in America, especially when that remark is accompanied by an engaging smile, is a perplexity—at least to an Englishwoman.

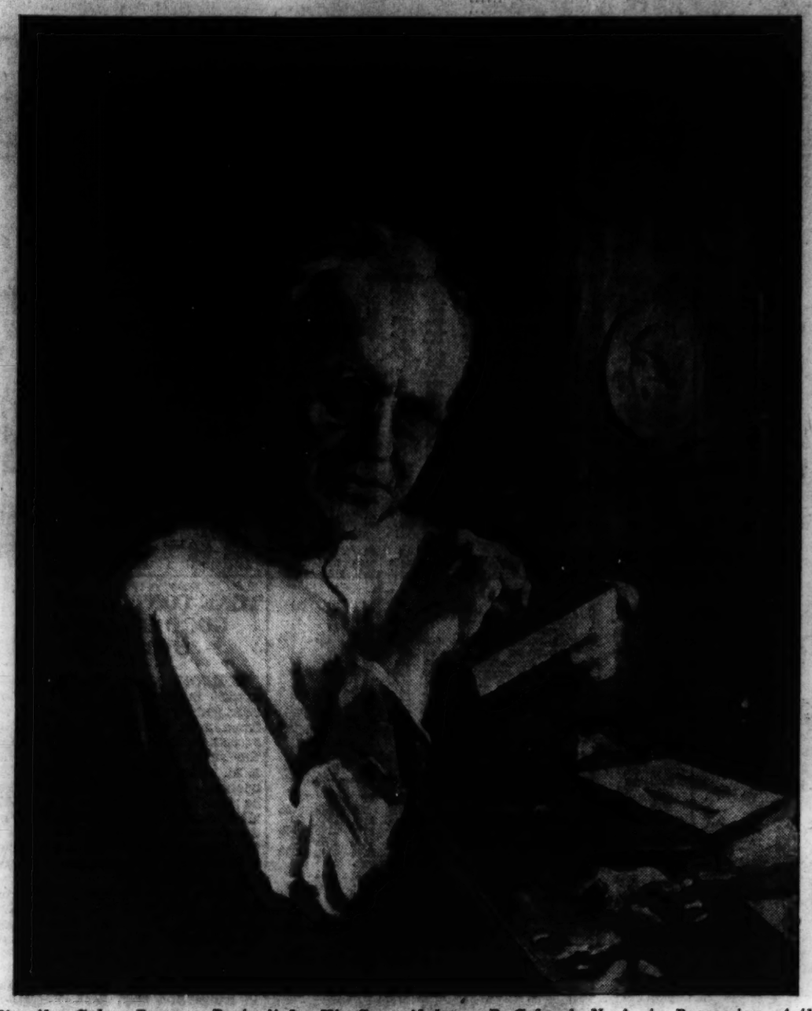
Again, what should have been the answer when, on handing over a purchase, the girl behind the counter said graciously: "Thanks a lot, come in again one day"? The tone was so indicative of a cordial invitation to a friend's house, that the Englishwoman had answered: "Thank you so much," before the humor of it occurred to her.

There have been many unexpected courtesies, echoing like benedictions down the day. "I hope you'll enjoy the book," said the woman at the station bookstall. "I do hope you'll enjoy wearing it," said a girl as she wrapped up a dress. But perhaps the greatest surprise came upon a second visit to the hairdresser's. A girl's arm slipped impulsively across the Englishwoman's shoulders and a voice of affectionate solicitude inquired: "How are you after your permanent?"

Yesterday

I found beauty yesterday
Along a lane of loveliness—
A larkspur's shining spire of blue
Glistened through the morning dew,
And bees droned songs of sweet content.

CHARLOTTE CHAMPENOIS.



Timothy Cole. From a Portrait by His Son, Alphœus P. Cole, A. N. A., in Possession of the National Academy, New York City

STARTING as a boy apprentice, Timothy Cole practiced wood engraving for sixty-five years. He was a consummate craftsman, and more—an artist in his own right. Technique he held in high regard, as well he might, for his dexterity and resourcefulness enabled him to work as a leader in the newer school of wood engravers. The older school, which was dominant until 1875, worked in a traditional way, using a definite kind of line for clouds, another for hair, and so on for foliage, water, bark of trees, foreground, distance, and so forth. Some of the older engravers did exquisite work in translating the values of painting to values of engraving. Painters were not satisfied with these renderings, however, feeling that for their art another had been substituted.

With the development of photographic processes, the time was ripe for a new style of wood engraving, and Timothy Cole came to be the leader of this school. He was commissioned by Alexander W. Drake to engrave blocks upon which the individual styles of paintings had been transferred by means of photography. Instead of resorting to the draftman's formulas, Mr. Cole worked to convey the personal touch of the painter, his manner of using paint, the length and character of the stroke, and so on. By means of subtle gradations of gray, all the artist's variation in color was rendered faithfully. In this way Mr. Cole produced for Century Magazine several hundred translations into wood engraving of the masterpieces of American, English and European schools of painting.

Timothy Cole was a true minister of beauty. To hear him talk of art, as he sometimes did by invitation at museums and universities, was to perceive new æsthetic vistas. He held that "only through the power and beneficence of beauty would the world be saved." He held with R. M. Stevenson that "technique is as inseparable from art as features from facial expression." He declared the engraving to be a means to an end, not the end in itself; and that no one values an engraving for its lines merely, "except, perhaps, the engravers."

"An engraving," he said, "to be of any lasting value must in the first place be a faithful transcript of a great work of art (speaking of it as a means of reproduction), and in the second place it must be well engraved; its lines and technique must be expressive of the thought or manner in its original, must supplement its intent, and at the same time they must be so incisive and determined in their cutting that they will be printable, for otherwise they would amount to nothing."

That Mr. Cole passed the bounds of sheer craftsmanship, in the sense of skill in copying, is proved by his understanding that reduction of a large painting to miniature size for a magazine page involved a use of a sort of expressive shorthand. He had to find ways of abbreviating the means used by the painter, simplifying without losing the effect of subtlety in the originality, so that the bold effect of the large picture would in some degree be echoed by its greatly reduced version in black and white and tones of gray. That he did find these means is proved by the zeal with which collectors seek for his blocks, and the eagerness of museums to make their lists of Cole prints as nearly complete, or at least as representative, as possible. Readers of these lines will find it worth while to look through files of the Century Magazine, previous to 1910, and examine at leisure the delicate charm and force of Cole's wood engravings.

Particularly happy is Alphæus Cole's painted portrait of his father, looking up momentarily from his work on a block. Under the magnifying glass his graver is making the minute lines and indentations that artfully convey to us the quality of the original artist's work, and take on in the process something that is unmistakably characteristic of the engraver. No one familiar with Timothy Cole's work could mistake it for another's. He had no cut-and-dried methods of representation. Every new picture was a new problem in translation. He is about to turn again to his block, smiling with a master craftsman's delight at his own dexterity, relishing every moment the art of the painter he is interpreting. Alphæus Cole's painting is one of his best things, he would probably say, because it was done con amore, with disregard for conventional accessories of fashionable portrait painting, and with concentration upon the essential character of his subject. From this portrait there emerges an impression of the gentleness and art devotion that were dominant in the nature of this great wood engraver. E. C. S.

The Windmill Man

Perhaps in that gray windy village, with green Severn winding through its plain far below and the Malverns withdrawn in grape-hued shadows across the valley, the windmill man still comes down the street of a Saturday morning. How we loved his coming, as we waited, toes holding precariously to the ledge of the garden gate and nose just clearing the green bar at the top, for the first distant whoop that greeted him as he swung out of the enfolding hills and around the corner of the first cottage wall, just where the village straggled away and was lost.

There was a distinct element of wonder about his appearing. He never came before ten of the clock, nor could the sharpest eyes surprise his approach among the faint blue hollows and soft green rises of the Cotswolds; but, as surely as the hour rang out above the lichened roofs, there he was, sprung up apparently between earth and sky and just as dearly loved as they. He boasted a guard of honor in every village, this windmill man, for his progress was attended by every pigtail and towhead that could escape parental vigilance and the garden gate. Not that escape was difficult to maneuver, for no one was more careful of stumbling feet than he, nor anyone more gracious with his courtiers, and well the grown-ups knew it. Behold him, then, smiling and weatherworn, yellow dog at heels, making his way between the narrow gray houses up the narrow gray street, ancient hat adorned with paper streamers and in his hands the fruit of his delightful craft, the gaudy paper windmills. Here was one like a butterfly, another with forked tails like a flight of swallows, others with delicate wind-filled wings ready for flight, and a whole posy of tissue flowers. To arms and coat tails hung the small fry, our boon companions, before and behind streams a dancing mob, breaking off now and then in ones and twos for an assault upon the family exchequer.

We remember that, as certain as the coming of the windmill man himself, was the arrival of father at the low wall at the garden's end. Sometimes he seemed exasperatingly slow, stopping to sniff at wallflowers or to choose a moss rosebud for the buttonhole of his disreputable gray coat—that coat beneath which there was always room to shelter from the rain and which smelt pleasantly of picnic fires and earth and hay. But, however slow seemed his progress, as viewed from the elbow of the windmill man while we accompanied him toward the house, father was always at the wall to greet the procession, with a pleasant jingle in his pockets, so that sundry insolvent revelers took fresh heart. This was always the moment of our personal triumph. Even the fact that our two top front teeth had been missing for weeks, and the second ones reluctant to appear, failed to detract from the brief respectful admiration with which we were regarded by the crowd when father and the windmill man discussed the sweet peas or the new puppy. Emboldened thus, we petrified the little company with our latest accomplishment.

"I can whistle like a steam engine."

"You can't," said the tallest of the towheads, albeit with a sudden doubt clouding his eye. Whereupon we blew horribly through the gap in our teeth, so that old Nurse bore purposefully down the garden path and the windmill man, foreseeing the scattering of his company, hastily touched his cap to father and shepherded us all successfully round the corner of the yew hedge.

"Ye'll never grow yer bonny new teeth that-a-way, Miss Lambie," he said with a twinkle; "try this way." And on the windy morning of the little Cotswold town a dozen bird notes fell—blackcap, willow wren, chiffchaff, yellow-hammer—and he ages to see that we missed not one of all, and knew them truly. His keen eyes raked the rolling uplands about us where Cotswold leaned against the sky, and peewits and skylarks lost to sight in the leagues of air, sent down soft sounds and lovely song. All too soon we reached the barley field where the village and the great world began. There we stood, our windmills turning bravely, a gallant little company, a smile from a wise old face, a wave of a kind hand and he was away, cap streamers blowing behind, yellow dog bounding ahead. We watched till the first fold of hills took him.

Opposites

WRITTEN FOR THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

THE Scriptures declare that God made all that was made, and that He pronounced his creation "very good." If we believe these statements, we must conclude that what is called evil has no reality, but that it is only a false appearance.

In addition to its sound Scriptural foundation, Christian Science is both logical and reasonable. Most people will agree that two things diametrically opposite cannot be equally true. If one is real, it necessarily follows that the other is unreal; and in Christian Science by the word "real" is meant that which God created. If, then, God created one of these things, namely, good, it follows that He did not create the other—evil; and, consequently, even though the latter may appear real to human sense, it has no *bona fide* existence. Mortal belief, on the contrary, supposes that good and evil are equally real and true. The Christian Scientist has abandoned this position as something originating in a misunderstanding of the Word of God, which, properly understood, is never contradictory, but is always consistent and dependable.

To the sincere student of Christian Science what is called evil in human experience appears as a false belief concerning the nature of God and of man in His image and likeness. Like any other erroneous belief, it may, therefore, be eliminated by a knowledge of the divine verities; for, as Christ Jesus said, "Ye shall know the truth, and the truth shall make you free."

It is sometimes asked, Who, or what, is it that harbors false belief? And this is a pertinent question, for a false belief implies a false believer. In Christian Science this false belief and believer is called mortal mind, in contradistinction to the Mind which is God. But as there is only one God, there can be only one Mind; and inasmuch as Mind, God, is incapable of either formulating or retaining a false belief, it follows that there is actually no mind to believe falsely, and, consequently, there is no truth in false belief. This is made clear on page 487 of the Christian Science textbook, "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures" by Mary Baker Eddy, where we read, "There is in reality no such thing as *mortal* mind." This, then, is the effectual way to dispose of a false belief; for it denies any origin to a false believer, and accordingly excludes evil of every kind from the divine cosmogony.

That such an understanding must eventuate in the destruction of evil in human experience should be obvious, for all that supports evil is supposititious false belief without God, Principle. Evil, then, is nothing. Its seeming existence should cause no anxiety, for through the understanding of the truth it can be refused any lodgment in thought. Not the smallest concession should be made to appearances which argue the existence of a false belief, a false believer, and evil effects. To recognise them in any degree as real is to create a problem which can be solved only as the error is consciously corrected.

It should not be supposed that because Christian Science denies to evil any reality, it teaches that it may safely be ignored in human experience. Nothing, indeed, is farther from the fact. On the contrary, Christian Science admonishes us to detect error, seeing it for what it is,—nothing,—thus destroying our belief in it. It is necessary to demonstrate the unreality of evil.

The definite purpose of Christian Science is to usher in this great truth, namely, that the opposites, good and evil, are not equally true; that the first, being the creation of God, is real, and the second but temporary illusion. When this is understood, then will be fulfilled the prophecy of Isaiah, "And the ransomed of the Lord shall return, and come to Zion with songs and everlasting joy upon their heads: they shall obtain joy and gladness, and sorrow and sighing shall flee away."

[In another column will be found a translation of this article into Spanish.]

Cosas Opuestas

Traducción del artículo sobre la Ciencia Cristiana publicado en inglés en esta página

LA ESCRITURA Sagrada declara que Dios hizo todo lo que fué hecho y que llamó su creación "buena en gran manera." (Según la versión castellana de la Biblia de Cipriano de Valera.) Si creemos estas declaraciones tenemos que venir a la conclusión de que todo lo que se llama malo no tiene realidad, que no es más que una apariencia errónea.

Además de su sana fundación bíblica, la Ciencia Cristiana es tanto lógica como razonable. ¿Quién no concederá que dos cosas diametralmente opuestas no pueden ser igualmente verdaderas las dos? Si la una es real, sigue necesariamente que la otra es irreal; y en la Ciencia Cristiana se entiende bajo la palabra real lo que Dios ha creado. Si por lo tanto Dios creó la una de estas cosas, es decir lo bueno, sigue que no creó la otra—lo malo, y por consiguiente, aunque la última pueda parecer real a los sentidos humanos, no tiene existencia verdadera. La creencia mortal, por lo contrario, supone que lo bueno y lo malo son igualmente reales y verdaderos. El científico cristiano ha abandonado esta posición como algo que tiene su origen en una mala interpretación de la palabra de Dios, la cual, correctamente entendida no es nunca contradictoria, sino siempre consistente y segura.

Para el estudiante sincero de la Ciencia Cristiana lo que se llama malo en la experiencia humana, no es más que una suposición errónea respecto a la naturaleza de Dios y del hombre a su imagen y semejanza. Como cualquier otra suposición errónea, puede por lo tanto ser eliminada por el conocimiento de las verdades divinas; puesto que, como dijo Cristo Jesús, "Conoceréis la verdad, y la verdad os libertará."

De vez en cuando se plantea la cuestión, ¿Quién o qué es lo que alberga las suposiciones erróneas? Y ésa es una cuestión apropiada, porque una suposición errónea implica a alguien o algo que pueda tener suposiciones erróneas. En la Ciencia Cristiana estas suposiciones erróneas y el o lo que las tiene se llaman mente mortal en contraste con la Mente que es Dios. Pero como no hay más que un Dios, no puede haber más que una Mente, y en tanto que la Mente, Dios, es incapaz de sea formular o retener una suposición errónea, sigue que en verdad no hay ninguna mente capaz de tener suposiciones erróneas y por consiguiente que no hay realidad en suposiciones erróneas. Esto se expone en la página 487 del libro de texto de la Ciencia Cristiana, "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures" por Mary Baker Eddy, donde leemos: "En realidad no hay tal cosa como una mente mortal." Eso, pues, es el modo efectivo de deshacerse de una suposición errónea, porque niega origen a algo que pueda tenerla, y por lo tanto excluye el mal de toda clase de la cosmogonía divina.

Que tal entendimiento ha de terminar en la destrucción del mal en la experiencia humana, debería de estar evidente, puesto que todo lo que soporta el mal es una suposición errónea engañadora, sin Dios o Principio. El mal, pues, no es nada. Su existencia aparente no debería de causar inquietud, puesto que se le puede rehusar alojamiento en nuestro pensar mediante la comprensión de la verdad. Ninguna concesión, por pequeña que sea, debería hacerse a las apariencias que reclaman la existencia de una suposición errónea, de alguien o algo que pueda tenerla o de sus malos efectos. El concederles realidad de cualquier especie es crear un problema, que no puede resolverse hasta que el error es conciensudamente corregido.

No hay que crear que porque la Ciencia Cristiana niega realidad al mal, enseña que éste puede ignorarse impunemente en la experiencia humana. No hay en efecto nada que sea más lejos de los hechos. Por lo contrario, la Ciencia Cristiana nos aconseja descubrir el error, viéndolo como lo que en realidad es—nada—de tal manera destruyendo nuestra creencia en ello. Es necesario demostrar la irrealidad del mal.

El propósito determinado de la Ciencia Cristiana es de promulgar esta gran verdad, a saber, que cosas opuestas como lo bueno y lo malo no son igualmente verdaderos; que lo primero, siendo la creación de Dios, es real y que lo segundo no es más que una ilusión pasajera. Cuando esto es comprendido se cumplirá la profecía de Isaías, "Y los redimidos de Jehová volverán, y vendrán á Sión con alegría: y gozo perpetuo será sobre sus cabezas: y retendrán el gozo y alegría, y huirá la tristeza y el gemido."

Información respecto a la literatura de la Ciencia Cristiana publicada en esta idioma puede obtenerse dirigiéndose a la Casa Editorial de la Ciencia Cristiana (The Christian Science Publishing Society).

A Yoke of Steers

A heave of mighty shoulders to the yoke,
Square, patient heads, and flaring sweep of horn;
The darkness swirling down beneath their feet
Where sleeping valleys stir, and feel the dawn;
Uncouth and primal, on and up they sway,
Taking the summit in a drench of day.
The night-winds volley upward bitter-sweet,
And the dew shatters to a rainbow spray
Under the slow-moving, cloven feet. . . .

—DU BOSE HEYWARD, in "Skylines and Horizons."

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STOCK MARKET IS MOVING IN TRADING RUT

Professional Operations Are Conspicuous—Rails Rise at Close

NEW YORK, June 11 (AP)—Stocks fluttered irregularly in a professional market today, unable to break out of a trading rut either on the frequent dips or recoveries. Group movements were indecisive. Volume continued very light.

Late profit-taking and short selling sent stocks slowly downward after an indifferent and irregular performance in the earlier dealings. The price movement was generally narrow throughout the dull session.

Allied Chemical, Southern Railway, Westinghouse and United States Steel sagged a couple of points, while Consolidated Gas, American Can, General Motors and Johns-Manville were off a point or so.

Rails were steady to firm. Fox Film lost half of an early 3-point advance.

Sales were in the neighborhood of 1,700,000 shares.

Fox Film provided a high light at the opening, rising 3 points on the strength of the board reorganization and the optimistic statement of the company's position, which included the expression of a hope that the former dividend rate could be restored in the third quarter.

Dividend Reductions

The day's dividend news was largely unfavorable. In addition to the reduction by Southern Railway, directors of the Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville omitted payments on the common and preferred issues, a substantial majority of which is owned by Southern Railway and Louisville & Nashville. Real Silk Hosiery passed the preferred payment and withdrew the previously declared stock dividends on the common.

Woolworth extended its recent gains on the news that recapitalization of the English subsidiary was adding $78,000,000 to the parent company's surplus, bringing that item to more than $150,000,000. The addition is equal to $8 a share on the stock, and Wall Street is wondering whether and to what extent this will be passed along.

Today's meeting of the railroad executives was followed with interest and there was a belief that definite agreement on the size of the freight increase to be requested would be reached. Decision in favor of a 15-per cent rise has seemed likely, since this would boost gross revenues about 10 per cent.

Reports that copper had been sold at 8 cents were discredited in some quarters, and the day's transactions were at 8¼ cents. Call money firmed in the outside market where funds at 1 per cent again dried up, and all offerings were at the stock exchange renewal rate, 1½ per cent.

Bonds Move Upward

Led by railroad industrial obligations, the bond market advanced irregularly today though trading continued to be moderate.

Such activity as developed was concentrated among a few issues. Among the rails St. Louis-San Francisco 4½s of 1978, St. Paul 5s of 2000, and Erie 5s of 1975 made some of the best gains of the whole list on a steady turnover. Chicago & Northwestern 4¾s also were active but showed a declining tendency. Fractional gains were scored by Pennsylvania series D 4½s and general 4½s and Missouri Pacific series F 5s. Delaware & Hudson 4s and Atchison General 4s eased off.

Gains among industrial issues were usually small but the advance was less irregular and trading was less concentrated than in the rails.

Public utility bonds were generally steady and quiet. United States Treasury and Liberty loans were dull, without a definite trend. Foreign bonds, especially some of the more speculative European issues, receded irregularly.

A sharp gain in General Theaters Equipment 6s featured the stock-privilege group. This issue and Warner Brothers Pictures 6s were active. With the exception of the former, this group kept pretty close to yesterday's closing prices.

CHASE-HARRIS, FORBES GROUP ACQUIRES BIG UTILITY HOLDINGS

NEW YORK, June 11 (AP)—Public Utility Holding Corp. of America, principal utility medium of Chase Securities Corp. and Harris, Forbes & Co., it was learned today, has become the largest holder of voting shares in American Commonwealths Power Corp., giving the Chase-Harris, Forbes group an affiliation with public utility companies in the United States with assets that amounted to $5,087,000,000 at the close of 1930.

Open market or direct purchases of stock during the last few months have brought Public Utility Holding to its prominent position in the $200,000,000 American Commonwealths Power Corp. It is estimated that Public Utility owns about one-fourth of the 495,000 voting shares in American Commonwealths Power.

Together with direct or indirect holdings of Frank T. Hulswit and associates, working control of American Commonwealths Power is vested jointly in affiliated interests. The American Utilities and General Corp. is the third largest holder, with from 35,000 to 40,000 voting shares.

To represent the entry of Chase-Harris, Forbes interests into American Commonwealths Power System, Fred S. Burroughs president of Public Utility Holding Corp., and George E. Devendorf, a vice-president and director of American Founders, Public Utility Holding and United States Electric Power, were elected directors.

PEOPLES LIGHT & POWER CORP.

Peoples Light & Power Corporation reports for the 12 months ended April 30:

	1931	1930
*Gross revenue	$8,844,969	$7,893,677
Balance after tax	3,804,656	3,714,639
†Net income	987,928	.....
Preferred dividends	422,413	.....
Surplus after common	565,515	.....

*Includes other income. †After interest, depreciation, subsidiary preferred dividends, etc.

ASSOC. TELEPHONE UTILITIES

NEW YORK, June 11 (AP)—March quarter net profit of Associated Telephone Utilities Company before depreciation was $824,687, compared with $823,710 for the corresponding period of 1930.

THURSDAY'S TRANSACTIONS ON THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

Closing Prices

1931 High	1931 Low	Stock	Sales	High	Low	Last June 11	Last June 10
14¼	3½	Abitibi Pow & P	200	3¾	3¾	3¾	3¾
53	15	Abitibi pf	400	16	15	15	..
23½	11½	Adams Express	600	13¾	13¾	13¾	13
82	33½	Adams Exp pf	200	84	82	82	87½
11⅝	4½	Advance Rumely	100	..	..	..	..
½	⅛	Ahumada Lead	6700	..	..	⅛	..
109⅝	70¾	Air Reduction	2300	81¾	78	80½	81½
20½	7	Alaska-Juneau	36300	16¼	13½	16¼	16¾
13¾	4¼	Alleghany Corp	3200	6¼	6	6¼	6½
59½	20½	Allegh pf ww xxx	400	23¾	21	23¼	..
182¾	103¾	Allied Chem	1500	121¼	117	119½	120¾
42¾	18¾	Allis Chalmers	100	33¾	32¾	33¼	34
53	15½	Amerada	100	16¼	..	..	..
29¾	11½	Am Ag Ch Del	300	19	18	18½	18¾
62¾	34¾	Am Bank Note	100	36½	36½	36½	..
12⅜	3⅝	Am Brown Boveri	400	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	4¼
70	31	Am Br Bov pf	3200	69¼	65	66	68
139¾	93¾	Am Can	34600	104¼	103	103	103¾
183½	143	Am Can pf	100	160	160	160	160
86	30¾	Am Car & F pf	100	83½	80¾	80¾	..
31½	10⅞	Am Colortype	200	10½	..	..	..
14½	5½	Am Com Alcohol	300	7	6¾	6¾	6¾
33½	18½	Am European	200	19½	18½	18½	..
57¾	21¼	Am & For Pow	9600	28¾	26¾	26¾	29¾
90	34	Am & For Pow 6	100	76	..	..	..
8	1¾	Am Hide & L	100	6¼	4¾	4¾	..
30	10½	Am Hide & L pf	100	19	19	19	..
31½	18¾	Am Ice	100	22	22	22	22
36	9¾	Am International	400	12¾	11¾	12¾	12
1½	½	Am a France	900	..	..	..	..
12	4½	Am La Fr pf	50	10	10	10	..
30¾	13¼	Am Locomotive	300	15¾	15¾	15¾	..
84¾	70	Am Loco pf	300	70½	70	70	..
7	2	Am Mach & Met	300	2¾	2¾	2¾	3⅛
23¾	8¼	Am Metal	200	9¾	8¼	8¼	..
39½	5	Am Nat Gas pf	10	6¼	6¼	6¼	..
44½	30⅜	Am Power & Lt	1400	36¼	33⅝	33⅝	33⅝
21½	11½	Am Radiator	1200	13	12¾	12¾	12¾
37⅜	15	Am Rolling Mill	1300	18½	17⅞	18	18¼
58½	24⅜	Am Smelt & Ref	1800	30½	29¼	29½	29¼
102¾	83¼	Am Smelt&R 7pf	400	85	83	85	..
47½	17	Am Solvents & C	200	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾
31½	11½	Am Steel Fdries	400	14½	14⅜	14¾	14
113	100½	Am Steel F pf	110	104	104	104	..
48¼	37	Am Stores	100	40½	40½	40½	40
60	42	Am Sugar Ref	400	48	47¾	48	48
108½	96	Am Sug Ref pf	200	100¾	100	100¾	101
201¾	156½	Am Tel & Tel	11700	169¼	167¼	169	168
80¾	40⅜	Am Wat W&E	1200	48¾	43¾	48¾	45¾
79	38	Am WW&E ct	300	41	40	40	40¼
11⅞	5¼	Am Woolen	100	6¼	6¼	6¾	..
39½	20⅜	Am Woolen pf	100	26	26	26	26½
8¾	8⅜	Am Zinc Lead&S	400	4¼	4¼	4¼	..
40¾	26	Am Zinc L&S pf	100	28	28	28	..
43¼	18¾	Anaconda Cop	1700	22¼	21¾	22¼	22¾
26¼	20	Anaconda Wire	100	20	20	20	20
18	8	Archer Daniels	1300	10½	10	10¼	9¾
4½	1½	Armour Ill A	100	1¾	1¾	1¾	2
72	33	Armour Del pf	100	41	41	41	43
28⅞	5¾	Asso Apparel Ind	100	6¾	6¼	6¼	6¾
7½	3⅝	Arnold Constable	400	5¾	5½	5¾	4¾
2¾	1	Armour Il B	100	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼
29½	16¼	Asso Dry Goods	500	20½	20¼	20¼	20¾
203⅜	132¾	Atchison T&SF	1800	157½	148	157½	153
108¼	100½	Atchison pf	6500	104	103	104	103½
120	78	Atl Coast Line	100	91	91	91	..
23¾	11½	Atl Refining	900	15½	14¾	14¾	15
13½	7	Atlas Stores	100	7¼	7¼	7½	..
295½	101½	Auburn Auto	5800	167½	160¾	167	167
24½	18⅝	Austin Nichols A	90	20¾	20½	20½	..
6⅛	3	Aviation Corp Del	600	3½	3⅜	3⅜	3¾
—B—							
27⅞	9½	Baldwin Loco	600	13¼	13	13¼	13¼
87⅞	43½	Balt & Ohio	2900	57	53	56½	53¾
66¾	47	Bangor & Aroos	400	54	53	54	..
113½	99¾	Bangor & Ar pf	140	105	103¾	105	..
1¼	½	Barnsdall A	600	1⅛	⅞	1¼	7¼
81	53½	Beatrice Cream	200	60	58½	58	..
80¾	78	Belg Nat Rys ppf	200	77½	77½	77½	..
25½	14⅞	Bendix Aviation	900	16⅞	16¾	16¾	16½
46⅛	24	Best & Co	1600	31½	31½	32	32
70¾	38½	Bethlehem Steel	17800	45¼	44¼	44½	44⅝
123⅞	96¾	Beth Steel pf	100	103½	103½	103½	102
29	16	Blaw Knox	400	18	17¾	17¾	..
40½	20¾	Bohn Alum & Br	100	31½	29¾	29¾	28¾
76½	47	Borden	500	55¾	54¾	55¾	55
30¾	14½	Borg Warner	1300	17½	16¾	16¾	16½
22¾	8¼	Briggs Mfg	700	10¾	10	10	10¾
69¾	53¾	Brooklyn Man T	1100	61½	60¾	60¾	61
94¼	85⅞	Brooklyn M T pf	300	92	91¾	91¾	91½
80¼	51¾	Brooklyn Q pf	300	59½	59½	59½	..
129⅜	99	Brooklyn Un Gas	300	108	108	108	108
40½	32¾	Brown Shoe	100	38½	38½	38½	..
9½	3	Bruns Terminal	100	4	4	4	4¼
20⅞	11¾	Bucyrus Erie	200	12¾	12½	12½	13
50	35	Budd Mfg pf	10	45	45	45	..
13	7½	Budd Wheel	400	8	7¾	8	8½
15⅜	8½	Bulova Watch	100	8¾	8¾	8¾	8⅝
85	22	Burns Bros pf	10	58	58	58	..
32¼	19½	Burroughs Add	100	22½	22½	22½	..
2	1¼	Butte Cop & Zinc	100	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼
20⅝	9	Butterick	200	10	10	10	..
106⅞	80	Byers pf	100	80½	80½	80½	..
69¾	23⅜	Byers	8400	32⅝	30⅝	32	30¾
—C—							
53	20½	Calif Packing	200	24½	24	24	23⅜
11⅜	5	Calumet & Hecla	100	6	6	6	5⅞
43½	29⅞	Canada Dry	4300	43½	42¾	42¾	43
45⅝	34¾	Canadian Pacific	500	27½	26⅝	27½	26⅝
131½	59½	Case Thresh	29700	76⅝	73⅞	75½	75¼
16	9½	Capital Admin	100	13½	13½	13½	13¾
116	95	Case Thresh pf	140	103½	102	103	104
52½	21¼	Caterpillar Trac	200	24	22¾	23½	23⅜
13¾	3⅝	Celotex ct	100	4¾	4¾	4¾	..
23¼	7⅞	Checker Cab Mf	200	9¾	9½	9¾	9½
54½	27½	Chesapeake Corp	200	38	34½	36	34⅞
46½	27	Ches & Ohio	1500	36¾	33¾	36	34
7⅞	4	Chi & Gt West	200	5¾	5	5¾	4⅞
26⅜	15¾	Chi & Gt W pf	200	21¼	19	21¼	20½
8⅞	3½	Chi Mil & St P	2900	3¾	4⅛	5⅜	4⅞
15⅜	4¼	Chi Mil & St P pf	2500	9¾	7⅞	9¾	..
45½	25	Chi & N'western	200	33¾	30	33¾	30¾
65½	22½	Chi Rock Isl & P	1700	35½	33	35½	32¾
90	50	Chi R I & P 6%	100	64	64	64	..
33¾	17¾	Childs Company	200	20¾	20¼	20¾	20¾
25¾	12½	Chrysler	9900	17¼	16⅝	16¾	16⅞
37⅜	30½	City Ice & Fuel	100	31	31	31	31
90	77½	City Ice & F pf	230	80⅜	79⅜	80½	81¾
4¾	2	City Stores	400	3¼	3	3¼	3
25	2⅞	City Stores A	10	13	13	13	..
170	133	Coca Cola	4500	145⅜	141⅝	145	141¼
53¾	50½	Coca Cola A	200	53¼	53¼	53¼	..
50½	40	Colgate-Palm-P	100	44⅝	44¾	44¾	45
104½	101¾	Colg-Palm-P pf	700	102¾	102½	102¾	..
17⅝	9	Collins & Aikman	100	12¼	12¼	12¼	12
32¼	9¾	Colo Fuel & Ir	100	12½	12½	12½	..
45⅞	20⅝	Columbia Gas	13200	27⅜	26⅝	27⅜	27
111⅝	55	Columbian Carb	800	68½	67	68	68
16⅜	6	Columbia Graph	1500	7⅜	7⅛	7¼	7½
8½	6	Columbia Gr ct	200	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜
23¼	13	Comm Credit	200	17	16½	17	17
23½	20	Comm Cred pf	700	22½	22½	22½	22½
85¾	76½	Comm Cred 1pf	110	83	83	83	82½
35⅞	30⅜	Comm Cred A	200	32¼	32¼	32¼	..
30	9¼	Cont Baking A	100	11	11	11	11
3⅜	1¼	Cont Baking B	100	1½	1½	1½	..
77½	44⅞	Cont Baking pf	200	54	54	54	54
42¾	40⅜	Cont Can	2000	48⅜	47¾	47¾	47½
16⅞	8¼	Cont Dis Fibre	200	8¾	8⅝	8¾	9¼
51⅞	34	Sont Insurance	200	40¾	39	40¾	38¾
4½	2¼	Cont Motors	100	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¾
12	5	Cont Oil	6400	7½	7¼	7½	7¾
12	3½	Cont Shares	4600	5½	4¾	4¾	4¾
86⅞	55⅞	Corn Products	1200	65	63½	64¾	64
18	6¼	Coty	200	8	7¾	7¾	8⅜
34½	26½	Cream of Wheat	100	28½	28½	28½	28½
19⅜	12¼	Crex Carpet	100	15	15	15¾	15¾
38¼	18¼	Crown Cork & S	100	21½	21½	21½	21¾
34	22	Comm Inv Tr	800	27	26	27	25½
8	2⅞	Comm I Tr war	100	4¾	4¾	4¾	..
21½	20¾	Comm Solvents	2400	13¾	13¼	13¾	13⅜
12	6⅞	Comwith & So	1700	8½	8	8	8⅛
100¼	90	Comwith & S 6pf	100	92½	92½	92½	92
12¼	6⅞	Congoleum Nairn	7200	11½	10⅝	10¾	10¼
18⅞	10½	Consol Film I pf	100	13	13	13	12½
109⅝	82½	Consol Gas	25000	93¾	91⅜	92¾	93
105⅜	101½	Consol Gas pf	400	104⅞	104¾	104¾	104½
15⅞	11½	Consol Laundries	200	13¾	12	13½	12½
1¾	¼	Consol Textile	100	⅝	⅝	⅝	½
3	1¼	Container B	100	1⅝	1¼	1½	..
63	30⅜	Crucible Steel	200	37½	36¾	36¾	38⅜
106	80	Crucible Steel pf	40	89½	88½	89½	89
5⅞	2½	Cuban Am Sug	300	3	3	3	3
35	16	Cuban Am S pf	100	20	20	20	19
2⅝	⅝	Cuban Cane Pr	100	..	⅞	⅞	⅞
48⅞	35¾	Cudahy Packing	200	38¼	38	38¼	38
100	69	Curtis Publishing	600	70½	70	70	70½
118⅝	112½	Curtis Pub pf	100	112½	112½	112½	..
5⅞	2⅛	Curtis-Wright	4000	2	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
6¾	3	Curtis-Wright A	2400	4½	3⅞	4¼	4⅛
112	100	Cushman 7%	60	107	107	107	..
—D—							
23	9⅝	Davison Chem	300	11¾	11¼	11¼	11¼
22	19¾	Deere & Co pf	200	20	20	20	..
157½	107½	Del & Hudson	500	123	119	122¾	120
102	45½	Del Lack & W	200	56¾	53	56¾	53
195	140¾	Detroit Edison	200	150	146	146	144
19¼	11½	Devoe & Rey A	200	11⅝	11½	11½	11½
23	14⅞	Diamond Match	4700	17¾	16½	17⅜	16⅞
28	24¾	Diamond M pf	100	25⅞	25⅞	25⅞	25⅝
15¾	8¼	Dome Mines	4700	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	11¾
24	14½	Dominion Stores	200	19¾	19¼	19½	19¼
107	71	Du Pont de Nem	12000	81⅞	79½	81⅝	80¾
124	118¾	Du Pont deb	200	122	121¾	122	121½
—E—							
3¼	6¾	Eastern Roll Mill	100	6¾	6¾	6¾	..
185¾	118	Eastman Kodak	800	133	129	133	133¼
134½	128¾	Eastman Kod pf	20	130½	130½	130½	..
21⅞	9¼	Eaton Axle & Epf	600	11½	10½	10½	11
11¼	3¼	Eitingnon Schild	200	7⅞	7⅝	7⅞	..
74¾	34⅛	Elec Auto-Lite	4600	42½	41	42	42
110	106	Elec Auto-L pf	10	108½	107½	108½	107½
4½	2	Elec Bond	100	3½	3	3	..
60¾	30¼	El Pw & Lt	22100	37½	34⅝	37¼	34⅜
98⅛	92⅝	El Pw & Lt pf	300	97½	97¼	97½	..
98¼	80	El Pw & L 6% pf	100	85⅝	85⅝	85⅝	84
41	30	Endicott Johnson	100	36	36	36	36
49	28½	Engineers Pub S	200	30	30	30	32
39¾	13½	Erie RR	200	20¾	18	20⅜	18½
45½	28	Erie RR 1pf	200	31½	31	31½	..
12¾	6⅛	Eureka Vacuum	200	8	5½	5½	6½
—F—							
29¾	15⅞	Fairbanks Morse	400	18⅜	16	16	16½
28	15½	Fed Dept Stores	100	24½	24¼	24¾	23
92	85	Fed Lt & Tr pf	10	85	85	85	..
7⅝	5	Fed Motor T	600	6	5⅝	5	.40
30	11½	Fed Water Serv	4100	18½	18	18½	14½
56½	36¼	Fidelity Phe F In	600	43	41⅜	43	..
21½	13	Firestone T&R	700	17⅞	17½	17⅞	..
63¾	56½	Firestone T&R pf	500	60½	60¼	60½	60⅜
½	⅛	Fisk Rubber	1000	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
3	1	Fisk Rub 1pf	100	1½	1½	1¼	1¼
64½	21½	Foster-Wheeler	1400	29	27¾	28	27¼
32½	20½	Fourth Nat Inv	300	24⅝	24½	24⅝	24⅝
38⅝	11⅝	Fox Film A	77600	20½	18¼	19⅜	17½
43¼	22	Freeport Texas	200	35¾	35¼	35¾	36½
—G—							
6⅜	3	Gabriel Snub A	100	3¾	3¾	3¾	..
7⅞	4½	Gen Am Inv	300	5¼	5¼	5¼	5½
73½	52¾	Gen Am Tnk Car	1500	56½	55¾	56½	56¾
47	15¼	Gen Asphalt	500	31¼	30½	30½	31
25½	7	Gen Cable A	100	9	9	..	..
64½	30¾	Gen Electric	19000	40½	39½	40¼	40½
12¼	11¾	Gen Elec Sp	800	11⅜	11¼	11¼	11¾
56	43	Gen Foods	800	47¾	46¾	47	47
35¼	4¼	Gen Gas & E A	1400	5	4¾	4¾	4¾
35¾	27	Gen Ital Edison	100	27¾	27¾	27¾	27¾
48	31½	Gen Motors	31200	35¾	34¼	35¼	35¾
103¾	98	Gen Mot 5% pf	300	101	100¾	101	101
31	15	Gen Print Ink	70	21½	20¾	21½	19¾
76	59½	Gen Print Ink pf	100	62¾	62¾	62¾	..
23	8¼	Gen Pbu Service	100	11¾	11¾	11¾	10¾
9½	3¾	Gen Realty	200	3½	3½	3½	3½
57⅜	29	Gen Refractories	100	33¾	33¾	33¾	33¾
15½	3⅜	Gen Thea Equip	12800	4¼	4¼	4⅛	3⅞
38¾	21½	Gillette Saf Raz	3900	24⅜	23½	24	23⅝
76⅛	62¾	Gillette S R pf	100	71¼	71¼	71½	..
7⅞	5	Gimbel Bros	2700	6¼	6	6¼	..
48	36½	Gimbel Bros pf	100	42¾	42¾	42¾	..
16½	7¾	Glidden	700	8¼	8	8¼	8¼
78	48	Glidden ppf	3000	68	63	63	68
8⅜	4	Gobel (Adolf)	200	5	5	5	5
42½	21	Gold Dust	1500	28¼	26¾	28	27¼
117½	104	Gold Dust pf	100	111	111	111	..
30½	8¼	Goodrich	700	11⅜	11¼	11⅜	10
52¾	30¾	Goodyear	1000	36¾	35¾	36⅜	36
6½	3¼	Graham Paige	100	3¾	3¾	3¾	3¾
1931 High	1931 Low	Stock	Sales	High	Low	Last June 11	Last June 10
		Granby	100	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	..
18	10¼	Grand Union	100	14¾	14¾	14¾	15¼
39½	23¾	Grant (WT)	600	30⅜	28½	28½	29½
69¾	43½	Great Nor pf	700	54¾	51¾	54¾	55¼
11⅝	4¼	Great Nor Ore	1600	5¾	5¼	5¼	5¾
54½	23½	Great West Sug	800	31	29¾	30¾	30
11⅞	7¼	Great W Sug pf	200	8¼	8	8¼	7¾
69¾	60½	Gregory-Grunow	3100	4¼	3¾	4	3¾
9¾	3½	Guantanamo Sug	800	⅝	½	½	⅝
—H—							
44¼	24½	Harbison Walker	1800	27¾	26⅜	26⅜	26¼
42	21¼	Hawaiian Pine	200	23	23	23	..
31	15	Hayes Wheel	100	16	16	16	..
41	18½	Helme (G W)	100	20	20	20	20
41	32½	Hercules Motor	100	33	33	33	33
113½	81¼	Hercules Powd pf	100	110	110	110	..
11¾	5¼	Hershey Choc	100	6¾	6¾	6¾	..
41	1.60	Hershey Choc pf	100	45	45	45	45
19¾	3½	Hillman	1700	4¾	4¼	4¼	4¼
10	2	Holland Furnace	100	3	3	3	3
37	21½	Homestake Min	100	21½	21½	21½	21½
14¾	7	Houdaille Her B	100	7	7	7	7
41¾	27	Household Fin	200	34¾	34¼	34¾	34¾
89	84½	Household Fin pf	100	86	86	86	..
49	32	Houston Oil new	800	34¾	34¼	34¾	34¾
15¼	3¾	Hudson Motor	1700	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼
		Hupp Motors	1200	6¾	6¼	6¼	7
—I—							
69	41⅛	Ill Central	700	48⅛	45	48	46
4¾	2	Indian Refining	300	3¾	3½	3¾	..
28	21¼	Indus Rayon	400	27⅞	26¾	27¾	..
82¾	74	Ingersoll-Rand	200	90¼	90	90	..
11	10¼	Insuranshs Del n	100	10½	10½	10½	..
34	10½	Interboro Rap T	400	24¾	23¼	25¾	22¾
11	6¼	Int Agr Corp	100	7½	7½	7½	..
51½	18¼	Int Agr pf	400	17½	16¾	17½	..
179¾	117	Int Business M	400	139	135	139	135
15⅝	.60	Int Carriers	600	7¾	7	7¾	..
4	1¼	Int Combustion	700	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾
29½	12	Int Cement	400	17¼	16¾	17¼	16
60½	39¾	Int Cement pf	100	47	47	47	47
31¾	21½	Int Harvester	300	34¾	33¾	34¾	34
21	16¾	Int Hydrosolic	300	19½	19½	19½	19½
73¼	50	Int Match pf	100	64¾	64¾	64¾	64¾
39¼	9¼	Int Mercantile	1100	11¾	11¼	11¾	11¾
125	113	Int Nickel pf	400	117	117	117	..
4¼	¼	Int Paper&P C	400	1¾	1¾	1¾	..
43	23¾	Int Salt	2100	31¾	29¾	31¾	31¼
48¾	47	Int

INDUSTRY IN MIDDLE WEST HOLDS GAINS

Activity Extending Beyond Usual Seasonal Limit—Retail Trade Steady

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

CHICAGO, June 11—With the advent of June many industries in the middle West demonstrated an ability to extend spring activities beyond the customary limits. Retail sales have held up well, and indications in the automotive trade at the start of the month were that June would be almost as good a month as May, which itself showed only a slight letdown from April.

Sales of steel producers in this area were slightly heavier last week, and specifications on contracts were held at a steady rate. The tone of the steel market was reported as distinctly better. Ingot production in the Chicago territory was at 42 per cent of capacity.

The radio industry is entering its selling season with the beginning of the show in Chicago this week. The annual reports of radio manufacturers for last year have nearly all been made public and the results were far from encouraging. However, the majority of companies have reduced expenses to a minimum and, with any fair volume of trade, this year should operate at a profit.

Dealers in retail building materials report that there has been little change in conditions. Cement, sand, gravel and crushed stone sales were slightly heavier, but orders were generally small.

Business in the coal market has been unfavorable. Refinery gasoline prices eased to new lows and the retail market continued irregular.

The price trend on the Chicago Stock Exchange, the principal securities market of the middle West, during the last week or so has been rather irregular. A long period of almost constantly declining markets, in which prices reached the lowest levels since 1927, was checked by a sharp rally. This, in turn, was succeeded by further and more brief declines and recoveries.

DIVIDENDS

Fox Film Corporation declared a quarterly dividend of 62½ cents on class A and B common, placing the stocks on a $2.50 annual basis, compared with 34 previously. The dividends are payable July 15 to stock of record June 30.

Associated Telephone & Telegraph Company declared the regular quarterly dividend of $1 on the $4 cumulative participating class A and a participating dividend of 80 cents. Also the regular quarterly dividend of $1.50 on the first preferred, all payable July 1 to stock of record June 16.

Holt, Renfrew & Co., Ltd., declared the regular quarterly dividend of $1.75 on the preferred, payable July 2 to stock of record June 25.

Eastern Dairies, Inc., declared the regular quarterly dividend of 25 cents on the common, payable Aug. 1 to stock of record June 30.

Singer Manufacturing Company declared the usual extra dividend of $2.50 and the regular quarterly dividend of $2.50, both payable June 30 to stock of record June 10.

Conveyancers Title Insurance & Mortgage Company declared a semiannual dividend of $3 a share, payable June 15 to stock of record June 12. This is the company's eighty-third consecutive dividend.

Diamond Shoe Corporation declared a quarterly dividend of 37½ cents on the common, placing the issue on a $1.50 annual basis, compared with $2 previously. The dividend is payable July 1 to stock of record June 19.

Guardian Detroit Union Group, Inc., declared the regular quarterly dividend of 50 cents, payable July 1 to stock of record June 22.

Dominion Rubber Company, Ltd., declared the regular quarterly dividend of $1.75 on the preferred, payable June 30 to stock of record June 20.

Steel Company of Canada declared the regular quarterly dividend of 43¾ cents each on the preference and ordinary stock, both payable Aug. 1 to stock of record July 7.

New England Public Service Company declared the regular quarterly common dividend of 25 cents, payable June 30 to stock of record June 15, and the regular preferred dividends, payable July 15 to stock of record June 30, as follows: $1.75 on the $7 dividend series and also adjustment series, and $1.50 on both the $6 dividend series and the $6 convertible series.

Rumford Press declared today the regular 2 per cent dividend for the quarter, payable July 1.

Chicago Title & Trust Company declared an extra of $2 and regular quarterly of $4, payable July 1 to stock of record June 19. Six months ago an extra of $3 was paid.

Devoe & Raynolds Company reduced the annual dividend basis on the class A and B common stocks to 60 cents each from $1.20, by declaring quarterly dividends of 15 cents on each class of stock. Both dividends are payable July 1 to stock of record June 20.

Truscon Steel Company declared a quarterly dividend of 15 cents on the common, payable July 15 to stock of record June 25, placing the stock on a 60-cent annual basis compared with $1.20 previously. A quarterly dividend of 15 cents on the common also was declared for the next quarter, payable Oct 15 to stock of record Sept. 25.

Gulf Oil Corporation declared the regular quarterly dividend of 3½ cents, payable July 1 to stock of record June 20.

Central Aguirre Associates declared the regular quarterly dividends of 37½ cents, payable July 1 to stock of record June 21.

Otis Elevator Company declared the regular quarterly dividend of 62½ cents on the common stock, payable July 15 to stock of record June 30.

First National Bank of Boston stockholders as of close of business June 18 will be entitled to receive July 1, 80 cents a share as a dividend on its stock and from their beneficial interest in affiliated institutions, Old Colony Trust Company and First National-Old Colony Corporation.

American States Public Service Company declared the regular quarterly dividend of 40 cents or one-fortieth Class A share on the Class A stock and $1.50 on the $6 preferred, payable July 1 to stock of record June 20.

Warren Brothers declared a quarterly dividend of 50 cents, placing the stock on a $2 basis compared with $3 previously.

Maryland Casualty Company of Baltimore declared a quarterly dividend of 30 cents, placing the stock on a $1.20 annual basis, compared with $2.25 previously, payable June 30 to stock of record June 8.

Refrigerator Sales Show Big Increase

SOMETHING like a boom is developing in the automatic refrigerator business.

Kelvinator Corporation, Copeland Products, Norge Corporation, Universal Cooler and Absopure all report big sales gains. While Kelvinator's May business was slightly below the peak reached in April, it was nevertheless at the highest level for any May in the last 17 years.

Shipments of refrigerators by Norge Corporation, division of Borg-Warner Corporation, for May were 338 per cent greater than in May, 1930. Norge reports show its plants to be operating 24 hours a day and that an immediate production increase of 100 per cent is planned.

New York Bond Market

(Quotations to 3:30 p. m.)

	High	Low
Al Gold Mins 6s B	5½	5½
Alleghany Corp 5s '44	69⅝	69
Alleghany Corp 5s '49	64	64
Alleghany Corp 5s '50	61	60½
Allis Chalmers deb 5s '37	101¾	101½
Amer Ag Chem 7½s '41	103¼	103¼
Amer Ir Foreign Pow 5s 2030	78	78
Amer I G Chem 5½s '49	99¾	99¼
Amer Ice Co 5s '53	77	77
Amer shiftalk Cu 5½s '36	79⅛	79⅛
Amer Nat Gas 6½s '42	13	13
Amer Smelting 5s '47	103½	103¼
Amer Sugar Refining 6s '37	104⅛	104⅛
Amer T&T 4s '29	103½	103½
Amer T&T 4½s '29 cv	130	130¼
Amer T&T col 5s '46	104⅝	104½
Amer T&T deb 5s '60	106½	106½
Amer T&T 5s '65	106⅞	106⅝
Amer T&T deb 5½s '43	119⅝	119⅛
Amer WW & Elec 5s '34	75	75⅛
Amer WW & Elec deb 6s '75	102⅝	102⅛
Armour & Co 4½s '39	97⅛	97
Armour & Co of Del 5½s '43	99⅝	99⅝
Armstrong Cork 5s '60	94	94
Associated Oil 6s '35	103⅛	103⅛
Atch T&SF adj 4s '95	97⅛	97⅛
Atch T&SF gen 4s '95	101⅛	100⅝
Atch T&SF 4½s C&A div '63	113	113⅛
Atl Coast Line uni 4½s '64	100	100
Atl Coast L L&N col 4s '52	86	86
Atl Refining deb 5s '37	103¼	101½
Balt & Ohio 1st 4s '48	99	99
Balt & Ohio 4s PLEWV div '41	98	97⅝
Balt & Ohio 4s Tol & C div '59	84	84
Balt & Ohio 4½s '33	100	100
Balt & Ohio 4½s cv '60	89	88½
Balt & Ohio 5s ct Swn div '50	103¼	103⅛
Balt & Ohio 5s series D 2000	100⅞	100
Balt & Ohio rfg 6s '95	108	107⅝
Bell Tel of Pa rfg 5s '48 B	109⅛	107
Bel Tel of Pa 5s '60 C	113⅜	113⅜
Beth Steel pur mon 5s '36	103	103
Beth Steel rfg 5s '42	103	103
Boston & Maine 5s '55	98⅛	97½
Boston & Maine 5s '67	98⅛	98⅛
Botany Cons Mills 6½s '34	35	35
Bklyn City 1st	78	78
Bklyn Ed gen 5s A '49	107¾	107¾
Bklyn-Man Tr af 6s '68	101⅛	101⅛
Bklyn Un El 1st 5s '50	98½	98½
Bklyn Un Gas 6s	131⅛	131⅛
Buff R & P 4½s '57	74	73½
Bur Cr N 5s	102	102
Bush Term 1st 4s '52	93	93
Bush Term Bldg 5s '60	95½	95⅛
By. Products Coke 5½s '45	98	98
Can Nat Ry gen 4½s '54	101¼	101¼
Can Nat Ry 4½s '57	101¾	101¼
Can Nat Ry 4½s '60	101⅛	101
Can Nat Ry 4½s '55	103⅛	103⅛
Can Nat Ry 5s Oct '69N	107⅛	106⅝
Can North 4½s '35	103⅝	103
Can North deb 6½s '46	130⅛	130⅛
Can North deb 7s '40	113	113
Carolina Clin & O 5s '38	103¾	103¼
CRB & Bank Co of Ga 5s	95	95
Cen Pacific 1st 4s' 49	98½	98½
Cen Pacific 5s' 60	102	102⅛
Cen RR NJ gen 5s '87	114	114
Certainteed 5½s '48	38	38
Ches Corp 5s' 47	96½	95⅞
Ches & O cv 4½s A '93	102	102
Ches & O con 5s' 39	106½	106½
Ches & O 4½s B	102	101½
Chicago Gt West 4s '59	64	62½
Chicago Ind & L gen 5s '66	107	107
Chicago M&StP 4½s	97	95
Chicago M StP&Pac adp 2000	22¼	19
Chicago M StP&Pac 5s '75	60¾	58
Chicago & Nw 4¾s cv '49	70¾	69½
Chicago & Nw rfg 5s 2037	94	94
Chicago & Nw 6 ¼s '36	106½	106
Chicago RI&P gen 4s '88	90	89½
Chicago RI&P rfg 4s '34	92½	92½
Chicago RI&P 4½s cv '60	73	71¼
Chicago StL Nor 5s reg	100	100
Chicago Un Sta 6½s C '63	116	115½
Chicago & W Indiana 4s' 52	91	90¾
Chicago & W Indiana 5½s' 62	109	103
Childs Co 5s '43	71¾	71½
Chile Copper 5s' 47	65	65
Clev CC&StL 4½s E '77	98¾	98¾
Clev Un Term 4½s '77	104½	104
Clev Un Term 5s '73	106⅝	106⅝
Colonial Oil 6s '39	54	54
Colo & So 1st rfg 4½s '35	101¾	101¾
Columbia Gas & E Co 5s deb '61	94¾	94¾
Columbia Gas & E 6s '52 May	97	96⅝
Com Inv Trust 5½s '49	99¾	99⅝
Con Gas 4½s '51	101⅞	101½
Con Gas Util 4½s '51	38	38½
Con Oils Co deb 5½s '45	106¾	106¾
Consum Pow un 5s '52	106	106
Con Ry 4s '50	73½	73½
Container Corp 6s '46	53	53
Corn Products 5s' 55	105	105
Co-Polit Check	96⅜	95⅝
Crown Cork & Seal cv	95	95
Crown Wil Paper 6s' 56	85	85½
Cuba Nor Ry 5½s '42	38	38½
Cuba RR 1st 5s' 52	51	51
Cuba RR rfg 7½s '36	71½	71½
Cumberland T&T 6s '37	106	106
Del & Hudson 7½s '42	81½	81⅜
Den & Rio G con 4s' 36	58⅛	58⅛
Den & Rio G Wn rfg 5s '78	69½	68
Dodge Bros of 6s '40	86	85¾
Donner Steel rfg 7s '42	99	99
Duquesne P & L 4½s '67	105½	105½
Erie Rlt gen 4s '96	74	74
Erie R Rref 5s '67	73	73
Erie RR gen lien	74	74
Erie RR gen 5s '75	71½	72
Fed Lt & Trac 1s 6s '42	100	99
Fed Metal 7s '34	90	90
Fla East Coast 5s '74	17	17
Gen Am Inv 5s '52	97	97
Gen Bak Co 5½s '40	99¾	98
Gen Mot Acc Corp 6s '37	103½	103¼
Gen Pub Svc 5½s '39	93½	92½
Gen Rad Cast 7½s '49 ww	63½	63
Gen Theater Equip 6s '40	41	39
Goodrich 6s '45	63½	62
Goodrich 1s 6½s '47	94	94
Goodyear Tire 5s '57	85¾	85¼
Grand Tr Ry Can 6s '36	108½	108¼
Grand Tr Ry Can 7s '40	113	113
Great Northern 4½s '61	99½	99½
Great Northern 4½s '76 D	99	99
Great Northern 4½s '77 E	97¾	96⅝
Great Northern 5s '73 C	103	103
Great Northern gen 5½s B '52	102	102
Great Northern 7s '36 A	110¾	110⅜
Gen & Co 6½s '34	43½	43⅜
Houston Oil 5½s '40	88½	88
Hudson Coal 5s '62	56	55
Hudson Co Gas 5s '49	108	108
Hudson & Man adj in 5s '57	78	77¾
Hudson & Man rfg 5s '57	100	99¼
Humble Oil 5s '37	101½	101½
Humble Oil 5½s '32	102½	102½
Ill Bell Tel rfg 5s '56	106½	106
Ill Central 4s '53	76½	76½
Ill Central rfg 4s '55	79	78½
Ill Central 4¾s '66	76¾	76½
Ill Central 5s '52	97	97
Ill Central 6½s '36	107½	106⅝
Ill Central CStL&NO 5s '63	88½	88½
Ill Steel deb 5½s '40	104½	104¼
Ind Union Railway 5s A '65	102¾	102¾
Inland Steel 4½s A '78	95¼	95¼
Inland Steel 4½s B '81	93½	93
Inter Hydro El 6s '44	69½	69
Inter Match 5s cv rcts '31	91⅞	91½
Inter Match Corp 5s '47	87	86½
Inter Rap Tran rfg 5s '66	71½	71¼
Inter Rap Tran 5s sta '66	71⅞	71¼
Inter Rap Tran 6s '32	59¾	59
Int Cement Corp 5s '48	83	82½
Int & G Nor adj 6s '52	47½	47½
Int Paper rfg 5s A '47	66	66
Int Paper 6s '55	44	43¾
Int Ays Cen Am 5s '72	67½	67½
Int Rys Cen Am 6s '41	70	68
Int Tel & Tel 4½s '52	74¾	73½
Int Tel & Tel 4½s cv '39	87	86½
Int Tel & Tel 5s '55	83	83
Kan City PS&Rcm 4s '36	81½	81½
Kan City So 1st 3s '50	75½	75½
Kan City Term 1st 4s '60	97¾	97¼
Kan Gas & Elec 4½s '80	98½	98½
Kings Co El 4s '49	83½	82½
Lack Steel con 5s '50	102½	102½
Laclede Gas rfg 5s '34	103½	103½
Laclede Gas 5½s '53	100⅜	100
Laclede Gas 5½s D	101½	101½
Lake Erie & W 2d 5s '41	100¼	100¼
Lake Shore & MS 3½s '97	85	85
L'Autaro 6s '57	45½	44½
Lehigh C&N 4½s C '54	100¾	100¾
Lehigh Val (Pa) con 4s 2003	86¼	86
Lehigh Val Coal 5s '74	48	48
Loew's Inc 6s '41	96½	96½
L&N uni 4s '40	99⅛	99⅛
L&N rfg 4½s C 2003	98½	98½
L&N rfg 5½s 2003	105	105
Manhat Ry con 4s '90	57¼	58½
Manila Sol 4s '39	76⅞	76
Market St Ry gold 7s '40	94	94
McCrory Stores 5½s '41	99	98¾
Meade 4s '45 ww	71	70
Midland of NJ 5s '40	80	80
Mil El Ry & Lt 1st 5s '61	104¼	103½
Min StP & SSM 4s '38	82	82
Min StP & SSM 6½s	95	95
Mo K & T 1st 4s '90	87⅝	87⅜
Mo K & T adj 5s A '67	73¼	72½
Mo K & T pl 5s A '62	92¾	92½
Mo Pacific gen 4s '75	59⅝	58½
Mo Pacific rfg 5s A '65	85	84¾
Mo Pacific 5s F '77	83	82
Mo Pacific 5s H '80	83	82½
Mo Pac 5s I '81	83¼	82½
Mo Pacific 5½s '49	71½	70
Montana Power rfg 5s '43	105¼	105½
Morris & Co 1st 4½s '39	71	69⅝
Morris & Essex 3½s 2000	84½	84⅜
Nat Dairy Prod 5½s '48	101	100¾
N O Pub Ser 5s A '52	92½	91¾
N O T & M 5½s '54	70	70
NYC&HR con 4s A '98	94	93¾
NYC&HR rfg & im 4½s n	98¼	98
NYC MC col 3½s '98	85¼	85¼
NY Chi & StL 1st 4s '37	98½	98¾
NY Chi & StL 4½s '78	74½	73⅝
NY Chi & StL 5½s '74	101	100⅝
NY Chi & StL 6s A '32	96	94½
NY Dock Co 5s '38	61	61
NY Edison rfg 6½s '41	116½	116½
NY GELH&P pur m 4s '49	102⅛	101½
NY NH&H nc deb 3½s '54	79⅞	79⅞
NY NH&H cv deb 3½s '56	78¾	78¾
NY NH&H nc deb 4s '55	86¼	86¼
NY NH&H 4½s '67	94	94
NY NH&H cit 6s '40	105½	105⅜
NY NH&H cv 6s '48	113	112
NY Ont & W rfg 4s 992	53	52
NY Railway inc 6s '65	3¼	3
NY Steam Corp 6s '47	109½	109½
NY Tel gen 4½s '39	105	104⅝
NY Tel deb 5s '49	110½	110½
NY Tel rfg 6s '41	106¼	106
NY Trap Rock 6s '46	94	94
NY Wchester & B 4½s '46	81	80½
Niag Falls Pow 5s '30	100	100
Niag Falls Pow 6s '32	103½	103½
Nor & W div 6s '46	100½	100½
Nort & W POMC 4s '41	99⅝	99⅝
North Am Co 5s '61	99⅝	99⅝
Nor Am Ed 5s C '49	103½	103½
Nor Am Ed 5s A '57	102⅝	102⅝
Nor Am Ed 5½s '63	103⅞	103⅝
Nor Ohio Tr & Lt 6s A '47	107½	107
Nor Pacific gen 3s 2047	68⅛	68⅛
Nor Pacific pr lien 4s '97	95	95
Nor Pacific 6s R 2047	110	109⅝
Nor States Pow 6s B '41	107	107
Ohio Pub Ser 7½s A '46	110½	110½
Otis Steel 6s '41	98½	97¾
Pac Gas & Elec 5s '42	106	106
Pac Tel & Tel 1st 5s '37	108	108
Pan-Am Pet & T 6s '34	103¾	101¾
Pan-Am Pet & T 6s '40	31¾	31¾
Paramount Public 5½s '50	89½	89½
Paramount Fby 5½s '51	101½	101½
Pathe Ex Inc 7s '37	82	82
Penn Dixie Cement 6s '41	97	97
Penn Railroad con 4s '43	100½	100½
Penn Railroad 4½s D '70	94½	94½
Penn Railroad 4½s E '63	101⅝	101
Penn Railroad gen 4½s '65	101⅛	101⅛
Penn Railroad 5s '64	104⅝	104⅝
Penn Railroad gold 6½s '36	109⅞	109½
Penn Railroad 7½s	119⅜	119⅜
Peoples Gas L&C (Chi) 5s '47	100⅝	100⅝
Peoples Gas L&C (Chi) 6s '43	116⅛	116⅛
Peoria Pekin Ry 5½s '74	103¾	103¼
Pere Marquette 4s '56	80	80
Pere Marquette 4½s '80	88⅛	88
Phillips Pet 5½s '39	99	99
Philadelphia Co 5s '67	102	102¾
Philadelphia Elec Co 4s '71	89½	89½
Phil & Read C&I 5s '73	74½	74½
Phil & Read C&I 6s '49	83½	82½
Phil Rwy 4s	57¾	57¾
Potts CC&StL 5s A '60	100⅝	100⅝
Pitts CC&StL 4½s '77	103	101⅝
Portland Gen Elec 4½s '60	89½	89½
Poor Collins	90⅝	90⅝
Pub Svc E&G 4½s '67	105⅝	105⅝
Pub Svc E&G 4½s 1970	105	105
Pub Svc E&G 4s	99½	99½
Pure Oil 5½s '37	79⅛	79⅛
Pure Oil 5½s '48	75	75½
Read rfg 4½s A '97	101¾	101½
Read rfg 4½s '97	101⅛	101½
Read Cen RR NJ col 4s '51	95	95
Remington Rand 5½s '47 ww	72	71½
Republic I&S af 5s '40	97	97
Republic I&S rfg 5½s '53	73½	73½
Rock I Ar&Lou 4½s '34	92½	91½
St Louis IM&S 4s R&G div '33	96⅛	96⅛
St Louis & SF 4s A '50	66⅛	66
St Louis & SF 4½s '78	56¾	56
St Louis ¼ SF 5s B '50	74¾	74¾
St Louis & SF gen 6s '31	100¼	100¼
St Louis SW 1st 4s '89	73½	73½
St Louis SW con 4s '32	65	65
Seabd AL 6s	11½	10½
Seabd All Fla Ry 6s A '35	9	9
Shell Union 5s '47	69¾	99½
Shell Union 5s ct ww '49	72	71
Shubert Theater 6s '42	8¾	8¾
Silesian Am Corp 7s '41	64½	64½
Sinclair Cn O col 6½s '38	93	94¾
Sinclair Cn O col 7s '37	97¾	90¼
Sinclair Cru O 5½s '38	102	102
Sinclair Pipe L af 5s '42	101	100½
Smith A O 6½s '33	102¾	102¾
Southern Pacific 4½s '49	91	91
Southern Pacific 4½s '69 ww	92¾	92½
Southern Pacific 4½s '81	91½	90⅞
Southern Pacific Ore A 4½s '77	100	100
Southern Ry gen 4s '56	79¾	79⅞
Southern Ry gen 6s '56	103	103
Southern Ry gen 6½s '56	106½	106½
South & N Ala 5½s '63	110½	110½
Southwest Bell Tel rfg 5s '54	107½	107½
Stand Oil NJ 5s '46	103¾	103½
Stand Oil NY 4½s '51	98⅜	98½
Tenn Coal Iron 5s	105	105
Tenn Elec Power 6s '47	106¼	106
Ter RR Asso StL rfg 4s '53	95	95
Texas Corp 5s '44	91⅞	91¾
Tex & Pac 5s B '77	92½	92½
Tex & Pac 5s C '79	92	92
Tex & Pac 5s D '80	92	92
Third Ave rfg 4s '60	59¼	54¾
Third Ave 5s '37	40	39½
Third Ave adj 5s '60	30	29¾
Union El L & P 1st 5s '32	102¾	102¾
Union El L & P 5½s '54	103¾	103¾
Union Pacific 4½s '67	102¼	102¼
Union Pacific 4s '47	110¾	110¾
US Rubber Co 1s '47	83	83
Utah Lt & Trac 5s '44	100	99½
Utah Pow & Lt 5s '44	102¾	102⅝
Util Pow & Lt 5s '50 ww	43	42¾
Util Pow & Lt 5½s '47	70	69
Vanadium 5s '41	95	95
Virginia Ry 5½s '34	100	100
Virginia Ry 6s '62	106	104½
Wabash Rlt 1st 5s '39	101¼	101¼
Warner Quinlan 6s '39	41½	41½
Warner Sug 7s '39	87	87
Warren Bros 5½s '37	100½	100½
West Pac Pow 5½s '46	106	106
Western Electric 5s '44	107	107
Western Maryland 4s '52	74½	73½
Western Union 5s '50	100⅛	100
Western Union 6½s '36	100½	100½
Western Union 7s '60	100⅛	100
White Sew Mach 5½s '36 cv	97	97
Willys-Overland 1st 4½s '33	81	81
Wilson & Co 1st 6s '41	91	91
Wisconsin Elec Pr 5½s '43	99	99
Worcester El Assn 7½s '41 ex	57	57
Youngstown Sheet 5s '78	98	98
Youngstown Sheet B	98¼	98

LIBERTY BONDS

	High	Low	Jun11	Jun10
3½s '47	102.30	102.13	102.18	102.19
1st 4¼s '47	107.12	107.11	107.12	107.13
1st 4¼s reg	104.27	104.27	104.27	
4th 4¼s '38	105.08	104.24	104.31	104.29
US 4¼s '42-47 June	103.30	103.30	103.30	
US 1¼s '43 March	103.40	103.40	103.40	
US 3¾s '47	103.80	103.80	103.80	103.40
US 4s '54	109.14	109.13	109.14	109.14
US 4¼s '52	114.00	114.00	114.00	114.00

FOREIGN BONDS

Abitibi P&P 5s '53	47¾	47¾
Antioquia 7s A '45	49¾	49¼
Antwerp 5s' 58	102	102
Argentine Gov 5s' 45	73½	73½
Argentine Gov 5½s' 62	74½	74
Argentine Gov 6s June '59	83¾	83¾
Argentine Gov 6s Oct '59	83¾	83¾
Argentine Gov 6s May '60	82¾	82¾
Argentine Gov 6s Sept '60	81½	81½
Argentine Gov 6s 8s '61	82¼	82¼
Argentine Gov 6s May '61	82¼	81¾
Argentine Gov 6s' 57 A	82¼	82¼
Argentine Gov 6s '58 B	81½	81½
Australia 4½s '56	57	55
Australia 5s '55	63¼	61½
Australia 5s '57	67¼	66¾
Austria (Gov) 7s '57	86¾	86¾
Austria (Gov) 7s '43	107⅝	106½
Austria Hydro 6½s	80	80
Batavian Pet 4½s '42	94⅜	94⅜
Bavaria (State) 6½s '45	97¼	97¼
Belgium (King) 6s '55	104	103¾
Belgium (King) 7s '55	115	115
Belgium (King) 7s '56	109½	109½
Bergen 5s '60	98½	98½
Berlin (City) 6s '58	67¾	66¾
Berlin (City) 6½s' 50	73¾	73¼
Berlin Elec 6½s '51	71	69
Berlin Elec 6½s' 59	69¼	68
Berlin Elev (City) 6½s' 51	67	66
Berlin Elec 6s' 55	69	68
Bogota (City) 8s '45	69	68
Bolivia (Rep) 7s '69	14	14
Bolivia (Rep) 7s '58	13½	13½
Bolivia (Rep) 8s '47	24	24
Bordeaux (City) 6s '34	105⅜	105⅜
Brazil 6½s '26-'57	59	59
Brazil 6½s '27-'57	51	49¼
Brazil (US) 7½s '52	99½	99½
Brazil (US) 8s '41	69	68
Breda (Ernesto) 7s '54 ww	64	64
Bremen 7s '35	80	80
Brisbane 5s '57	51	50
Brisbane 5s '58	48	48
Budapest (City) 6s '62	68⅝	68¼
Buenos Aires 6s '61 (Prov)	64	63
Buenos Aires (Prov) 6½s '61	61	61
Caldas (Rep) 7½s '46	59¾	59½
Canada (Dom) 4½s '36	102⅞	102⅞
Canada (Dom) 4s '60	96⅜	96⅛
Canada 5s	106⅞	106⅞
Carlsbad (City) 8s '54	104	77¾
Cauca Valley 7½s '46	58½	58½
Chile (Bank) 6s '61	60½	60
Chile (Bank) 6½s '57	64⅝	64⅝
Chile (Bank) 6½s '61	70½	70
Chile (Bank) 6s '62	62	62
Chile (Rep) 6s '60	63	62½
Chile (Rep) 6s Jan '61	62¾	62½
Chile (Rep) 6s '61	63¾	63½
Chile (Rep) 6s '61 Sept	63½	63½
Chile (Rep) 6s '62	63	63
Chile (Rep) 6s '63	63	62½
Chilean Loan 7s '60	58	57⅞
Cologne (City) 6½s '50	74	72
Colombia Agr Mtg 6s '48	60	60
Colombia Mtg 6s 6½s '47	64½	64½
Colombia (Rep) 6s '61 Jan	64	63¾
Colombia (Rep) 6s '61 Oct	63½	63½
Copenhagen (City) 4½s '53	97	96⅝
Copenhagen Tel 5s '94	100⅝	100
Cordoba (Prov) 7s '42	66	66
Costa Rica (Rep) 7s '51	63¼	63¼
Cuba (Rep) 5½s '53	94½	94½
Cuba (Rep) 5½s '45	85¾	84½
Cundi (Rep) 6½s '59	54	53
Denmark (King) 4½s '62	98½	98½
Denmark (King) 5½s '55	101½	101½
Deutsche Bk 6s ctfs '32	98	98
Dresden 7s '45	82	82
Dutch Rl 5½s Mar '53	101	101
Dutch Rl sf 6s '52	101¼	101¼
Estonia Bank 7s '67	57½	57½
Fiat 7s '46 ex-war	85	85
Finland (Rep) 6½s '56	83	83
French (Rep) 7½s '41	125½	125½
French (Rep) 7s '49	118¼	118
Gelsenkirchen Min 6s '34	85½	85
German 7s '49	73	73
Germ Cen Ag Bk 6s '38	80	79
Germ Cen Ag Bk 6s July '60	71	69¼
Germ Cen Ag Bk 6s Oct '60	71	69¾
Germ Cen Ag Bk 7s '50	79	79
Germ Con Agr 6½s '58 rcts	68¼	67¾
Germ El Pow 6½s '50	73	73½
Germ El Pow 6½s '50	73	73
Germ Gen Elec 6s '48	76	76
Germ Gen Elec 6½s '40	87½	87½
Germ Gov Int 5½s '65	66¼	65
Gras 8s '54	94	94
Greek 6s '68	83	83
Haiti (Rep) 6s '53	88½	88½
Hamburg 6s '46	81	81
Hansa 8s '39 ww	65	65
Helsingfors

ITALIANS ASK HEAVY CLAIMS FROM MEXICO

Commission to Meet in July to Adjudicate Damages

MEXICO CITY (By U. P.) — The Italian-Mexican Claims Commission, formed to adjudicate the claims of Italian citizens for damages suffered during the revolutionary years 1910-1920, is expected to hold its next session here in July.

While several Italian companies and individuals which sustained important damages because of revolutionary activities, chose to negotiate direct settlement with the Mexican Government, 157 claims were filed with the commission. The total amount involved is 8,000,000 pesos (a little less than $4,000,000).

Most of the claims presented are for alleged damage to haciendas and ranches of Italians resident in this country. There were between 3000 and 4000 Italian agriculturists conducting their own ranches and haciendas here when the revolutionary period began. The revolutionary armies in many cases are alleged to have confiscated their live stock and other property, and in some instances to have rendered their land holdings valueless.

Only one Italian colony in Mexico is believed to have withstood successfully and completely the ill-effects of the revolutionary wars from which their fellow countrymen suffered so severely. This colony, in the State of Puebla, was composed of agriculturists who came from the vicinity of Venice and comprised approximately 1300 men, women and children. Instead of yielding to the demands of the revolutionaries, they armed themselves, and, although their farms were in the midst of a territory frequented by marauding bands, compelled both sides in the struggle to respect their property.

As a result, this colony still exists and is prospering as much as any agricultural community in Mexico. The members of the colony still speak their "veneto" dialect among themselves and are distinguished by the customs and costumes of their homeland.

The Dialer's Guide

Features followed by sponsor and network in parenthesis.
"CBS": Columbia Broadcasting System. "CBS Chicago," from Chicago. "CBS Pacific," from west coast.
NBC "WEAF Chain" and "WJZ Chain." "NBC Chicago," from Chicago. "NBC Pacific," from west coast.
"To KOA," "To KOH": when following above, indicates western limit of network.
"-T": coast-to-coast network.
Call letters given single station programs.
Time: p. m., eastern standard, unless otherwise stated.

FOR FRIDAY, JUNE 12

Vocal and Instrumental

Major Bowes Family (WEAF—T). One hour. 7.

Jessica Dragonette, soprano; Cavaliers Quartet; concert orchestra, Rosario Bourdon, conductor (Cities Service — WEAF — T). Operetta selections and ballads. 8.

Old time review (CBS to KOIL, Omaha). Remember "My Wife Has Gone to the Country"? You'll hear this and a group ranging from the years 1891 to 1917. 8:30.

Craig McDonnell, baritone; Little Symphony Orchestra (Bamberger—WOR). Aria, "Wotan's Farewell," from "Die Walkure," by soloist; Mozart's "Symphony in G Minor," two first performances, one a choral prelude, "A Rose Breaks Into Bloom," arranged from Brahms music by George Volkel, and two songs of Flament. 9.

Ruth Lyon, soprano; William Miller, tenor; mixed quartet; Josef Koestner's Orchestra (Armour—WJZ—T). Features, three songs from Romberg and Friml operetta, Strauss waltz, and "March of the Boyards." 9:30.

Lois Bennett, soprano; Mary Hopple, contralto; male quartet; Don Voorhees's Orchestra (Armstrong—WJZ—T). On the theme of "song," ranging from "On Wings of Song" to "With a Song in My Heart." 10.

Rhythmic Music

Margaret "Mickie" McKee, whistler; Nat Brusiloff's Orchestra (Nestle—WJZ Chain to KFAB, Lincoln). Many will remember "Mickie" when she was featured with Roxy and his Gang. 8.

Harry Reser's Eskimos; Raymond Knight, master of ceremonies (Cliequot—WEAF Chain to WOW, Omaha). You'll like "Jig Time," featuring much "fiddling," and "My Favorite Band," which is another "Piccolo Pete" number. 9.

Leo Reisman and his orchestra (Pond's—WEAF Chain to WOW, Omaha). Listen for Ellington's "Black and Tan Fantasy," "Blue Danube," "Gallequita Tango" and the Sovietesque fox-trot "I Got a Communistic Feeling." 9:30.

Annette Hanshaw, contralto; Larry Murphy, tenor; Eugene Ormandy's Orchestra (Van Heusen—CBS to KDYL, Salt Lake City). "Wabash Moon" and "Now You're in My Arms," both featured by Morton Downey, by Miss Hanshaw. 10.

Countess Olga Albani, soprano; Men About Town Quartet; Nathaniel Shilkret's Orchestra (Eastman—WEAF Chain to WOW, Omaha). 10. NBC Pacific. 9:30.

Fletcher Henderson and his orchestra (CBS—T) 11.

Vincent Lopez and his orchestra (WEAF Chain to WDAY, Fargo) 11.

Guy Lombardo and his Royal Canadians (CBS—T). 11:30.

Paul Whiteman and his orchestra (WEAF Chain to WDAF, Kansas City). 12.

George Olsen and his orchestra (CBS—T). 12.

Popular Soloists

Little Jack Little (WEAF Chain). 6:45.

Boswell Sisters, vocal trio (WJZ Chain to WGAR, Cleveland). 8:30.

Billy Jones and Ernest Hare; orchestra (Interwoven—WJZ—T). 9.

Vaudeville (RKO—WEAF—T). Half hour. 10:30.

Ann Leaf, organist; Ben Alley, tenor (CBS to KDYL, Salt Lake City). Nocturne. 12:30 a. m.

Dramatic Sketches and Music

Red Goose Adventures (CBS to KOH, Reno). Frontier days in the West. 7:30. CBS Pacific. 5:30.

"Believe It or Not" Ripley (Esso—WJZ Chain to WLW, Cincinnati). 7:45.

"The March of Time" (Time—CBS to KOIL, Omaha) The news of the week. 10:30.

"Romance" (WJZ Chain to KFAB, Lincoln). Narration and music near the bewitching hour of midnight. 11:30.

Orchestral

Black and Gold Room Orchestra (WEAF —T). Most familiar bits, Janne's "La Czarina," Mendelssohn's "Spinning Song," Liszt's "Consolation." 6:15.

Ludwig Laurier's Slumber Music Ensemble (WJZ Chain to WRC, Washington). 11.

Transoceanic Program

"Our Town" (WJZ Chain). English comedy revue, directly from London studios of the British Broadcasting Corporation. 3:10.

Recital

Mme. Frances Alda, soprano; Frank LaForge, —— (WJZ Chain to WLW, Cincinnati). 7:15.

Talk

"The World in Music" (WEAF Chain to KOAO, Denver). Weekly music review by Pierre Key. 6.

Daytime Programs

Julia Sanderson and Frank Crumit (CBS to KFJF, Oklahoma City). 10:15 a. m.

United States Army Band (WJZ Chain to KFAB, Lincoln). 10:15 a. m.

Hawaiian Serenaders (WEAF Chain to KSD, St. Louis). Typical orchestra under the direction of Joseph Rodgers of the "South Sea Islanders." 11 a. m.

United States Marine Band (WJZ Chain to KOA, Denver). 11 a. m.

"Realities of Romance" (WEAF Chain to KSD, St. Louis). Part II of the story of Lady Frances Howard, Countess of Somerville, of the period of James I of England, for whom that version of the Bible is named. 11:30 a. m.

Columbia Revue (CBS to KDYL, Salt Lake City). Handel and Mozart by soloist and orchestra. 12:30.

National Farm and Home Hour (WJZ Chain to KOA, Denver). Senator Arthur Capper, C. W. Holman, Paul C. Armstrong, James C. Stone, guest speakers; farm business library; week with farm board. 1:30.

Columbia Artist Recital (CBS to WHK, Cleveland). Modern ballads by Barbara Maurel, contralto, and Virginia Arnold, pianist. 2:15.

Ann Leaf, organist; Harriet Lee, contralto (CBS to WDSU, New Orleans). 2:30.

Piano Moods (WJZ Chain to WREN, Kansas City). Ilo May Bailey, soprano; Lee Sims, pianist. 3:45.

Columbia Salon Orchestra (CBS—T). 3.

New York Is Everybody's Town" (WJZ Chain to KOA, Denver). Helen Josephy and Mary McBride. 3:15.

Women's Radio Review (WEAF Chain to WOW, Omaha). Discussions on food, home decorating, fashions; vocal soloists; Vincent Lopez and his orchestra. 3.

"Can Poverty Be Abolished?" (CBS—T). Dr. Dexter S. Kimball. 3:45.

Light Opera Gems (CBS to KDYL, Salt Lake City). Gilbert and Sullivan group to open. 4.

Dedication of Lincoln Marriage Temple (WEAF Chain to WWJ, Detroit). enactment of marriage of Lincoln's parents by student players of the University of Kentucky at new shrine over location at Harrodsburg, Ky.; William N. Doak, Secretary of Labor, principal speaker; addresses by Flem D. Sampson, Governor of Kentucky, and Alben W. Barkley, United States Senator. 4:15.

Radio Guild (WJZ Chain to WKY, Oklahoma City). Production of classical plays with notable Broadway professionals. 4:15.

Erna Thomas, "The Lady from Louisiana" (CBS to KDYL, Salt Lake City). Negro spirituals. 4:45.

Radio Tonight

DAYLIGHT SAVING TIME
WEEI, Boston (590kc-508m)

5:00 p. m.—Concert program.
5:15 Talk.
5:25 Organ Interlude.
5:30 NBC, "What Happened to Jane."
5:45 Limerick program.
5:50 Quaker Puzzleman.
5:55 "The Old Painter."
6:00 The Edisonians.
6:30 Announcements; news.
6:45 The Edisonians.
6:50 Talk, Pat Cullen.
7:00 The Edisonians.
7:15 The Tentatones.
7:30 Hildreth's Velveteers; vocal.
7:45 Radio Party to Lois Wilson.
8:00 NBC, Fleischmann Hour; Rosumund Johnson, Negro Quartet; Rudy Vallee and his orchestra.
9:00 NBC, National Electric Light Program; Arthur Brisbane, P. A. Arkwright, speakers; Jessica Dragonette, soprano; Vincent Lopez and his orchestra.
9:30 Sterling String Ensemble.
10:00 NBC, Dance program.
11:00 Forecasts; news.

WBZ and WBZA, Boston and Springfield (990kc-303m)

4:47 p. m.—Transoceanic relay to Australia.
5:15 Jolly John's Birthday Club.
5:30 NBC, Little Orphan Annie.
5:45 Agricultural markets.
5:55 "National Affairs."
6:00 Time; weather; Roadman.
6:08 Sport Review; temperature.
6:15 Edward McEnelly's Orchestra.
6:45 NBC, Lowell Thomas, Topics in Brief.
7:00 Time; NBC, "Amos 'n' Andy."
7:15 Jesters Male Trio.
7:30 NBC, Phil Cook, Quaker Man.
7:45 Century Bluejackets.
8:00 NBC, Dixie Spiritual Singers.
8:15 NBC, "Rin-Tin-Tin Thriller"; sketch.
8:30 NBC, "In a Japanese Garden"; Salon Orchestra; Robert Simmons, tenor.
9:00 NBC, Julia Sanderson and Frank Crumit; orchestra.
9:30 NBC, Maxwell House; Luella Melius, coloratura soprano; Don Voorhees's Orchestra.
10:00 Blair Cut-Ups Orchestra.
10:15 "When We're Through Changing, We're Through," Horace L. MacDonald.
10:30 NBC, Clara, Lu and Em.
10:45 Temperature; Radio Billboard.
10:50 Louie's Hungry Five: skit.
11:00 Time; weather; Sport Review.
11:15 Statler organ, Louis Weir.

WNAC, Boston (1230kc-244m)

5:00 p. m.—Ted and his Greater Gang.
5:20 "The Poetic Postman."
5:25 Show Tunes; orchestra.
5:30 Dancing Furriers.
5:45 Stylists Orchestra.
6:00 Benny Light and Mark Cook.
6:15 "Scorografs," with Fred Hoey.
6:30 "The Show Shop."
6:45 CBS, Serial mystery story.
7:00 Baseball; news; weather.
7:15 Johnson's Orchestra.
7:30 CBS, Daddy and Rollo.
7:45 CBS, Morton Downey, tenor; Jacques Renard's Orchestra.
8:00 CBS, Arthur Pryor's Band.
8:15 Ben Bernie and his orchestra: recorded.
8:30 CBS, Kaltenborn Edits the News.
8:45 CBS, Hamilton Players: "The Diamond Rush."
9:00 CBS, Brad and Al, comedy vocal duo; Bert Lown and his orchestra.
9:15 Pine Tree Melodeers.
9:30 CBS, Detective Story: sketch.
10:00 CBS, Lutheran Hour.
10:30 CBS, "Fortune Builders," Douglas Gilbert.
10:45 CBS, "Bon-Bons": Negro female quartet.
11:00 Minute Men Orchestra.
11:15 Time; baseball; news; weather.
11:30 Shore Gardens Orchestra.
12:00 CBS, Pelham Heath Orchestra.
12:30 a. m.—CBS, Ann Leaf, organ; Ben Alley, tenor.

WHDH, Boston (830kc-361m)

5:00 p. m.—Organ recital.
5:15 Mme. Alberti, soprano.
5:30 Fishermen's program.
5:45 Musical program; weather.
6:00 Twilight program.
6:30 "The Monitor Views the News."
6:45 Home Circle program.
7:15 Murray von Hochberg's Orchestra.
7:25 Weather; Evening Musicale; time.

WAAB, Boston (1410kc-213m)

5:00 p. m.—CBS, Asbury Park Orchestra.
5:30 CBS, Bert Lown and his orchestra.
5:45 CBS, "Meet the Artist"; Henry Burbig.
6:00 CBS, Frank Ross, songs.
6:15 CBS, Roy Welch and his orchestra.
6:30 Time; baseball; news.
6:45 Eddie Welch and his orchestra.
7:15 CBS, St. Moritz Orchestra.
7:30 Bill Bigley's Country Club Orchestra.
8:00 CBS, Gossipers.
8:15 CBS, Mary Charles, soprano.
8:30 "The Chemistry of Glass."
8:45 Dixie Jubilee Quartet.
9:00 Le Paradis Band, Joe Smith, director.
9:30 Emory Daugherty and his orchestra.
10:00 Program from Boston Arena.
11:00 CBS, Jack Denny and his orchestra.
11:30 CBS, Radio Roundup; Jack Pepper, ukulele; Enchanters, vocal trio; Audrey Marsh and Larry Murphy; Fritzie White; orchestra.

Tomorrow's Features

WEEI

8:00 a. m.—NBC, Early Birds.
8:30 a. m.—NBC, "Cheerio."
9:10 a. m.—NBC programs.
12:01 p. m.—NBC, On Wings of Song.
12:15 p. m.—Studio and musical.
3:00 p. m.—NBC, Women's Radio Review.

WBZA

7:20 a. m.—NBC programs.
9:15 a. m.—Studio and musical.
10:00 a. m.—NBC programs.
11:15 a. m.—NBC, United States Marine Band.
12:15 p. m.—NBC, Pat Barnes.
1:30 p. m.—NBC, Farm and Home Hour.
2:30 p. m.—Studio and musical.

WNAC

6:30 a. m.—Studio and musical.
10:00 a. m.—CBS programs.
1:00 p. m.—Studio and musical.
2:30 p. m.—CBS, Ann Leaf, organist.
3:00 p. m.—Red Sox-Detroit, reported by Fred Hoey.

WAAB

7:45 a. m.—News, recordings; talks.
9:00 a. m.—CBS programs.
9:45 a. m.—Studio and musical.
3:00 p. m.—CBS programs.

Veterans Award Medal And $300 to Best Scout

KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 9 (AP)—Henry Arnold, son of Mrs. Augusta Arnold, Chewelah, Wash., has been designated by the Veterans of Foreign Wars as the outstanding Boy Scout of the nation. The annual award carries with it a $300 scholarship fund and a gold medal, R. B. Handy, adjutant-general of the veterans' organization said.

Only Scouts who have earned recognition for life saving from the National Court of Honor of the Boy Scouts are eligible. Arnold holds a certificate for saving two lives. He is a student at Washington State College and expects to enter the United States Naval Academy at Annapolis.

What Would Happen in a Rain?

Wide World

AUTOMOBILE WITH BODY, MUDGUARDS AND WHEELS OF WOVEN STRAW, USED IN THE MADEIRA ISLANDS

AUTO-GRAPHS

"UNIFORM traffic control signals" is not merely a cry—it's a chorus! Its echoes have vibrated in the small town of Lexington, Mo., where Leo M. Torrence has developed a traffic control system, using standard colors and possessing emergency features designed to alleviate the confusion of night driving and simplify the way of the tourist by day.

A Step Toward Uniform Control

With the average system, the motorist must watch his lights to see when to go ahead while, at the same time, keeping a sharp lookout for directional signs which may appear on telegraph poles, on specially constructed poles on the curbing, in the center of the road, or not at all.

The Torrence system is said to combine the features of light control and a bureau of direction information visible day and night for some distance. Everything is in one place, providing a safety factor as well as a special convenience for the motorist. Where the control feature is not needed at an intersection, control devices can be disconnected or eliminated, leaving the intersection with only the necessary bureau of information.

Information covers route numbers, compass directions, street names and local traffic regulations. The signals are contained in a box-shaped device raised on a pole in the center of the road, similar to present police boxes. Patents have been secured for the system, which is in operation in sections of Missouri. A patent is pending in Canada.

* * *

Is the supremacy of the Ford being challenged? Evidently the Chevrolet is doing it! No other car approaches the sales figures of the Ford during the first three months of the current year—but the Chevrolet surpassed the Ford in sales by 142,691 to 136,687. These figures are compiled by Motor, an automotive magazine.

A Challenge To Mr Ford

The cars showing a higher sales record for the first three months of this year than in the corresponding months of last year are Auburn, Cadillac and Willys. Pontiac has jumped from fifth in 1930 to fourth in ratings based on sales. Buick maintains its place in third.

* * *

In an effort to reduce the number of automobile fatalities, James J. Davis (R.), Senator from Pennsylvania, says he will introduce in the next Congress a bill calling for an educational campaign to promote safe driving, according to the Associated Press. The former Secretary of Labor estimates the economic loss from automobile accidents in 1929 at $850,000,000, and declared that "$1,000,000,000 of waste every year from automobile accidents will soon become a reality unless something is done to check it."

Davis Backs Safety Drive

Pointing to the fatality toll of 230,000 in the last 10 years, Mr. Davis expressed the opinion that the average person does not realize the seriousness of the situation.

Perhaps the first place to begin to reduce accidents is at street intersections, where, it is estimated, 50 per cent of all traffic fatalities occur. Rhode Island and Massachusetts are two states which have inaugurated campaigns to enforce slow speeds at street crossings. Rhode Island attributes a reduction of 32 per cent in fatalities from 1928 to 1930 to the adoption of this plan.

* * *

Now comes the convertible coupe, roadster, sedan. By a system of demountable parts, a car has actually been developed that can be turned into any one of the three models, as desired. Is this a premonition of the future car? Another engineer in Salt Lake City has invented a convertible metal top roadster-coupe. The top tilts forward out of the way into the body. Door windows rack up snugly. It is said to be quite inexpensive.

Coupe, Sedan, Roadster—Which?

* * *

Nearly 100,000 miles in 11 months is the record of the Dodge mileage car which is wending its way back and forth over the continent in an endurance drive designed to prove the quality of the Dodge car. More than 700 large cities have been visited, and on May 27 the car's mileage reached 95,257 miles.

And Still It Travels!

Leaving Indianapolis a few days ago, the car is now en route through Ohio, Pennsylvania, New Jersey to New York City, where it will arrive next Saturday. The next trip will take it through New England, then it will return south as far as North Carolina to wind up its year's tour through Tennessee, Kentucky and Ohio, to Detroit.

* * *

One hundred per cent free wheeling was strongly opposed at the Eastern Conference of Motor Vehicle Administrators recently in Trenton, N. J. Loss of braking power on the hills was considered an emphatic threat against highway safety. Free wheeling, with optional use of conventional type of driving, was heartily approved.

Two Points in Free Wheeling

Practically all states, it was pointed out, have regulations prohibiting coasting down hills, which is a compulsory part of 100 per cent free wheeling. The resolution passed at the convention was that "no free-wheeling device be allowed in states comprising the Eastern Conference of Motor Vehicle Administrators unless it is of a design that gives the operator full control of all gears in all ratios as he desires."

According to the Silvertown Safety League, in a statement issued recently, one of the cardinal points of careful driving is to drive down hills in gear.

"How does free wheeling affect the storage battery charging?" is a potent question, answered to the satisfaction of many in Automobile Topics. From one viewpoint, it would appear that free wheeling may protect the battery against overcharging, the article states. But the main point is that battery manufacturers are ready to meet demands made upon them by any new developments in the automotive field through adjustments in batteries.

FEMININE VOTE HELD AS GUARD AGAINST LIQUOR

(Continued from Page 1)

of younger men. A fairly large auditorium was engaged and half an hour before the time for meeting to open, people began to assemble.

On the platform, members of a jazz orchestra briskly tuned their instruments and then, with a flourish, launched into their usual style. The audience, or what there was of it, applauded enthusiastically and the musicians went on into a more modern popular selection. And they continued to play with scarcely a moment of intermission until the proceedings of the evening gathered momentum.

The woman who presided over the meeting was a gracious and charming scion of the upper social circles of Washington. The hall was more than half full when she got up to introduce the speakers, four men, of whom were Millard E. Tydings (D.), Senator from Maryland, who was misingly moist in sentiment, and Mary Norton (D.), Representative from New Jersey, a staunch supporter of Mr. Raskob's wet program. Others, less prominent but equally wet, also spoke.

Mrs. Nestos Applauded

The loudest applause was for Mrs. Norton, as she arose to give her address, and she responded with her gayest manner. Pouring out a little water in a glass, she toasted all an imaginary cocktail to the great delight of the audience.

The speeches were all somewhat alike, with two exceptions. A Pennsylvania committee woman cast aspersions individual dry leaders with a sharp but witty tongue, that brought forth shrieks and cheers. The other talk which seemed a little out of the ordinary was made by a young society matron. She spoke of the fact that the Eighteenth Amendment was a bad thing for children, as it might tend to give them a false impression of their parents.

Any child, she said, knew that his mother would not break the law by stealing, by murdering, or by burning some one's house. And if she wanted a little drink occasionally, why should the child have to think of her as a law-breaker then? It was altogether too ridiculous, she felt, and she ended her talk by saying that the time had come when one could no longer be self-respecting and law-abiding.

Literature was passed out freely to those entering the meeting or leaving it. It included a circular telling why prohibition reform, in the shape of repeal of the Eighteenth Amendment, was necessary, and a large broadside containing statements of several noted people against prohibition. One of these was an early opinion of former President Taft, given before he had witnessed the effect of prohibition on the country, and which he later repudiated.

Now, it would be only fair to go in turn to a dry meeting and watch the proceedings. A typical prohibition gathering was a banquet given by the Anti-Saloon League this past winter, at which several hundred friends and supporters filled the parlors of a large church in Washington.

Old-Time Songs Sung

There was music, of course, but it consisted mainly of old-time songs, in which the audience heartily joined during the course of the dinner. Then chairs were pulled closer together and the crowd listened to short but stirring talks.

There was humor, too, particularly directed at some of the propaganda emanating from the wet camps, but rarely was an individual wet's name mentioned. Many of the speakers referred to the sincerity of some of those of opposite views and not a word of condemnation for the wet workers was uttered. Through the entire evening a spirit of consecration to a high ideal prevailed over everything else.

All of which brings us back to the point from which we started—just where on this most important question are the women of the nation going to stand? Are they, as Mrs. Charles H. Sabin of New York asserts, gradually leaving the old banner for which they fought and labored through the years? Are they becoming so tired of following it that they are willing to right-about-face? Will those countless women who so long have desired the abolition of all intoxicating liquor now favor increasing the means by which it can be obtained?

Mrs. Henry W. Peabody, devoted leader of the millions of women allied with law observance and enforcement, takes exactly the opposite view. Over a period of many years she has seen liquor take its toll from the poor and working people. She has watched the liquor interests as they fought with iron hands the tides of woman suffrage and prohibition. She has listened to pleas for nullification, and as time goes on she becomes more firmly than ever convinced that the thinking women of the country cannot be led into devious bypaths.

"Why, the women can't go backward and they never will!" she exclaimed at a recent conference in Washington. "We have a hard road ahead, because of those who oppose every effort at law enforcement and openly nullify the Constitution. We can only pray to know how to go forward, but justice will prevail. Our people will some again to suffer from the nullification of traffic made possible by corrupt administration. The women will see to that!"

Townley Seeks New L[illegible]

Yale Receives Meredith Works

ANTI-EVOLUTION LAW RETAINED

NASHVILLE, Tenn., June 11 (AP)—The Tennessee House of Representatives yesterday rejected by 58 to 14 a bill designed to repeal a state law forbidding the teaching of the theory of evolution in schools supported wholly or in part by state funds. Robert M. Murray, author of the measure, said he was "getting tired" of having people refer to Tennessee as the state with "a monkey statute."

The law Mr. Murray sought to repeal was the one that brought about the fining of Prof. John T. Scopes at Dayton, Tenn., in 1925 for teaching evolution in a state school.

WINTER WHEAT CROP ESTIMATES SHOW INCREASE

United States Production Promises 4.7 Per Cent Advance Over 1930

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

WASHINGTON, June 10—Winter wheat production in the United States, due to unusually favorable weather conditions and a 4.7 per cent increase in acreage will this year exceed that of 1930 by more than 45,000,000 bushels, the United States crop reporting service made known today in its official June 1 calculations.

The total estimated winter wheat yield is placed at 649,115,000 bushels, which is a decrease of 3,000,000 bushels from the May 1 estimate. The 1930 crop was 604,337,000 bushels, and the five-year average for the years 1925-29 was 547,000,000 bushels.

In sharp contrast to this bumper crop condition, however, spring wheat factors are at a record low level. The bureau reports that, due to a 12 per cent acreage cut and drought and cold in the Dakotas and Montana, spring wheat conditions are 67.8 per cent of normal, which is a new low record. The previous low record was 78.5 per cent. Last year conditions were 85.7 per cent.

The spring wheat yield is estimated at 200,000,000 bushels. With the 1930 surplus held by the Federal Farm Board this would make a total American wheat stock of over 1,000,000,000 bushels, which is approximately 400,000,000 bushels more than domestic consumption. In other words, the existing 200,000,000-bushel surplus will be doubled.

In keeping with spring wheat conditions the bureau reports that crop prospects for the country as a whole were below average on June 1. The month of May was not particularly favorable for plant growth, it found, especially corn and garden crops.

In most central and western states, the Service reports, there is still a deficiency in rainfall. Barley has experienced a marked falling off, it is reported, while oats on the other hand are above average. The same is reported as regards the apple and peach crops.

Indicated production of peaches is 78,100,000 bushels, compared with 33,300,000 bushels last year, and of pears 23,600,000 bushels, compared with 25,700,000 bushels last year.

European acreage at a whole is estimated as 1 per cent less this year than last. Canada as a whole is over half of 1 per cent greater than 1930.

Russian spring sowing, where greatly retarded on May 1, increased greatly by May 25, the bureau declarts. On the former date the acreage as was recorded as 15 per cent less. By the end of the month best grounds to 103,978,000.

Of this amount [illegible] as of June 1.

Local Classified Advertising

Advertisements under this heading appear in this edition only. Rate 30 cents a line. Minimum space three lines, minimum order four lines. (An advertisement measuring three lines must call for at least two insertions.) An application blank and two letters of reference are required from those who advertise under most of these headings. Write or call for detailed information.

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FOR RENT—Six rooms, sun parlor, piano, radio; till Sept. 15, or renew lease unfurnished; near station. 144 Brookside Avenue, Mt. Vernon, New York.

NEW YORK CITY, 333 East 68th Street—Sublease July, August, September, with concession, unfurnished, 3 rooms, bath, outside balcony; lease from agent in October optional. Regent 4-2115.

N. Y. C., 258 West 102d cor. Broadway—Apartment hotel, one-room apartment, beautifully furnished. Frigidaire, Steinway; very reasonable; July to Oct. 5-T, or MR. MacCORMICK.

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[illegible] books [illegible] Boston, Mass.

PIANOS made by one of small piano manufacturers will be sold at wholesale prices. Write or call 2-79 Edson [illegible], New York City.

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HAIRDRESSERS

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HELP WANTED—MEN

OPENING for young man who is seeking a business with a future; must be willing to learn business from every angle. Box M-68, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

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BLOOMFIELD, N. J.—Nicely furnished 6-room home, ample grounds, well shaded, convenient N. Y. trains and buses; rent $125 per month for July, August and September if desired; Christian Scientist preferred. C. BECKER, 27 Hazelwood Blvd.

LARCHMONT, N. Y.—For rent summer or will share home year around; 6 rooms, 2-car garage. Frigidaire; bathing. Write 75 Murray Avenue.

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NEW YORK CITY—Practitioner's office one or more afternoons for rent. 11 West 42nd Street, Suite 1960. Tel. Chickering 6258.

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Attractive Bargains for rent or for sale
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Estates, Waterfronts, Hilltops
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Sweater and Hose Combinations
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$7.00 per set
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A. JORDANO
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A Polish or Cream for Every Purpose

The Davis & Hawley Co.
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JEWELERS
Diamonds English Silver China
Main Street at John

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Specializes in Good Food for all occasions
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WATSON BUILDING
985 MAIN STREET

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Incorporated
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THE GAS APPLIANCE EXCHANGE
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UNIFLOW WATER SYSTEM
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CONNECTICUT

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The Arch of Safety
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JOHN STREET
Raybestos
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SAFETY SERVICE CORP.

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G. W. Fairchild & Sons Inc.
Jewelry and Silverware of Exceptional Merit, Priced Most Reasonably
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For Lawns and Gardens
Strengthens and Stimulates
BURRITT BRIDGEPORT

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Bridgeport Days
June 11 and 12
Extraordinary values for every member of your family—in every department—all summer merchandise.

Remember Dad on His Day
He'll be tickled pink with any remembrance you give him; we suggest a set of Kroydon Clubs, a new Golf Bag, Tires for his car a new Shirt and Tie—come in and see the gifts we've assembled!
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DODGE PLYMOUTH
DEPENDABLE USED CARS
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WATERBURY : NORWALK : NEW HAVEN
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Spring Bulbs Cut Flowers
Flowers Telegraphed Everywhere
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34
Norge Electric Refrigerator
has 34 outstanding features—28 of which are original with Norge. These features make Norge refrigeration as unfailing in extremes of summer heat as in any other season.

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ALL-STEEL REFRIGERATION
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THE GREENWICH ELECTRICAL COMPANY
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Phone Greenwich 1906-1027

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BATTERY SERVICE & SALES STATION
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Diamonds—Watches—Silverware
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Super Service Station
Taxi Service
Telephone 2800
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We solicit your banking business
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Attractive—Serviceable
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James Lawrence & Son
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CONNECTICUT

HARTFORD (Continued)

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Domestic and Oriental
Furniture Moth-Proofed and Guaranteed for 3 years

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Specializing in Electrical Service for the Home
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We have many beautiful wrapping papers. May be purchased in single sheets or by the package, with ribbons to match.
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M. J. BURNHAM, Inc.
WEST HARTFORD CENTER
can supply the best in both.
Two 18-hole courses, so there is plenty of room and also plenty of parking space.

559 MAIN Beroth Bread Shop 1128 MAIN

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Phone 4-4007

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(Around the corner from Main Street)
LUNCHEON 11:30 to 2:30
DINNER 5:00 to 7:30

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Semi Annual Furniture Sale
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DECORATORS and UPHOLSTERERS
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CONNECTICUT

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Phone us and they will be ready.
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Attractive and Practical Summer Dress
Hand made, hand embroidered in Silk, Cotton, or Linen.
$1.95 to $16.75
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We make all we sell.
Mail orders promptly filled.
GREETING CARDS FOR ALL OCCASIONS
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DRESSES HATS SPECIALTIES

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CONNECTICUT

NEW HAVEN (Continued)

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Our New Department
McGREGOR GOLF CLUBS
BURKE GOLF BALLS
COLONEL GOLF BALLS
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GOLF HOSE KNICKERS
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Every woman knows what this sale means in value ordinarily, but this season brings far lovelier things at much less money than ever before. Don't miss this opportunity to stock up with lovely summer undies.
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SHARTENBERG'S
has just what they need for a happy successful season! Camp outfits for boys and girls, blankets, bathing suits, and those all-essential "skeeter-chasers"!
Main and Second Floors

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We carry Whittall Rugs

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3-0000

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Through electrical labor-saving appliances for homes.
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Safe Milk and Delicious Ice Cream
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CONNECTICUT

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SHEETS and PILLOW CASES
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36 INCHES WIDE
There is a pattern here to answer your decorative problems.
25c and 39c per yard
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Panamas and Straws in all the clever new versions of the 1931 mode. $5 up
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RADIOS
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SEE OUR
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$10.00 to $12.50
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Choice of lining; new loops and buttons $14.00
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All Repair Work Guaranteed. Reasonable Rates.
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DRESSES *and* HOSIERY
Exclusive But Not Expensive
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SEE NEXT PAGE

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1064-1070 MAIN STREET
We handle high grade late model Used Cars exclusively

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Prices right Satisfaction guaranteed
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We Outfit the Whole Family

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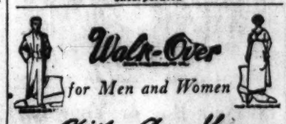
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SEE NEXT PAGE.

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DAILY FEATURES

All Nature

Jellyfish

JELLYFISH occasionally stray as far north as Cape Cod, but they usually remain near the Gulf Stream when they explore northern water.

No skeleton frames the bodies of these marine swimmers, as their forms are made of jellylike material, the tissues of which are composed so largely of water that they are nearly transparent—translucent, at least—making them practically invisible in the water, although some are more than two feet across and may be delicately tinted with brown, blue or pink.

The shapes vary from being mere ribbon strings to intricate forms with broad streamers; and the state of consistency may be so delicate that it will melt in the hand; but others are like gristle.

A typical shape of jellyfish is that of an inverted saucer, encircled by a fluted, scalloped frill, with several simple eyes looking out from it. On the lower, concave side of this "umbrella" is the central mouth with its many flexible tentacles (feelers) dangling around it. These are sensitive to the slightest touch and have stinging qualities attached to the constantly moving hairs that cover them. By these "strings" they catch minute drifting sea food which they carry to the mouth. Another name for these strange fish is "medusa," meaning many-footed.

Reproduction is usually by eggs that develop into jelly-like masses that are attached to seaweed and are called polyps. They grow by a process of "budding." It may take many months, even years, for them to become fully grown jellyfish. By the possession of a remarkable ability to repair injuries it is possible for a severed part of the body to become a complete animal.

These fascinating marine creatures usually float on the surface of the water, but a few prefer the vast deeps. Many are equipped with phosphorescent qualities that cause them to glow like balls of fire at night. They move through the water by contracting and relaxing muscles in the rim of the "umbrella."

A Word a Day

Laissez Faire

Pronounced *leh'-say fair'* (short e, long a, and ai as a in care).

In the latter part of the seventeenth century the industry and commerce of France were subject to a mass of regulations which seemed to hamper individual action, even in matters of trifling importance. This condition brought on a clamor of *laissez faire, laissez passer* ("let do or make, let pass or go on"), the first representing a demand for freedom from onerous restrictions in production, and the second for freedom in exchange.

The *laissez faire* policy, then, is the "let alone" policy; it is that system which would oppose governmental "interference" with, or regulation of, commerce—with uncontrolled industrial competition as a result.

Example: "Fortunately, the *laissez faire* policy and the plan of endowing government with certain economic functions have become reconciled so that big industries, with certain restrictions, are allowed to proceed along their own lines."

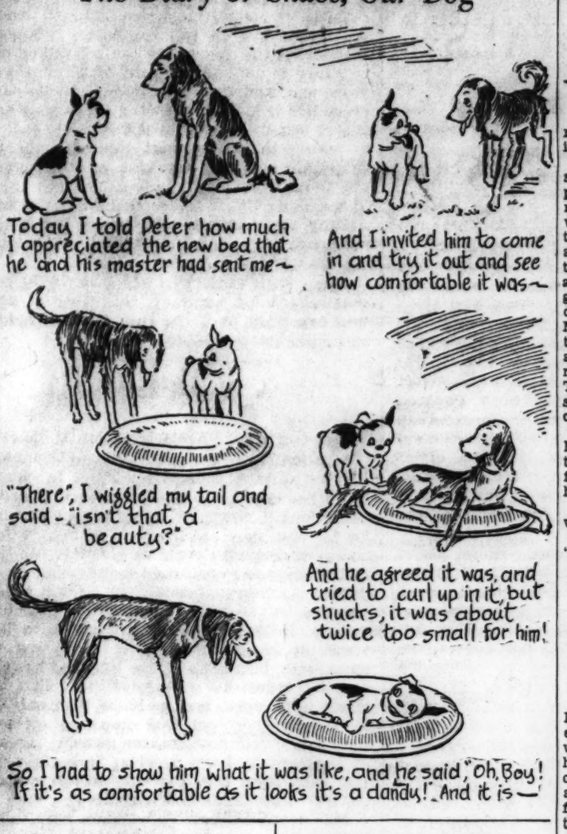
Notes and Queries

"Bone to pick" (Mrs. N. V. C.)—After the marriage banquet, the Silician bride's father used to hand the bridegroom a bone, saying, "Pick this bone, for you have taken in hand a much harder task." This is the basis of the familiar expression, "I have a bone to pick with you," by which is meant, "I have an unpleasant matter to settle with you."

A Quotation for Today

THE world deals good-naturedly with good-natured people, and I never knew a sulky misanthropist who quarreled with it, but it was he, not it, that was in the wrong.—THACKERAY.

The Diary of Snubs, Our Dog


Today I told Peter how much I appreciated the new bed that he and his master had sent me—
And I invited him to come in and try it out and see how comfortable it was—
"There", I wiggled my tail and said—isn't that a beauty?"
And he agreed it was, and tried to curl up in it, but shucks, it was about twice too small for him!
So I had to show him what it was like, and he said, "Oh, Boy! If it's as comfortable as it looks it's a dandy!" And it is—

"I Record only the Sunny Hours"

Sunny Polly

San Diego, Calif.

WITH a desire to send cheer to a friend who was confined to a bed in a hospital, and was not allowed to see visitors, the following was evolved.

A coconut was carefully opened by sawing off about an inch at the pointed end. After the contents were removed, small white pearl buttons were sewed with black thread into two of the "eyes" at the opposite end, and a round hole was punched through the third one, making quite a comical face. Then interesting paragraphs, short articles and jokes were clipped from The Christian Science Monitor, rolled very tightly, tied with thread and strung with a bodkin about two inches apart on a bright red baby-ribbon some two yards long. This was coiled carefully into the shell with several inches of one end coming out of the "mouth."

A little red and white checked gingham sunbonnet was then tied over the "head," and a piece of stout cord fastened at the peak of the bonnet to hang it up.

Packed in a box, "Polly" was sent with a card which read:

"My name is Sunny Polly,
And wot I knows, O golly!
It 'ud take me 'most a hundred years to say.

So if you want some cheer
Just hang me ruther near,
And pull my tongue an inch or so a day."

The surprises which came out of Polly's mouth drew the interest of even the internes and the doctors, who inquired daily what bit of cheer had been discovered, and the humorous and inspiring bits were so much appreciated that the giver was asked for a second set of good sayings after the first was finished.

Thus Polly passed on much Monitor good.

In Lighter Vein

—Passing Show

Employer (to junior clerk): "Er—this packet, Smith, addressed to you I opened by mistake, and, if I may say so, I don't think this booklet 'How to Take Your Boss's Job' will be of much assistance to you."

Political Note

Senator: "If you marry me, dear, I'll make you the happiest woman in the world."

His Intended: "Are you sure this isn't a campaign promise?"

Rhymes With "Rejoice"

"The husband ought to have a voice in the furnishing of the home," says a woman writer.

Oh, but he does—the invoice.—*Boston Transcript.*

No Weather Report

Sam, who had just fulfilled a lifetime ambition and bought a fur coat, went strutting down the street. He met a friend, shivering with cold, who said:

"Say, Sam, it's pretty cold today, ain't it?"

"Is it?" said Sam, peering out from the depths of his fur collar. "Now, you know, I really haven't looked at the paper today."—*Wall Street Journal.*

One of Them

Author: "Here's the manuscript of my new story, and I tell you plainly, two hundred won't buy it."

Editor: "I don't doubt it—I'm one of them."

Odds and Ends

Community Bird Nests

The community nesting places of the weaver birds of Africa sometimes comprise 300 or more individual nests under the mushroom-like cover, the structure, woven of grass, requiring several years to build.

Standard Meter

The ratio of the yard to the meter is 3600 to 3937, the official measure in the United States being of platinum and iridium and kept in the Treasury Department at Washington.

Weather Bureau

The United States Weather Bureau was established in 1879 as a part of the Signal Service in the War Department, and later transferred to the Department of Agriculture. Incidentally, the United States was the first country to make weather forecasting an important Government activity.

Scotland Yard Unarmed

Scotland Yard men use no firearms, the members of the force themselves voting against the proposal that they be equipped with weapons.

United States air lines covered 7,534,000 miles of night flying in 1930.

Brevities

New York Times: Timber-cutters in Russia are not compelled to work. They are taken out into the Arctic forest and offered a choice between cutting wood and playing the piano.

Lexington Leader: But if the gasoline tax should build highways, why not a tax on shoes to build sidewalks?

Judge: And a young friend of ours who lives at a fraternity house would like to know what becomes of new razor blades.

San Francisco Chronicle: Let's not talk about efficiency until somebody produces nice dishes that aren't worth the labor of washing them.

Punch: "What is more pleasant than a cold bath before breakfast?" asks a writer. The answer is: No cold bath before breakfast.

Humorist: In some parts of Canada, we read, houses are over 100 miles apart. Men who live there can at least call their lawnmowers their own.

SYNONYM GOLF

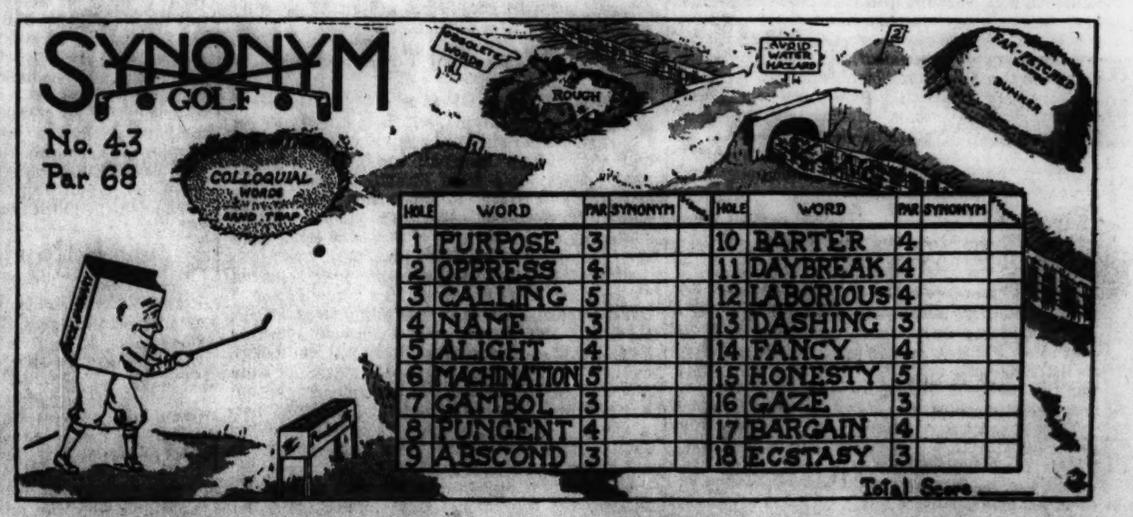
No. 39
Winner:
T. C. and BEATRICE ROGERS, Westfield, N. J.

Hole	Word	Par	Synonym	Strokes
1.	Object	3	Tee-T	1
2.	Velocity	5	Way	3
3.	Delay	4	Lag	3
4.	Parley	4	See-C	1
5.	Reserved	3	Shy	3
6.	Impersonate	4	Act	3
7.	Eminent	4	Big	3
8.	Gorgeous	4	Gay	3
9.	Look	3	See-C	1
10.	Abject	3	Low	3
11.	Judicious	4	Wise	4
12.	Block	3	Bar	3
13.	Mollify	4	Oil	3
14.	Parallel	4	Fit	3
15.	Cavern	3	Den	3
16.	Lounge	4	Sag	3
17.	Partake	5	Eat	3
18.	Hospitable	4	Kind	4
		68		50

Notes (based on Webster's New International): (1) compare Object n. 5 and Tee n. 1; (2) see Way n. 14; (4) see See v.t. 6; (13) see Oil v.t. 3b; (14) compare Parallel v.t. 2 and Fit v.t. 4; (18) see Sag v.i. 3.

SYNONYM GOLF

No. 43
Par 68



HOLE	WORD	PAR	SYNONYM		HOLE	WORD	PAR	SYNONYM	
1	PURPOSE	3			10	BARTER	4		
2	OPPRESS	4			11	DAYBREAK	4		
3	CALLING	5			12	LABORIOUS	4		
4	NAME	3			13	DASHING	3		
5	ALIGHT	4			14	FANCY	4		
6	MACHINATION	5			15	HONESTY	5		
7	GAMBOL	3			16	GAZE	3		
8	PUNGENT	4			17	BARGAIN	4		
9	ABSCOND	3			18	ECSTASY	3		
						Total Score			

RULES: Write in the designated space the shortest synonym you can find for the corresponding hole-word. The number of letters in your synonym is your number of strokes for the hole.

Try to equal—or beat—par. Perhaps you can make a birdie (one under par) or an eagle (two under par). For instance, TRICK is a par 5 for the sixth hole, but PLOT is a birdie 4. Try for a hole-in-one. Somewhere on the course there is a word a synonym for which may be spelled (phonetically) with one letter: example: SEE—C.

If you beat par send in your score and list of words to the Feature Editor. The lowest correct score and list of synonyms will be published with the winner's name two weeks from today. Be sure to put down the number.

"Dick Shunary" is the "pro" on the course; refer your problems to it. And remember, a synonym, according to Webster, is "one of two or more words of the same language having the same or nearly the same essential meaning." A noun must be given as a synonym for a noun, an adjective for an adjective, etc. No obsolete or colloquial words accepted.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

BOSTON, THURSDAY, JUNE 11, 1931

"First the blade, then the ear, then the full grain in the ear"

PUBLISHED BY THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY

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All communications regarding the conduct of this newspaper, articles and illustrations for publication should be addressed to The Christian Science Monitor Editorial Board.

EDITORIALS

Chequers Was a Beginning

THE Chequers conversations have set in motion a new campaign to stabilize Europe financially and politically. Financial stability is to come through steps which look toward maintaining German solvency, and political stability is approachable by the path of disarmament.

At Chequers itself, of course, only the bare beginnings of this program were recorded. Even the immediate results, however, show how great are the opportunities. For the German ministers returned to Berlin to confront their difficulties armed with the moral support of the British Government. This alone is good for a great deal.

That the German ministers were honored guests not only at Chequers but at Buckingham Palace itself involves a recognition of the moral rehabilitation of Germany which has a direct bearing upon the German conception of the war-guilt question. Thus even without any definite plan for financial aid, Dr. Heinrich Bruening and Dr. Julius Curtius have much to assist them.

More fundamentally, however, three major conclusions logically follow from the Anglo-German discussions. First, it now appears proved beyond question that Germany's plight is serious, and Chancellor Bruening's decree imposing still further burdens upon German taxpayers gives added proof of the Reich's sincerity. The British Government, for one, is now convinced that Germany is not crying wolf when there is no wolf, and the Cabinet has apparently committed itself to convey this conviction to other governments.

But a second conclusion is of even greater importance. Europe now realizes with new vividness that little of permanent value can be done for Germany without the collaboration of the United States. Responsible commentators in Britain, in Germany and in France interpret the significance of the Chequers visit by insisting that the future depends upon the results of Secretary Stimson's forthcoming visit to Europe.

Finally, it is becoming patent that the thesis which combines debt reduction with the need for disarmament offers a practicable way out of present difficulties. Pursuance of this broad program which Chequers inaugurated requires caution. A first step was taken but a few hours after the week-end visit itself when Arthur Henderson called on the French Ambassador to convey conclusions which arose from the German visit.

Mr. Henderson plans also to visit other capitals, acting not as an advocate to plead the German cause, but as a disinterested world citizen and president of the Disarmament Conference, explaining the extreme urgency of solidarity of action. But the British are especially determined not to appear to bring pressure upon the United States nor to head a coalition of European states in the approach to Washington. Rather they wish the facts of the European crisis to speak to Washington for themselves, and they hope that Mr. Stimson's visit, Secretary Mellon's visit and the reports of its leading ambassadors will convince the American Government that the time has come to formulate a definite program which will balance debts against disarmament.

It is felt, however, that temporary financial relief for struggling Germany must come first. Consultations which will enable Germany to take the steps already legally provided under the Young plan to obtain emergency respite are now expected. The European view of the possible results of the Chequers visit is summed up by a Geneva commentator as follows:

> The Chequers conversations will reveal their benefits to Europe and the world if they have taught the Germans they must be good Europeans, if they have taught the Americans that international solidarity is not a vain word, and if all peoples realize the problem of disarmament is closely connected with the return of general economic prosperity.

The last clause is almost that with which President Hoover opened the International Chamber of Commerce meeting, and it is likely to be the keynote of a series of international conversations of which Chequers was the first. Economic recovery hinges upon international solidarity just as much for the farmer in Iowa as for the peasant in Bavaria, for the textile worker in New England as for the cotton spinner in Lancashire, for banks in New York as for banks in Vienna.

Chequers should furnish a conclusive object lesson in the utility of personal diplomacy and a model for further successes.

Rum Row on the Radio

RADIO broadcasting is going rather far afield—or rather a-sea—when it sends a microphone and transmitting apparatus forty or fifty miles out from the American coast to regale its listeners with a description of Rum Row. This was the fare sandwiched between numbers by a symphony orchestra one night this week.

Though arranged in coöperation between a radio manufacturing company and one of New York's most aggressively wet newspapers, the description by the radio reporter-announcer was carefully given to avoid unfair or prejudicial references to prohibition. Even so, the very scheduling and publicizing of such a program, and especially the interviewing of a rum boat captain before the microphone, come rather close to an attempt to make heroes out of rumrunners. And while one may let pass the captain's statement that the men in this occupation are "the finest men in the world," he may yet feel that their trade is hardly worthy of them.

Indeed, one was likely to be impressed with the point that back in the city law and light went together, while out along the twelve-mile limit the lawbreakers operated under cover of darkness and fog, running without lights, zigzagging in their courses and taking advantage of the most dismal weather. Though he could not forbear a few references to pirates of old, the reporter did well to take the supposed romance and glamour out of the very workaday business of transferring contraband from the tramp freighters to the smaller contact boats. He did well, also, to make it plain that the very phrase "rum row" is only a figure of speech, since there is no closely packed row of liquor ships, but only a waste of sea where an occasional dull-looking craft waits for runner boats.

There is something encouraging to the supporters of law in the rumboat captain's estimates that the amount of liquor handled on rum row now is only 10 per cent of what it was ten years ago, and that an average of one cargo in every five is lost between the cargo ship and the shore, usually seized by the coast guard. There is reason to believe that the toll runs higher than this and that the task of enforcement at sea is not so "nearly impossible" nor the flood of incoming liquor so torrential as was pictured. At any rate, anyone who heard the broadcast could not fail to acquire a heightened admiration for the work of the coast guard.

When such radiocasts are given with reasonable regard for accuracy, the cause of prohibition can stand it if the rumrunning trade—and the radio listeners—can.

A Dismal Economist

SIR GEORGE PAISH is evidently determined to maintain the reputation of economics as the dismal science. Speaking in New York the other day, he painted a picture of economic conditions in the world as they are today, and as he foresees they are likely to be next winter, in colors of deepest gloom. He sees nothing in store for business but continued depression.

This alarming situation the British economist ascribes to the folly and machinations of politicians. He sees in their endeavors to hamper trade in every direction by increasing tariffs, embargoes, licenses and the like, the basic cause for the industrial depression in which all the world is plunged, and he holds that only by the development in political thinking of a wider measure of internationalism, and the recognition of the fact that the problem is world-wide and not a national one, can any effective provision for the future be accomplished.

It is probable that his warning may suffer because of its very extravagance—because of his inclination to reject as temporary and meaningless such few cheering phenomena as the business world has begun to present. But two things he says are of the utmost importance, and should be pondered. One is that the present financial and industrial situation is not an isolated phenomenon but the result of the enormous waste and the destruction of national industrial and financial machinery during the World War. And, secondly, that since the war each nation has been trying to retrieve this waste and to repair this machinery by policies of local application only.

When it was a question of fighting the enemy, the allies and the entente powers alike mobilized all their resources, adopting common policies, and presenting a united front. In that crisis England, France and the United States thought in terms of their common necessity. Germany, Austria-Hungary and the other central powers were equally united. But when for the military enemy there has been substituted an economic enemy in the form of grave financial depression, industrial disorganization, and threatened bankruptcy, each nation is trying to handle its defense for itself, and not infrequently by methods which are inimical to the prosperity of its neighbor.

Sir George pleads for a mobilization for peace as there was a mobilization for war. He urges that questions like reparations, Russia and China, should be discussed on their basic merits and not with reference solely to their bearing upon the interests of other individual nations. He declares: "We have to create a condition in the world that will make all nations prosperous. Out of world prosperity our own prosperity will follow."

It is possible that this British economist may have felt it necessary to exaggerate to some extent the menace of the immediate future in order to impress more fully upon his auditors the necessity for prompt defensive action. Even those who disbelieve in laying stress wholly upon the dark side of existing conditions will hold with him the conviction that the same form of international organization, the same measure of national self-sacrifice for the general good, which obtained in war time must be resorted to if the present business conditions are to be speedily remedied.

Mrs. Siddons and Today's Stage

IT IS a curious fact that so many of the great figures of the drama, which is essentially an art that flourishes in large cities, should have had their origin in small towns and villages. Shakespeare came from Stratford; David Garrick, from Hereford; Henry Irving, from a tiny hamlet in Somerset; and Mrs. Siddons, whose centenary celebrations have just been held, from the inconspicuous village of Brecon, in Wales.

Scarcely any British player has ever achieved such triumphant success as Mrs. Siddons. She is "worth Cooke, Kemble, and Edmund Kean all put together," said Byron. Among fervent admirers she numbered Scott, Burke, Reynolds, Gainsborough and Dr. Johnson. Her interpretation of Lady Macbeth revolutionized the common conception of the part. Her ultimate triumphs make her, along with Irving, the supreme example on the British stage of the fact that a bad beginning is not necessarily a poor start.

On her first appearance she was a complete failure, her movements were clumsy, and her speech faded away into "a horrid whisper." In consequence of this disastrous experience, she played for many years continuously in the provinces, receiving a thorough training in every branch of her profession and taking a vast variety of parts. Thus she acquired what is almost the first requisite of a great actor, versatility. Garrick could play Harlequin as well as Lear, and Irving had a repertory of 500 characters before ever he came to London.

These are facts that might well be remembered and pondered over by rising young players of today, especially as they are ordinarily obscured by the general conditions of the stage, which do everything to discourage versatility. If a young man makes a great success out of a character study of an old man, both managers and public spare no effort to persuade him to go on playing old men till the end of his career. The result of this is that the English and American stages abound in clever character actors, but lack any really outstanding master player. But perhaps this state of affairs is drawing to a close. Britain at any rate may look with hope upon Charles Laughton, who has played fifteen parts in London, every one completely differentiated from each of the others.

Coaches Leaving Land o' MacGregor

THE last of the coaches are departing from Aberfoyle. Vehicles which in more romantic days carried passengers through the Rob Roy country are going into the discard, and their wheels, which have rolled merrily over rugged roads in sun and rain, are now to do service for farmers in the neighborhood. Thus a link with the past disappears, and a question arises whether there does not go with the coach some of the charm that made the Land of MacGregor famous.

The slow means of conveyance, dragging its noisy wheels up hill or through glen, certainly afforded ample time for impressions to strike deep. It gave a lingering sense, for instance, to the Trossachs. In a motorbus this defile is but a mile of changing scenery—green woods and lofty precipices—soon covered, soon forgotten. The memory has little time to recall the romantic episodes in the career of Rob Roy or on the exploits of the notorious freebooter.

Everyone familiar with Scott knows that in this gorge Rob many a time found a refuge when the "king's men" were fast upon him. But it is not generally remembered that Rob became a freebooter only when a depression hit the cattle trade which had been his employment. Insolvency, available records have it, sent Rob into the only business by which the world came to know him. And it is difficult to realize that this wild Highlander carried on his forays when Pope and Addison were enriching the literature of England with their poems and essays. At that time the north was practically inaccessible. Not until a century later were the Highlands virtually opened through the pen of Sir Walter Scott. On the heels of Scott came the coaches at Aberfoyle.

For tourists wanted to see the countrysides of Rob Roy and his wife, Helen MacGregor, whose words still seem to ring down the glen when unfamiliar footsteps bespeak the visit of a stranger:

> Rouse! and tell me what ye seek in MacGregor's country.

By means of a coach the journey was made easy. The horse was in its natural surroundings, and speed had not become an obsession. The coach maintained the traditions of the Highlands. It now devotes upon the bus to see that great tradition is not lost.

Research Takes the Air

HOW far up in the air does the air go? This is an undetermined fact which is giving natural scientists quite a bit of exacting work for their dull moments. History holds no record of anyone who has been to the place where the air leaves off. Neither has there appeared any astronomer or mathematician who has been able to compute the distance between the earth's surface and the top of the air.

In an effort to gain further knowledge concerning the atmosphere, Prof. August Piccard recently explored the air to a height of about 50,000 feet. Meteorologists who, through the use of balloons and rockets, have been studying the upper air, have gathered more or less knowledge of its habits. They have divided the atmosphere into two parts, the inner of which they call the "troposphere" and the outer the "stratosphere." And it is obviously the latter that is giving them the most trouble.

Sounding balloons are said to have reached heights of from twenty-two to twenty-four miles, but hungry meteorologists have had their appetites only whetted by the meager information thus gleaned. They want to know a bit more concerning the ionized region which has been labeled the "Heaviside layer," and why the temperature in that layer falls apparently without rhyme or reason.

One really does not know what clothes to take along for a tour of the atmosphere. A half-dozen miles or so above the face of the earth the sky tourist may find it cold enough to don his earlaps and mittens, notwithstanding the fact that he is quite a bit nearer the sun than when he left his buckwheats and sirup to find out how far he would have to climb to get rid of the mosquitoes. And yet at a height of thirty-five or forty miles the weather reports promise him a spell of warm weather, with a decided change to "clear and cold" as he reaches an altitude of fifty to sixty miles. In the meantime the demand for cosmic rays remains strong and the sky tourist who can bring down a few good specimens may have his name inscribed on one of them as a permanent memorial to his accomplishment.

Editorial Notes

Those experiments in fertilizing which increased strawberry yields 400 quarts an acre in Chadbourn, N. C., this year will impress all who want to make the shortcake long.

Besides their regular crops, farmers who have repaid the Federal Government for seed loans before the money was due are helping to grow a crop of optimism in Washington.

The Library of Congress is collecting and recording American folk songs. Radiocasters who want to appeal to every locality should try some of these on their microphones.

The flying university which is to be operated by the Pan American Airways this summer should certainly furnish a higher education.

The Londoner Discovers Chicago

THE last place in the world where the Londoner would have looked to find a bit of his lost Victorian Regent Street is Chicago. Yet there it is, not in a forgotten backwater, but in one of the main streets of the city, arm in arm with a couple of skyscrapers, and the "El" pounding away under its very nose. The building looks as if it had been lifted, stone by stone, when Nash's old Quadrant was pulled down five or six years ago. Not a vestige of Nash now remains in the London street. So when rocket travel really comes into its own, no doubt some enterprising tourist agency will advertise week-end trips to Chicago in order that Londoners may go and see what their city used to look like.

The Londoner found other evidence that Chicago is not all so modern as it is made out to be. Walking one afternoon in the shadow of the skyscrapers of Michigan Avenue, he was suddenly staggered to see that a Chicago newspaper was distributing the latest edition, as they used to do in London in pre-automobile days—by the good offices of a horse! London newspapers gave that up (almost) years ago.

Chicago is a city of superlatives. If it can't have things really big, then it prefers them really little. Take, for instance, the matter of names on its electric railroad stations. They are so small the unfortunate Londoner had difficulty in even finding them.

The first time he had occasion to use the Illinois and something railroad, the Londoner felt more at sea than at any time since he arrived in America. He marched up some steps to the station, entered a narrow inclosed gangway with a door at each end and then looked about for a means of finding out whether he was actually at the station he wanted. Not a sign of a name; not a sign of an attendant.

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Tracks to right of him, tracks to left of him; swiftly along them both electric trains thundered. One stopped at one end of the station, one at the other. Which was he to run for?

"Sorry, I'm a stranger myself," replied the (American) would-be fellow traveler to whom the Londoner turned for help. "I'm lost, too."

A lady rushed up at this moment. "Is this Fifty-seventh Street?" she panted. "I was to have met my husband at Fifty-seventh at a quarter of nine. I live on the North Side and I've never been south before. I don't know where I am. I don't know where he is. I don't expect he knows where he is either. It's a quarter past nine already, so I don't think it can be."

Presumably her last remark harked back to the name of the station, but she had rushed off again before the Londoner had time to make certain.

It was Fifty-seventh Street. At least the Londoner discovered a name—it might easily have been Fifty-seventh Street—writ microscopically at the far end of the station as his train sped out—fortunately for him in the right direction.

He mused at some length over the nonappearance of that husband. As husbands are never, never late, the only possible explanation he could think of was that the North-Sider's courage had failed him when he realized he was at last going to desecrate his boots with some of the dust of the South Side.

For there is civil war between north and south in Chicago, the Londoner discovered. With friends in both camps, he refuses to say which he thinks is the better location. Both are very beautiful.

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At the other extreme from the names of its railroad stations, Chicago has the highest and best-equipped public library in the world, the biggest office building in the world, and the world's largest hotel. Any Chicagoan, be he from northern Gold Coast or south, will tell you this is so. The Londoner admits they looked as if they might have been, whatever the rest of the United States may say on the subject. But it is over a week since he saw them, and of course he doesn't know that they haven't been eclipsed since.

Chicago also has the world's finest water supply. Chicago water looks blue, smells blue, tastes blue. The Londoner actually felt quite blue after drinking it. He refuses to believe the very beautiful Lake Michigan is responsible. But if the lake really be to blame, Canada ought to have passed a vote of thanks to the city fathers of Chicago for reversing the flow of the Chicago River and making it drain the waters of the lake into the Mississippi. The fact that instead of doing so, Canada took the matter before the boundary commission, exonerates the lake for complicity in the taste of Chicago's water, in the Londoner's opinion.

Anyhow, the city fathers may take it from him that unless they do something about the water supply, the World Fair of 1933 will leave a very unpalatable taste in the mouths of the foreign visitors who attend it. Possibly the American visitors will dislike it, too, but that is not the Londoner's business.

It may be, of course, that no one outside Chicago will dare to attend the fair because of the tales that have been told about Chicago's gangsters. Londoners, thanks to the activity of the press of two continents, usually think of Chicago in terms of these gentry.

Chicago itself, the Londoner found, claims only a modest mediocrity in the matter of gangs. It ranks but eighth, it says, in the crime records of the United States. Other cities have more and bigger gangs than Chicago. Why not let the spotlight of publicity play on these other places for a change, Chicago asks with some justifiable indignation.

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Apart from turning the spotlight off altogether, the Londoner agrees it might be fairer to Chicago if its rivals were given a turn too.

In his own case, the nearest approach to gang warfare he encountered was when a motor backfired twice just outside his window. The time being midnight (and he having been fast asleep when the first backshot was fired), the effect was almost disastrous. But he is cured of the belief that all Chicagoans are gangsters.

Chicago's foreign population is so enormous that the Londoner thinks there is some justification for American inhabitants not having reduced the city to the same state of lawfulness as exists in his own "home town." He went through sections where for street after street he did not see a single white face except those of his companions. He might, so far as color was concerned, have been in Liberia. Elsewhere in Chicago, Mexicans, Italians, Germans, Czechs, Lithuanians, Poles are all numbered by hundreds of thousands. In fact, Chicago reproduces in miniature not only all the racial problems of Europe, but those of Asia and the two Americas as well—not to mention Africa.

The Londoner met a girl in Washington who was born in Chicago. Her parents had lived in the city by the lake almost all their lives. In reply to a question, she said: "Oh, no! I am a Czech, not an American. I always have been; I went back to Prague when I was seventeen to study, and married while I was there. I have always traveled on a Czech passport."

She and her compatriots are very proud that Chicago's new Mayor is a "fellow-countryman."

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From Czechs to chicle and chewing gum is an alliterative transition which needs neither explanation nor justification—at any rate not in Chicago. Moreover (and here the Londoner speaks from experience) there is no doubt that gum is a foreign element—almost, if not quite, as difficult to assimilate as any human variety.

Be that as it may, there is no gainsaying the fact that the Wrigley tower is one of the sights of Chicago. Chewing, on the contrary, is one of the sights that positively is not seen in polite Chicago society.

Aware of this, the Londoner asked a friend from the "Gold Coast" whether he should chew or not chew if he met the vice-president of Wrigley's in the elevator of the Wrigley Building.

The Gold-Coaster laughed.

"It's not essential," he said. "But whatever you do, don't do what I once did. I was out driving with a Wrigley vice-president and he felt he had just got to have some gum. I pulled a piece out of my pocket and handed it to him. It was—Beech-Nut."

When the Londoner meets Henry Ford, he is going to offer to take him for a ri— no, a drive, in a baby Austin.

A. G. L.

Mirror of the World's Opinion

The opinions expressed in the quotations hereunder do not necessarily carry the indorsement of the Monitor.

Billboard 'Art' Improves (?) the 'Angelus'

ONE of the final and ultimate crimes against beauty has been committed.

To those few million Americans who were trained in the simple and naïve belief that François Millet's painting of the "Angelus" was good art it might be of interest to know that the famous landscape near Barbizon, just south of Paris, has been more or less the same ever since Millet painted it. Emerging from a little forest near the plain of Chailly, one could see the same broad sweep of field, the same soft horizon, the little church of Chailly, and even the same type of simple peasants leaning over their rude implements, their heads inclined in prayer.

Men like Millet, Rousseau, Corot, Barye brought thousands of tourists to the hamlet of Barbizon, which in its droll little way responded quite normally to the foreign invasion, but the landscapes of the great masters were left intact. Until a few weeks ago the countryside was still a touching and rustic souvenir of the last half of the nineteenth century.

But the dreams of poets and the pride of landscape painters are gone. Emerging from that same forest toward Chailly, the visitor receives a terrible shock. Right in the midst of Millet's choice landscape is an erstwhile low stone dwelling which now brazenly advertises to the skies the merits of a French distiller's aperitif. Even the most hardened, astigmatic and nickel-plated modernist must blush before this debauchery of what was once French good taste.

Farther on, toward Barbizon, there are other crimes committed in the name of advertising. The hotels have been corrupted; three American automobiles successfully ruined one segment of the landscape with dainty yellow and purple signs. Perhaps a modern Millet might find charm picking out devout peasants among hotel, spark plug, automobile and liquor advertisements. And then, perhaps not.—*United Press dispatch from Paris.*

A Labor-and-Veterans Wet Party?

NO less reliable a source than the New York Times is responsible for the report that the American Federation of Labor and the various organizations of war veterans will soon begin conversations looking toward the formation of a third political party dedicated to the repeal of the Eighteenth Amendment. Labor's representative in these negotiations is to be Mr. Matthew Woll; the veterans' organizations will be represented by Gen. John J. Hartnett. Mr. Woll, a vice-president of the A. F. of L. who has specialized on defying the red menace and denouncing prohibition, has recently been rumored to be about to succeed Mr. William Green at the head of the Labor body. Denials of Mr. Green's intention to resign have been promptly forthcoming; Mr. Woll's wish may be father to the thought. General Hartnett is chairman of what is called the veterans' clearing house at Washington. This is the lobbying organization that has proved so potent in pushing bonus legislation through Congress. Perhaps it is not to be wondered at that a general with victories to his credit over a Coolidge and a Hoover veto should begin to harbor thoughts of a third party and even greater political power. If the A. F. of L., the American Legion, the Veterans of Foreign Wars and other such organizations wish to go into politics as champions of a return to a legalized liquor traffic, that is their privilege. But it takes no particular political prescience to foresee that, if they do become identified in the public mind with that particular issue, they will let themselves in for one of the most terrific rebukes that public opinion has ever administered to any American organization.—*The Christian Century.*

German Club in London

A PLEASANT sign of the subsidence of war animosities and the restoration of normal international amenities is the proposed Anglo-German Club in London. The plan is fostered by distinguished Englishmen, including Lord D'Abernon, Lord Dunedin, Gilbert Murray, Sir John Lavery and others of like note. There will be a good German library and an information bureau. There will be affiliations with clubs in Germany by which facilities may be given to the 50,000 visitors who annually go to England and to British visitors to Germany. There will be organized activities, such as receptions, dinners, lectures and discussions, art and other exhibitions, concerts and film shows.

The nightmare of the war interrupted but it could not destroy the deep-lying affinities between the English and German cultures. Over the better part of European history England and Germany have been friends and allies, and each has contributed and will continue to contribute stimulating reactions and inspirations to the civilization of the other.—*Chicago Tribune.*

A Jewish Tribute to Lloyd George

RAMAT DAVID, named in honor of David Lloyd George, is the second Jewish colony in Palestine to bear the name of a non-Jew. He, for whom the colony has been named, bears one of the best Hebrew names. It is one of our national symbols: the City of David, the Kingdom of the House of David, Messiah, the son of David. David Lloyd George is worthy of having the new settlement named in his honor; he possesses a deep feeling of respect for the Bible and for the People of the Book; he had a great share in the drafting of the two historic documents—the Balfour Declaration and the Mandate, in which England, together with other powers, announced the restoration of the People of the Bible to the Land of the Bible. And more than once this great statesman has stood up in the defense of these documents. He differs from other statesmen in that his sympathy for Zionism is derived from the depths of a relationship to the Jewish people and its achievements in the sphere of culture, religion and ethics, and not solely from practical motives. There is no other statesman today to whom we are so indebted.

We are grateful, and we award a place of honor to those non-Jews who have aided our people.—*Jerusalem Doar Hayom (Daily Mail).*

The Woman Motorist

THE proof of the pudding is in the eating. The old gibes against the woman motorist are dying before our eyes for the mere reason that the number of women drivers is increasing at so astonishing a rate. . . There is not much more sense in saying that women are congenitally incapable of driving a motorcar than in arguing that men are debarred by their sex from learning to knit or to sew if they wish to do so. It is a matter of practice making perfect in both cases. And in the case of the vast majority of women motorists practice is making as nearly perfect as the average male driver at any rate.—*News Chronicle* (London).